61-79.268 Land Disposal Restrictions

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SUBPART A General

268.1. Purpose, scope and applicability.

(a) This part identifies hazardous wastes that are restricted from land disposal and defines those limited circumstances under which an otherwise prohibited waste may continue to be land disposed.

(b) Except as specifically provided otherwise in this regulation or R.61-79.261, the requirements of this regulation apply to persons who generate or transport hazardous waste and owners and operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities.

(c) Restricted wastes may continue to be land disposed as follows:

(1) Where persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to R.61-79.268 Subpart C or Section 268.5, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under section 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition; or

(3) [Reserved]

(4) Wastes that are hazardous only because they exhibit a hazardous characteristic, and which are otherwise prohibited under this part, are not prohibited if the wastes meet any of the following criteria, unless the wastes are subject to a specified method of treatment other than DEACT in 268.40, or are D003 reactive cyanide:

(i) The wastes are managed in a treatment system which subsequently discharges to waters of the U.S. pursuant to a permit issued under section R.61-9 and R.61-68; or

(ii) The wastes are treated for purposes of the pretreatment requirements of section R.61-9 and R.61-68; or

(iii) The wastes are managed in a zero discharge system engaged in Clean Water Act equivalent treatment as defined in 268.37(a); and

(iv) The wastes no longer exhibit a prohibited characteristic at the point of land disposal (i.e., placement in a surface impoundment).

(d) The requirements of this part shall not affect the availability of a waiver under section 121(d)(4) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA). (amended 11/90)

(e) The following hazardous wastes are not subject to any provision of part 268:

(1) Wastes generated by very small quantity generators, as defined in R.61-79.260.10;

(2) Waste pesticides that a farmer disposes of pursuant to 262.70;

(3) Wastes identified or listed as hazardous after November 8, 1984 for which EPA has not promulgated land disposal prohibitions or treatment standards (amended 11/90).

(4) De minimis losses of characteristic wastes to wastewaters are not considered to be prohibited wastes and are defined as losses from normal material handling operations (e.g. spills from the unloading or transfer of materials from bins or other containers, leaks from pipes, valves or other devices used to transfer materials); minor leaks of process equipment, storage tanks or containers; leaks from well maintained pump packings and seals; sample purgings; and relief device discharges; discharges from safety showers and rinsing and cleaning of personal safety equipment; rinsate from empty containers or from containers that are rendered empty by that rinsing; and laboratory wastes not exceeding one per cent of the total flow of wastewater into the facility's headworks on an annual basis, or with a combined annualized average concentration not exceeding one part per million in the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment facility; (added 12/93; revised 5/96)

(5) [Reserved]

(f) Universal waste handlers and universal waste transporters (as defined in 260.10) are exempt from 268.7 and 268.50 for the hazardous wastes listed below. These handlers are subject to regulation under part 273.

(1) Batteries as described in 273.2;

(2) Pesticides as described in 273.3;

(3) Mercury-containing equipment as described in 273.4;

(4) Lamps as described in 273.5; and

(5) Aerosol cans as described in 273.6 of this chapter.

268.2. Definitions applicable in this part.

When used in this part the following terms have the meanings given below: (amended 11/90)

(a) "Halogenated organic compounds" or HOC's means those compounds having a carbon-halogen bond which are listed under Appendix III to this part.

(b) "Hazardous constituent or constituents" means those constituents listed in Appendix VIII to R.61-79.261 of these Regulations.

(c) "Land disposal" means placement in or on the land, except in a corrective action management unit, or staging pile and includes, but is not limited to, placement in a landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, injection well, land treatment facility, salt dome formation, salt bed formation, underground mine or cave, or placement in a concrete vault or bunker intended for disposal purposes (11/90; 12/92; 12/93).

(d) "Nonwastewaters" are wastes that do not meet the criteria for wastewaters in paragraph (f) of this section. (amended 11/90, 12/92)

(e) "Polychlorinated biphenyls" or PCB's are halogenated organic compounds defined in accordance with 40 CFR 761.3. (amended 11/90)

(f) "Wastewaters" are wastes that contain less than 1% by weight total organic carbon (TOC) and less than 1% by weight total suspended solids (TSS).(amended 11/90; moved 12/93)

(g) "Debris" means solid material exceeding a 60 mm particle size that is intended for disposal and that is: a manufactured object; or plant or animal matter; or natural geologic material. However, the following materials are not debris: any material for which a specific treatment standard is provided in subpart D, part 268, namely lead acid batteries, cadmium batteries, and radioactive lead solids; process residuals such as smelter slag and residues from the treatment of waste, wastewater, sludges, or air emission residues; and intact containers of hazardous waste that are not ruptured and that retain at least 75% of their original volume. A mixture of debris that has not been treated to the standards provided by 268.45 and other material is subject to regulation as debris if the mixture is comprised primarily of debris, by volume, based on visual inspection. (added 12/93; revised 5/96)

(h) "Hazardous debris" means debris that contains a hazardous waste listed in subpart D of part 261, or that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste identified in subpart C of part 261. Any deliberate mixing of prohibited hazardous waste with debris that changes its treatment classification (i.e., from waste to hazardous debris) is not allowed under the dilution prohibition in 268.3. (12/93)

(i) Underlying hazardous constituent means any constituent listed in 268.48, Table UTS - Universal Treatment Standards, except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, and zinc, which can reasonably be expected to be present at the point of generation of the hazardous waste at a concentration above the constituent-specific UTS treatment standards. (12/93, 5/96, 9/98)

(j) "Inorganic metalbearing waste" is one for which EPA has established treatment standards for metal hazardous constituents, and which does not otherwise contain significant organic or cyanide content as described in 268.3(c)(1), and is specifically listed in appendix XI of this part.

(k) Soil means unconsolidated earth material composing the superficial geologic strata (material overlying bedrock), consisting of clay, silt, sand, or gravel size particles as classified by the U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Service, or a mixture of such materials with liquids, sludges or solids which is inseparable by simple mechanical removal processes and is made up primarily of soil by volume based on visual inspection. Any deliberate mixing of prohibited hazardous waste with soil that changes its treatment classification (i.e., from waste to contaminated soil) is not allowed under the dilution prohibition in 268.3. (11/99)

268.3. Dilution prohibited as a substitute for treatment.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, no generator, transporter, handler, or owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility shall in any way dilute a restricted waste or the residual from treatment of a restricted waste as a substitute for adequate treatment to achieve compliance with subpart D of this part, to circumvent the effective date of a prohibition in subpart C of this part, to otherwise avoid a prohibition in subpart C of this part, or to circumvent a land disposal prohibition imposed by RCRA section 3004. (amended 11/90)

(b) Dilution of wastes that are hazardous only because they exhibit a characteristic in treatment systems which include land based units which treat wastes subsequently discharged to a water of the United States pursuant to a permit issued under section R.61-9 and R.61-68, or which treat wastes in a CWA equivalent treatment system, or which treat wastes for the purposes of pretreatment requirements under section 307 of the CWA is not impermissible dilution for purposes of this section unless a method other than DEACT has

been specified in 268.40 as the treatment standard in 268.42, or unless the waste is a D003 reactive cyanide wastewater or nonwastewater. (revised 12/92; 12/93)

(c) Combustion of the hazardous waste codes listed in Appendix XI of this part is prohibited, unless the waste, at the point of generation, or after any bona fide treatment such as cyanide destruction prior to combustion, can be demonstrated to comply with one or more of the following criteria (unless otherwise specifically prohibited from combustion):

(1) The waste contains hazardous organic constituents or cyanide at levels exceeding the constituentspecific treatment standard found in 268.48;

(2) The waste consists of organic, debris-like materials (e.g., wood, paper, plastic, or cloth) contaminated with an inorganic metal-bearing hazardous waste;

(3) The waste, at point of generation, has reasonable heating value such as greater than or equal to 5000 BTU per pound;

(4) The waste is cogenerated with wastes for which combustion is a required method of treatment;

(5) The waste is subject to Federal and/or State requirements necessitating reduction of organics (including biological agents); or

(6) The waste contains greater than 1% Total Organic Carbon (TOC).

(d) It is a form of impermissible dilution, and therefore prohibited, to add iron filings or other metallic forms of iron to lead-containing hazardous wastes in order to achieve any land disposal restriction treatment standard for lead. Lead-containing wastes include D008 wastes (wastes exhibiting a characteristic due to the presence of lead), all characteristic wastes containing lead as an underlying hazardous constituent, listed wastes containing lead as a regulated constituent, and hazardous media containing any of the aforementioned lead-containing wastes.

268.4. Treatment surface impoundment exemption.

(a) Wastes which are otherwise prohibited from land disposal under this part may be treated in a surface impoundment or series of impoundments provided that: (amended 11/90)

(1) Treatment of such wastes occurs in the impoundment;

(2) The following conditions are met: (amended 11/90)

(i) Sampling and testing. For wastes with treatment standards in subpart D and/or prohibition levels in subpart C or RCRA section 3004(d), the residues from treatment are analyzed, as specified in 268.7 or 268.32, to determine if they meet the applicable treatment standards or where no treatment standards have been established for the waste, the applicable prohibition levels. The sampling method, specified in the waste analysis plan under 264.13 or 265.13, must be designed such that representative samples of the sludge and the supernatant are tested separately rather than mixed to form homogeneous samples.

(ii) Removal. The following treatment residues (including any liquid waste) must be removed at least annually: residues which do not meet the treatment standards promulgated under subpart D of this part; residues which do not meet the prohibition levels established under subpart C of this part or imposed

by statute (where no treatment standards have been established); residues which are from the treatment of wastes prohibited from land disposal under subpart C of this part (where no treatment standards have been established and no prohibition levels apply); or residues from managing listed wastes which are not delisted under 260.22. If the volume of liquid flowing through the impoundment or series of impoundments annually is greater than the volume of the impoundment or impoundments, this flow-through constitutes removal of the supernatant for the purpose of this requirement.

(iii) Subsequent management. Treatment residues may not be placed in any other surface impoundment for subsequent management.

(iv) Recordkeeping: Sampling and testing and recordkeeping provisions of 264.13 and 265.13 of this chapter apply.

(3) The impoundment meets the design requirements of 264.221(c) or 265.221(a), regardless that the unit may not be new, expanded, or a replacement, and be in compliance with applicable groundwater monitoring requirements of subpart F of Part 264 or 265 unless: (amended 11/90)

(i) Exempted pursuant to 264.221 (d) or (e) of this chapter, or to 265.221(c) or (d) of this chapter; or

(ii) Upon application by the owner or operator, the Department, after notice and an opportunity to comment, has grated a waiver of the requirements on the basis that the surface impoundment:

(A) Has at least one liner, for which there is no evidence that such liner is leaking;

(B) Is located more than one-quarter mile from an underground source of drinking water; and

(C) Is in compliance with generally applicable groundwater monitoring requirements for facilities with permits; or,

(iii) Upon application by the owner or operator, the Department, after notice and an opportunity to comment, has granted a modification to the requirements on the basis of a demonstration that the surface impoundment is located, designed, and operated so as to assure that there will be no migration of any hazardous constituent into groundwater or surface water at any future time.

(4) The owner or operator submits to the Department a written certification that the requirements of 268.4(a)(3) have been met and submits a copy of the waste analysis plan required under 268.4(a)(2). The following certification is required: (amended 11/90)

I certify under penalty of law that the requirements of 268.4(a)(3) have been met for all surface impoundments being used to treat restricted wastes. I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(b) Evaporation of hazardous constituents as the principal means of treatment is not considered to be treatment for purposes of an exemption under this section. (amended 11/90)

268.5. Procedures for case-by-case extensions to an effective date.

(a) Any person who generates, treats, stores, or disposes of a hazardous waste may submit an application to the Department and the EPA for an extension to the effective date of any applicable restriction established under subpart C of this part. The applicant must demonstrate the following:

(1) He has made a good-faith effort to locate and contract with treatment, recovery, or disposal facilities nationwide to manage his waste in accordance with the effective date of the applicable restriction established under Subpart C;

(2) He has entered into a binding contractual commitment to construct or otherwise provide alternative treatment, recovery (e.g., recycling), or disposal capacity that meets the treatment standards specified in Subpart D or, where treatment standards have not been specified, such treatment, recovery, or disposal capacity is protective of human health and the environment.

(3) Due to circumstances beyond the applicant's control, such alternative capacity cannot reasonably be made available by the applicable effective date. This demonstration may include a showing that the technical and practical difficulties associated with providing the alternative capacity will result in the capacity not being available by the applicable effective date;

(4) The capacity being constructed or otherwise provided by the applicant will be sufficient to manage the entire quantity of waste that is the subject of the application;

(5) He provides a detailed schedule for obtaining required operating and construction permits on an outline of how and when alternative capacity will be available;

(6) He has arranged for adequate capacity to manage his waste during an extension and has documented in the application the location of all sites at which the waste will be managed; and

(7) Any waste managed in a surface impoundment or landfill during the extension period will meet the requirements of paragraph (h)(2).

(b) An authorized representative signing an application described under paragraph (a) shall make the following certification:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and that I am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(c) After receiving an application for an extension, the Department and EPA may request any additional information which it deems as necessary to evaluate the application.

(d) An extension will apply only to the waste generated at the individual facility covered by the application and will not apply to restricted waste from any other facility.

(e) On the basis of the information referred to in paragraph (a) of this section, after notice and opportunity for comment, and after consultation with appropriate State and federal agencies, the Department and the EPA may grant an extension of up to 1 year from the effective date. The Department and the EPA may

renew this extension for up to 1 additional year upon the request of the applicant if the demonstration required in paragraph (a) of this section can still be made. In no event will an extension extend beyond 24 months from the applicable effective date specified in subpart C of R.61-79.268. The length of any extension authorized will be determined by the Department and the EPA based on the time required to construct or obtain the type of capacity needed by the applicant as described in the completion schedule discussed in paragraph (a)(5) of this section. The Department and the EPA will give public notice of the intent to approve or deny a petition and provide an opportunity for public comment. The final decision on a petition will be published in the State and Federal Registers. (amended 11/90)

(f) Any person granted an extension under this section must immediately notify the Department and EPA as soon as he has knowledge of any change in the conditions certified to in the application.

(g) Any person granted an extension under this section shall submit written progress reports at intervals designated by the Department and EPA. Such reports must describe the overall progress made toward constructing or otherwise providing alternative treatment, recovery or disposal capacity; must identify any event which may cause or has caused a delay in the development of the capacity; and must summarize the steps taken to mitigate the delay. The Department and EPA can revoke the extension at any time if the applicant does not demonstrate a good-faith effort to meet the schedule for completion, if the Department and EPA denies or revokes any required permit, if conditions certified in the application change, or for any violation of this chapter.

(h) Whenever the Department and EPA establishes an extension to an effective date under this section, during the period for which such extension is in effect: (amended 11/90)

(1) The storage restrictions under R.61-79.268.50(a) do not apply; and

(2) Such hazardous waste may be disposed in a landfill or surface impoundment only if such unit is in compliance with the technical requirements of the following provisions regardless of whether such unit is existing, new, or a replacement or lateral expansion:

(i) The landfill, if in interim status, is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of R.61-79.265 and R.61-79.265.301 (a), (c), and (d) of this chapter; or,

(ii) The landfill, if permitted, is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of R.61-79.264 and R.61-79.264.301 (c), (d) and (e) of this chapter; or

(iii) The surface impoundment, if in interim status, is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of R.61-79.265, R.61-79.265.221 (a), (c), and (d) of this chapter, and RCRA section 3005(j)(1); (revised 12/92) or

(iv) The surface impoundment, if permitted, is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of part 264 and R.61-79.264.221 (c), (d) and (e) of this chapter; or

(v) The surface impoundment, if newly subject to RCRA section 3005(j)(1) due to the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics for the identification of hazardous waste, is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of part 265 of this chapter within 12 months after the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics of hazardous waste, and with the requirements of Section 265.221 (a), (c) and (d) of this chapter within 48 months after the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics of hazardous waste. If a national capacity variance is granted, during the period the variance is in effect, the surface impoundment, if newly subject to RCRA section 3005(j)(1) due to the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics of hazardous waste, is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of part 265 of this chapter within 12 months after the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics of hazardous waste, and with the requirements of 265.221 (a), (c) and (d) of this chapter within 48 months after the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics of hazardous waste; or

(vi) The landfill, if disposing of containerized liquid hazardous wastes containing PCB's at concentrations greater than or equal to 50 ppm but less than 500 ppm, is also in compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 761.75 and parts 264 and 265.

(i) Pending a decision on the application the applicant is required to comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this part once the effective date for the waste has been reached.

268.6. Petitions to allow land disposal of a waste prohibited under Subpart C of Part 268.

(a) Any person seeking an exemption from a prohibition under subpart C of this part for the disposal of a restricted hazardous waste in a particular unit or units must submit a petition to the Department and the EPA demonstrating, to a reasonable degree of certainty, that there will be no migration of hazardous constituents from the disposal unit or injection zone for as long as the wastes remain hazardous. The demonstration must include the following components:

(1) An identification of the specific waste and the specific unit for which the demonstration will be made;

(2) A waste analysis to describe fully the chemical and physical characteristics of the subject waste;

(3) A comprehensive characterization of the disposal unit site including an analysis of background air, soil, and water quality.

(4) A monitoring plan that detects migration at the earliest practicable time:

(5) Sufficient information to assure the Department and the EPA that the owner or operator of a land disposal unit receiving restricted waste(s) will comply with other applicable Federal, State, and local laws. (amended 11/90)

(b) The demonstration referred to in paragraph (a) must meet the following criteria:

(1) All waste and environmental sampling, test, and analysis data must be accurate and reproducible to the extent that state-of-the-art techniques allow;

(2) All sampling, testing, and estimation techniques for chemical and physical properties of the waste and all environmental parameters must have been approved by the Department and EPA;

(3) Simulation models must be calibrated for the specific waste and site conditions, and verified for accuracy by comparison with actual measurements;

(4) A quality assurance and quality control plan that addresses all aspects of the demonstration must be approved by the Department and EPA; and,

(5) An analysis must be performed to identify and quantify any aspects of the demonstration that contribute significantly to uncertainty. This analysis must include an evaluation of the consequences of

predictable future events, including, but not limited to, earthquakes, floods, severe storm events, droughts, or other natural phenomena.

(c) Each petition referred to in paragraph (a) must include the following:

(1) A monitoring plan that describes the monitoring program installed at and/or around the unit to verify continued compliance with the conditions of the variance. This monitoring plan must provide information on the monitoring of the unit and/or the environment around the unit. The following specific information must be included in the plan:

(i) The media monitored in the cases where monitoring of the environment around the unit is required;

(ii) The type of monitoring conducted at the unit, in the cases where monitoring of the unit is required;

(iii) The location of the monitoring stations;

(iv) The monitoring interval (frequency of monitoring at each station);

(v) The specific hazardous constituents to be monitored;

(vi) The implementation schedule for the monitoring program;

(vii) The equipment used at the monitoring stations;

(viii) The sampling and analytical techniques employed; and

(ix) The data recording/reporting procedures.

(2) Where applicable, the monitoring program described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section must be in place for a period of time specified by the Department and EPA, as part of his approval of the petition, prior to receipt of prohibited waste at the unit.

(3) The monitoring data collected according to the monitoring plan specified under paragraph (c)(1) of this section must be sent to the Department and EPA according to a format and schedule specified and approved in the monitoring plan, and

(4) A copy of the monitoring data collected under the monitoring plan specified under paragraph (c)(1) must be kept onsite at the facility in the operating record.

(5) The monitoring program specified under paragraph (c)(1) of this section meets the following criteria:

(i) All sampling, testing, and analytical data must be approved by the Department and EPA and must provide data that is accurate and reproducible.

(ii) All estimation and monitoring techniques must be approved by the Department and EPA.

(iii) A quality assurance and quality control plan addressing all aspects of the monitoring program must be provided to and approved by the Department and EPA.

(d) Each petition must be submitted to the Department and EPA. (amended 11/90)

(e) After a petition has been approved, the owner or operator must report any changes in conditions at the unit and/or the environment around the unit that significantly depart from the conditions described in the variance and affect the potential for migration of hazardous constituents from the units as follows: (amended 11/90)

(1) If the owner or operator plans to make changes to the unit design, construction, or operation, such a change must be proposed, in writing, and the owner or operator must submit a demonstration to the Department and EPA at least 30 days prior to making the change. The Department and EPA will determine whether the proposed change invalidates the terms of the petition and will determine the appropriate response. Any change must be approved by the Department and EPA prior to being made.

(2) If the owner or operator discovers that a condition at the site which was modeled or predicted in the petition does not occur as predicted, this change must be reported, in writing, to the Department and EPA within 10 days of discovering the change. The Department and EPA will determine whether the reported change from the terms of the petition requires further action, which may include termination of waste acceptance and revocation of the petition, petition modifications, or other responses.

(f) If the owner or operator determines that there is migration of hazardous constituent(s) from the unit, the owner or operator must:

(1) Immediately suspend receipt of prohibited waste at the unit, and

(2) Notify the Department and EPA, in writing, within 10 days of the determination that a release has occurred.

(3) Following receipt of the notification the Department and EPA will determine, within 60 days of receiving notification, whether the owner or operator can continue to receive prohibited waste in the unit and whether the variance is to be revoked. The Department and EPA shall also determine whether further examination of any migration is warranted under applicable provisions of part 264 or part 265.

(g) Each petition must include the following statement signed by the petitioner or an authorized representative: (moved 11/90)

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this petition and all attached documents, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(h) After receiving a petition, the Department and EPA may request any additional information that reasonably may be required to evaluate the demonstration. (moved 11/90)

(i) If approved, the petition will apply to land disposal of the specific restricted waste at the individual disposal unit described in the demonstration and will not apply to any other restricted waste at that disposal unit, or to that specific restricted waste at any other disposal unit. (moved 11/90)

(j) The Department and EPA will give public notice in the State Register and the Federal Register of the intent to approve or deny a petition and provide an opportunity for public comment. The final decision on a petition will be published in the State Register. (moved 11/90, 12/92)

(k) The term of a petition granted under this section shall be no longer than the term of the RCRA permit if the disposal unit is operating under a RCRA permit, or up to a maximum of 10 years from the date of approval provided under paragraph (g) of this section if the unit is operating under interim status. In either case, the term of the granted petition shall expire upon the termination or denial of a RCRA permit, or upon the termination of interim status or when the volume limit of waste to be land disposed during the term of petition is reached. (amended 11/90)

(1) Prior to the Department and EPA's decision, the applicant is required to comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this part once the effective date for the waste has been reached. (moved)

(m) The petition granted by the Department and EPA does not relieve the petitioner of his responsibilities in the management of hazardous waste under R.61-79.260 through 271. (moved 11/90)

(n) Liquid hazardous wastes containing polychlorinated biphenyls at concentrations greater than or equal to 500 ppm are not eligible for an exemption under this section. (amended 11/90)

268.7. Testing, tracking, and recordkeeping requirements for generators, reverse distributors, treaters, and disposal facilities.

(a) Requirements for generators and reverse distributors:

(1) A generator of hazardous waste must determine if the waste has to be treated before it can be land disposed. This is done by determining if the hazardous waste meets the treatment standards in 268.40, 268.45, or 268.49. This determination can be made concurrently with the hazardous waste determination required in 262.11, in either of two ways: testing the waste or using knowledge of the waste. If the generator tests the waste, testing would normally determine the total concentration of hazardous constituents, or the concentration of hazardous constituents in an extract of the waste obtained using test method 1311 in "Test Methods of Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846, (incorporated by reference, see 260.11), depending on whether the treatment standard for the waste is expressed as a total concentration or concentration of hazardous constituent in the waste's extract. (Alternatively, the generator must send the waste to a RCRA-permitted hazardous waste treatment facility, where the waste treatment facility must comply with the requirements of 264.13 of this chapter and paragraph (b) of this section.) In addition, some hazardous wastes must be treated by particular treatment methods before they can be land disposed and some soils are contaminated by such hazardous wastes. These treatment standards are also found in 268.40, and are described in detail in 268.42, Table 1. These wastes, and soils contaminated with such wastes, do not need to be tested (however, if they are in a waste mixture, other wastes with concentration level treatment standards would have to be tested). If a generator determines they are managing a waste or soil contaminated with a waste, that displays a hazardous characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity, they must comply with the special requirements of 268.9 of this part in addition to any applicable requirements in this section.

(2) If the waste or contaminated soil does not meet the treatment standards, or if the generator chooses not to make the determination of whether his waste must be treated, with the initial shipment of waste to each treatment or storage facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each treatment or storage facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in

column "268.7(a)(2)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in paragraph (a)(4) of this section. (Alternatively, if the generator chooses not to make the determination of whether the waste must be treated, the notification must include the EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers and Manifest Number of the first shipment and must state "This hazardous waste may or may not be subject to the LDR treatment standards. The treatment facility must make the determination.") No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or facility change, in which case a new notification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.

(i) For contaminated soil, the following certification statement should be included, signed by an authorized representative:

I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined this contaminated soil and it [does/does not] contain listed hazardous waste and [does/does not] exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste and requires treatment to meet the soil treatment standards as provided by 268.49(c).

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) If the waste or contaminated soil meets the treatment standard at the original point of generation:

(i) With the initial shipment of waste to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a onetime written notice to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information indicated in column "268.7(a)(3)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in 268.7(a)(4) and the following certification statement, signed by an authorized representative:

I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined and am familiar with the waste through analysis and testing or through knowledge of the waste to support this certification that the waste complies with the treatment standards specified in part 268, subpart D I believe that the information I submitted is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of a fine and imprisonment.

(ii) For contaminated soil, with the initial shipment of wastes to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each facility receiving the waste and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in column "268.7(a)(3)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in 268.7(a)(4).

(iii) If the waste changes, the generator must send a new notice and certification to the receiving facility, and place a copy in their files. Generators of hazardous debris excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 261.3(f) of this chapter are not subject to these requirements.

(4) For reporting, tracking, and recordkeeping when exceptions allow certain wastes or contaminated soil that do not meet the treatment standards to be land disposed: There are certain exemptions from the requirement that hazardous wastes or contaminated soil meet treatment standards before they can be land disposed. These include, but are not limited to case-by-case extensions under 268.5, disposal in a nomigration unit under 268.6, or a national capacity variance or case-by-case capacity variance under subpart C of this part. If a generator's waste is so exempt, then with the initial shipment of waste, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each land disposal facility receiving the waste. The notice must include the information indicated in column "268.7(a)(4)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table below. If the waste changes, the generator must send a new notice to the receiving facility, and place a copy in their files. (11/90, 12/92; 5/96, 9/98)

268.7(a)(4) table			
Required information		268.7(a)(3)	268.7(a)(4)	268.7(a)(9)
EPA Hazardous Waste and Manifest numbers and	l x	х	х	х
¹ . Manifest Number of first shipment	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ
2. Statement: this waste is not prohibited from land	1		х	
disposal			л	
The waste is subject to the LDRs. The constituents				
of concern for F001-F005, and F039, and				
underlying hazardous constituents in characteristic				
3. wastes, unless the waste will be treated and				
monitored for all constituents. If all constituents				
will be treated and monitored, there is no need to)			
put them all on the LDR notice				
The notice must include the applicable				
wastewater/nonwastewater category (see 268.2(d				
4. and (f)) and subdivisions made within a waste code		Х		
based on waste-specific criteria (such as D003 reactive cyanide))			
5. Waste analysis data (when available)	х	х	х	
6. Date the waste is subject to the prohibition	Λ	Λ	X	
For hazardous debris, when treating with the	,		Λ	
alternative treatment technologies provided by				
268.45: the contaminants subject to treatment				
7. described in 268.45(b); and an indication that these			Х	
contaminants are being treated to comply with				
268.45	•			
For contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided	1			
in 268.49(a) the constituents subject to treatment as				
described in 268.49(d) and the following				
statement: This contaminated soil (does/does not				
8. contain listed hazardous waste and (does/does not) x	х		
exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste and [is	5			
subject to/complies with] the soil treatmen	t			
standards as provided by 268.49(c) or the universa	1			
treatment standards				
$_{9}$ A certification is needed (see applicable section for	r	Х		Х
• exact wording)		Λ		A

(5) If a generator is managing and treating prohibited waste or contaminated soil in tanks, containers, or containment buildings regulated under R.61-79.262.15, 262.16, and 262.17 to meet applicable LDR treatment standards found at 268.40, the generator must develop and follow a written waste analysis plan which describes the procedures they will carry out to comply with the treatment standards. (Generators treating hazardous debris under the alternative treatment standards of Table 1, 268.45, however, are not subject to these waste analysis requirements.) The plan must be kept on site in the generator's records, and the following requirements must be met:

(i) The waste analysis plan must be based on a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the prohibited waste(s) being treated, and contain all information necessary to treat the waste(s) in accordance with the requirements of this part, including the selected testing frequency.

(ii) Such plan must be kept in the facility's on-site files and made available to inspectors.

(iii) Wastes shipped off site pursuant to this paragraph must comply with the notification requirements of section 268.7(a)(3).

(6) If a generator determines that the waste or contaminated soil is restricted based solely on his knowledge of the waste, all supporting data used to make this determination must be retained on-site in the generator's files. If a generator determines that the waste is restricted based on testing this waste or an extract developed using the test method 1311 in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW846, as referenced in 260.11 of this chapter, and all waste analysis data must be retained on-site in the generator's files. (9/98)

(7) If a generator determines that he or she is managing a prohibited waste that is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste or is exempted from Subtitle C regulation under 261.2 through 261.6 subsequent to the point of generation (including deactivated characteristic hazardous wastes managed in wastewater treatment systems subject to the Clean Water Act (CWA) as specified at 261.4(a)(2), or are CWA equivalent, or are managed in an underground injection well regulated by R.61-9 and R.61-68), he or she must place a one-time notice describing such generation, subsequent exclusion from the definition of hazardous or solid waste or exemption from RCRA Subtitle C regulation, and the disposition of the waste, in the facility's on-site files.

(8) Generators must retain onsite a copy of all notices, certifications, waste analysis data, and other documentation produced pursuant to this section for at least three years from the date that the waste that is the subject of such documentation was last sent to onsite or offsite treatment, storage, or disposal. The three year record retention period is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested by the Department. The requirements of this paragraph apply to solid wastes even when the hazardous characteristic is removed prior to disposal, or when the waste is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste under 261.2 through 261.6, or exempted from Subtitle C regulation, subsequent to the point of generation. (revised 12/92)

(9) If a generator is managing a lab pack containing hazardous wastes and wishes to use the alternative treatment standard for lab packs found at 268.42(c):

(i) "I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined and am familiar with the waste and that the lab pack contains only wastes that have not been excluded under appendix IV to part 268 and that this lab pack will be sent to a combustion facility in compliance with the alternative treatment standards for lab packs at 268.42(c). I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment."

(ii) No further notification is necessary until such time that the wastes in the lab pack change, or the receiving facility changes, in which case a new notice and certification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.

(iii) If the lab pack contains characteristic hazardous wastes (D001—D043), underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 268.2(i)) need not be determined.

(iv) The generator must also comply with the requirements in paragraphs(a)(6) and (a)(7) of this section.

(10) Small quantity generators with tolling agreements pursuant to 262.20(e) must comply with the applicable notification and certification requirements of paragraph (a) of this section for the initial shipment of the waste subject to the agreement. Such generators must retain on-site a copy of the notification and certification, together with the tolling agreement, for at least three years after termination or expiration of the agreement. The three-year record retention period is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested by the Department.

(b) Treatment facilities must test their wastes according to the frequency specified in their waste analysis plans as required by 264.13 (for permitted TSDs) or 265.13 (for interim status facilities). Such testing must be performed as provided in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section. (9/98)

(1) For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed in the waste extract (TCLP), the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test an extract of the treatment residues, using test method 1311 (the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure, described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste. Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846 as incorporated by reference in 260.11 of this chapter) to assure that the treatment residues extract meet the applicable treatment standards. (9/98)

(2) For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed as concentrations in the waste, the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test the treatment residues (not an extract of such residues) to assure that they meet the applicable treatment standards. (9/98)

(3) A one-time notice must be sent with the initial shipment of waste or contaminated soil to the land disposal facility. A copy of the notice must be placed in the treatment facility's file. (9/98)

TREATMENT FACILITY PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS TABLE 268.7 (9/98, 11/99)

Required Information

- EPA Hazardous Waste and Manifest numbers and Manifest Number of first shipment x The waste is subject to the LDRs. The constituents of concern for F001-F005 and F039 and underlying constituents in characteristic wastes, unless the wastes will be treated and
- 2. Underlying constituents in characteristic wastes, unless the wastes will be treated and monitored for all constituents. If all constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no need to put them all on the LDR notice

The notice must include the applicable wastewater/nonwastewater category (see 268.2(d)

- 3. and (f) and subdivisions made within a waste code based on waste-specific criteria (such as x D003 reactive cyanide)
- 4. Waste analysis data (when available) For contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in 268.49(a), the constituents subject to
- 5. treatment as described in 268.49(d) and the following statement: "This contaminated soil [does/does not] exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste and [is subject to/complies with] the soil treatment standards as provided by 268.49(c)"
- 6. A certification is needed (see applicable section for exact wording)

(4) The treatment facility must submit a one-time certification signed by an authorized representative with the initial shipment of waste or treatment residue of a restricted waste to the land disposal facility. A certification is also necessary for contaminated soil and it must state:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the treatment technology and operation of the treatment process used to support this certification and believe that it has

268.7(b)

х

х

been maintained and operated properly so as to comply with treatment standards specified in 268.49 without impermissible dilution of the prohibited wastes. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the treatment technology and operation of the treatment process used to support this certification. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the treatment process has been operated and maintained properly so as to comply with the treatment standards specified in 268.40 without impermissible dilution of the prohibited waste. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. (12/93, (9/98)"

(i) A copy of the certification must be placed in the treatment facility's onsite files. If the waste or treatment residue changes, or the receiving facility changes, a new certification must be sent to the receiving facility, and a copy placed in the file. (revised 12/92)

(ii) Debris excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 261.3(f) of this chapter (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology provided by Table 1, 268.45, and debris that the Director has determined does not contain hazardous waste), however, is subject to the notification and certification requirements of paragraph (d) of this section rather than the certification requirements of this paragraph.

(iii) For wastes with organic constituents having treatment standards expressed as concentration levels, if compliance with the treatment standards is based in whole or in part on the analytical detection limit alternative specified in 268.40(d), the certification, signed by an authorized representative, must state the following: (new 12/92)

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the treatment technology and operation of the treatment process used to support this certification. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the nonwastewater organic constituents have been treated by combustion units as specified in 268.42, Table 1. I have been unable to detect the nonwastewater organic constituents, despite having used best goodfaith efforts to analyze for such constituents. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(iv) For characteristic wastes that are subject to the treatment standards in 268.40 (other than those expressed as a method of treatment), or 268.49, and that contain underlying hazardous constituents as defined in 268.2(i); if these wastes are treated on-site to remove the hazardous characteristic; and are then sent off-site for treatment of underlying hazardous constituents, the certification must state the following: (11/99)

"I certify under penalty of law that the waste has been treated in accordance with the requirements of 268.40 or 268.49 to remove the hazardous characteristic. This decharacterized waste contains underlying hazardous constituents that require further treatment to meet treatment standards. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

(v) For characteristic wastes that contain underlying hazardous constituents as defined 268.2(i) that are treated on-site to remove the hazardous characteristic to treat underlying hazardous constituents to levels in 268.48 Universal Treatment Standards, the certification must state the following:

"I certify under penalty of law that the waste has been treated in accordance with the requirements of 268.40 to remove the hazardous characteristic and that underlying hazardous constituents, as defined in 268.2(i)

have been treated on-site to meet the 268.48 Universal Treatment Standards. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

(5) If the waste or treatment residue will be further managed at a different treatment or, storage, or disposal facility, the treatment, storage, or disposal facility sending the waste or treatment residue offsite must comply with the notice and certification requirements applicable to generators under this section. (9/98)

(6) Where the wastes are recyclable materials used in a manner constituting disposal subject to the provisions of 266.20(b) regarding treatment standards and prohibition levels, the owner or operator of a treatment facility (i.e., the recycler) must, for the initial shipment of waste, prepare a one-time certification described in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, and a one-time notice which includes the information in paragraph (b)(3) of this section except the manifest number) The certification and notification must be placed in the facility's on-site files. If the waste or the receiving facility changes, a new certification and notification must be prepared and placed in the on site files. In addition, the recycling facility must also keep records of the name and location of each entity receiving the hazardous waste-derived product.

(c) Except where the owner or operator is disposing of any waste that is a recyclable material used in a manner constituting disposal pursuant to 266.20(b), the owner or operator of any land disposal facility disposing any waste subject to restrictions under this part must:

(1) Have copies of the notice and certifications specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section.

(2) Test the waste, or an extract of the waste or treatment residue developed using test method 1311 (the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure), described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW846 as incorporated by reference in 260.11 of this chapter), to assure that the wastes or treatment residues are in compliance with the applicable treatment standards set forth in subpart D of this part. Such testing must be performed according to the frequency specified in the facility's waste analysis plan as required by 264.13 or 265.13 of this chapter.

(d) Generators or treaters who first claim that hazardous debris is excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 261.3 (f) (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology provided by Table 1, 268.45, and debris that the Department has determined does not contain hazardous waste) are subject to the following notification and certification requirements:

(1) A onetime notification, including the following information, must be submitted to the Department to implement part 268 requirements:

(i) The name and address of the Subtitle D facility receiving the treated debris;

(ii) A description of the hazardous debris as initially generated, including the applicable EPA Hazardous Waste Number(s); and

(iii) For debris excluded under Section 261.3(f)(1) of this chapter, the technology from Table 1, Section 268.45, used to treat the debris.

(2) The notification must be updated if the debris is shipped to a different facility, and, for debris excluded under 261.2(f)(1) of this chapter, if a different type of debris is treated or if a different technology is used to treat the debris.

(3) For debris excluded under Section 261.3(f)(1) of this chapter, the owner or operator of the treatment facility must document and certify compliance with the treatment standards of Table 1, 268.45, as follows:

(i) Records must be kept of all inspections, evaluations, and analyses of treated debris that are made to determine compliance with the treatment standards;

(ii) Records must be kept of any data or information the treater obtains during treatment of the debris that identifies key operating parameters of the treatment unit; and

(iii) For each shipment of treated debris, a certification of compliance with the treatment standards must be signed by an authorized representative and placed in the facility's files. The certification must state the following: "I certify under penalty of law that the debris has been treated in accordance with the requirements of 268.45. I am aware that there are significant penalties for making a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(e) Generators and treaters who first receive from EPA or an authorized state a determination that a given contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in 268.49(a) no longer contains a listed hazardous waste and generators and treaters who first determine that a contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in 268.49(a) no longer exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste must:

(1) Prepare a one-time only documentation of these determinations including all supporting information; and,

(2) Maintain that information in the facility files and other records for a minimum of three years.

268.9. Special rules regarding wastes that exhibit a characteristic.

(a) The initial generator of a solid waste must determine each EPA Hazardous Waste Number (waste code) applicable to the waste in order to determine the applicable treatment standards under subpart D of this part. This determination may be made concurrently with the hazardous waste determination required in 262.11. For purposes of part 268, the waste will carry the waste code for any applicable listed waste (part 261, subpart D). In addition, where the waste exhibits a characteristic, the waste will carry one or more of the characteristic waste codes (part 261, subpart C), except when the treatment standard for the listed waste operates in lieu of the treatment standard for the characteristic waste, as specified in paragraph (b) of this section. If the generator determines that their waste displays a hazardous characteristic (and is not D001 nonwastewaters treated by CMBST, RORGS, OR POLYM of 268.42, Table 1), the generator must determine the underlying hazardous constituents (as defined at 268.2(i)) in the characteristic waste.

(b) Where a prohibited waste is both listed under part 261, subpart D and exhibits a characteristic under part 261, subpart C, the treatment standard for the waste code listed in part 261, subpart D will operate in lieu of the standard for the waste code under part 261, subpart C, provided that the treatment standard for the listed waste includes a treatment standard for the constituent that causes the waste to exhibit the characteristic. Otherwise, the waste must meet the treatment standards for all applicable listed and characteristic waste codes.

(c) In addition to any applicable standards determined from the initial point of generation, no prohibited waste which exhibits a characteristic under 261 subpart C may be land disposed unless the waste complies with the treatment standards under subpart D of this part.

(d) Wastes that exhibit a characteristic are also subject to 268.7 requirements, except that once the waste is no longer hazardous, a one-time notification and certification must be placed in the generator's or treater's on-site files. The notification and certification must be updated if the process or operation generating the waste changes and/or if the subtitle D facility receiving the waste changes.

(1) The notification must include the following information:

(i) Name and address of the RCRA Subtitle D facility receiving the waste shipment; and (revised 12/93)

(ii) A description of the waste as initially generated, including the applicable EPA hazardous waste code(s), treatability group(s), and underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 268.2(i)), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents. If all underlying hazardous constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no requirement to list any of the underlying hazardous constituents on the notice. (revised 12/93; 5/96)

(iii) [Reserved. (5/96)]

(2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 268.7(b)(4). (12/93)

(i) If treatment removes the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in 268.7 (b)(4)(iv) applies. (5/96)

(ii) [Reserved 5/96]

SUBPART B

Schedule for Land Disposal Prohibition and Establishment of Treatment Standards

268.13. Schedule for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984.

In the case of any hazardous waste identified or listed under SCHWMA 44-56-30 or RCRA section 3001 after November 8, 1984, the Department shall make a land disposal prohibition determination within 6 months after the date of identification or listing.

268.14. Surface impoundment exemptions.

(a) This section defines additional circumstances under which an otherwise prohibited waste may continue to be placed in a surface impoundment.

(b) Wastes which are newly identified or listed under section 3001 after November 8, 1984, and stored in a surface impoundment that is newly subject to subtitle C of RCRA as a result of the additional identification or listing, may continue to be stored in the surface impoundment for 48 months after the promulgation of the additional listing or characteristic, notwithstanding that the waste is otherwise prohibited from land disposal, provided that the surface impoundment is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of part 265 of this chapter within 12 months after promulgation of the new listing or characteristic.

(c) Wastes which are newly identified or listed under section 3001 after November 8, 1984, and treated in a surface impoundment that is newly subject to subtitle C of RCRA as a result of the additional

identification or listing, may continue to be treated in that surface impoundment, not withstanding that the waste is otherwise prohibited from land disposal, provided that surface impoundment is in compliance with the requirements of subpart F of part 265 of this chapter within 12 months after the promulgation of the new listing or characteristic. In addition, if the surface impoundment continues to treat hazardous waste after 48 months from promulgation of the additional listing or characteristic, it must then be in compliance with 268.4.

268.20. Waste specific prohibitions – Dyes and/or pigments production wastes.

(a) Effective August 23, 2005, the waste specified in part 261 as EPA Hazardous Waste Number K181, and soil and debris contaminated with this waste, radioactive wastes mixed with this waste, and soil and debris contaminated with radioactive wastes mixed with this waste are prohibited from land disposal.

(b) The requirements of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in subpart D of this Part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44;

(4) Hazardous debris has met the treatment standards in 268.40 or the alternative treatment standards in 268.45; or

(5) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract of the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains regulated constituents in excess of the applicable subpart D levels, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

SUBPART C Prohibitions on Land Disposal

268.30. Waste specific prohibitions – wood preserving wastes.

(a) Effective August 11, 1997, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in 261 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers F032, F034, and F035.

(b) Effective May 12, 1999, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: soil and debris contaminated with F032, F034, F035; and radioactive wastes mixed with EPA Hazardous waste numbers F032, F034, and F035.(revised 12/92)

(c) Between May 12, 1997 and May 12, 1999, soil and debris contaminated with F032, F034, F035; and radioactive waste mixed with F032, F034, and F035 may be disposed in a landfill or surface impoundment

only if such unit is in compliance with the requirements specified in 268.5(h)(2) of this part. (amended 11/90, 12/92)

(d) The requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section do not apply if: (amended 11/90)

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards of subpart D of this part; or

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition; or

(3) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension.

(e) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable Universal Treatment Standard levels of 268.48 of this part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of part 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

268.31. Waste specific prohibitions – dioxin-containing wastes.

(a) Effective November 8, 1988, the dioxin-containing wastes specified in 261.31 as EPA Hazardous Waste Nos. F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028, are prohibited from land disposal unless the following condition applies:

(1) The F020-F023 and F026-F028 dioxin-containing waste is contaminated soil and debris resulting from a response action taken under section 104 or 106 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) or a corrective action taken under subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

(2) [Blank]

(b) Effective November 8, 1990, the F020—F023 and F026—F028 dioxin—containing wastes listed in paragraph (a)(1) are prohibited from land disposal.

(c) Between November 8, 1988, and November 8, 1990, wastes included in paragraph (a)(1) may be disposed in a landfill or surface impoundment only if such unit is in compliance with the requirements specified in 268.5(h)(2) and all other applicable requirements of Parts 264 and 265 of this chapter.

(d) The requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the standards of subpart D of this part; or

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition; or

(3) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension.

268.32. Soils exhibiting the toxicity characteristic for metals and containing PCBs.

(a) Effective December 26, 2000, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: any volumes of soil exhibiting the toxicity characteristic solely because of the presence of metals (D004 - D011) and containing PCBs.

(b) The requirements of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply if:

(1)(i) The wastes contain halogenated organic compounds in total concentration less than 1,000 mg/kg; and

(ii) The wastes meet the treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this part for EPA hazardous waste numbers D004 - D011, as applicable; or

(2)(i) The wastes contain halogenated organic compounds in total concentration less than 1,000 mg/kg; and

(ii) The wastes meet the alternative treatment standards specified in 268.49 for contaminated soil; or

(3) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition; or

(4) The wastes meet applicable alternative treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44.

268.33. Waste-specific prohibitions – chlorinated aliphatic wastes.

(a) Effective May 8, 2001, the wastes specified in part 261 as EPA Hazardous Wastes Numbers K174, and K175, soil and debris contaminated with these wastes, radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes, and soil and debris contaminated with radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.

(b) The requirements of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in subpart D of this part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44;

(4) Hazardous debris has met the treatment standards in 268.40 or the alternative treatment standards in 268.45; or

(5) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains regulated constituents in excess of the applicable levels of subpart D of this part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of part 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

(d) Disposal of K175 wastes that have complied with all applicable 268.40 treatment standards must also be macroencapsulated in accordance with 268.45 Table 1 unless the waste is placed in:

(1) A Subtitle C monofill containing only K175 wastes that meet all applicable 268.40 treatment standards; or

(2) A dedicated Subtitle C landfill cell in which all other wastes being co-disposed are at pH 6.0.

268.34. Waste specific prohibitions – toxicity characteristic metal wastes.

(a) Effective August 24, 1998, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in Part 261 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers D004 - D011 that are newly identified (i.e. wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure), and waste, soil, or debris from mineral processing operations that is identified as hazardous by the specifications at Part 261.

(b) Effective November 26, 1998, the following waste is prohibited from land disposal: Slag from secondary lead smelting which exhibits the Toxicity Characteristic due to the presence of one or more metals.

(c) Effective May 26, 2000, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: newly identified characteristic wastes from elemental phosphorus processing; radioactive wastes mixed with EPA Hazardous wastes D004 - D011 that are newly identified (i.e. wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure); or mixed with newly identified characteristic mineral processing wastes, soil, or debris.

(d) Between May 26, 1998 and May 26, 2000, newly identified characteristic wastes from elemental phosphorus processing, radioactive waste mixed with D004 - D011 wastes that are newly identified (i.e. wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure), or mixed with newly identified characteristic mineral processing wastes, soil, or debris may be disposed in a landfill or surface impoundment only if such unit is in compliance with the requirements specified in 268.5(h)(2) of this part.

(e) The requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable alternate treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44; or

(4) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(f) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents (including underlying hazardous constituents in characteristic wastes) in excess of the applicable Universal Treatment Standard levels of 268.48 of this part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of part 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

268.35. Waste specific prohibitions – petroleum refining wastes.

(a) Effective February 8, 1999, the wastes specified in part 261 as EPA Hazardous Wastes Numbers K169, K170, K171, and K172, soils and debris contaminated with these wastes, radioactive wastes mixed with these hazardous wastes, and soils and debris contaminated with these radioactive mixed wastes, are prohibited from land disposal.

(b) The requirements of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44;

(4) Hazardous debris that have met treatment standards in 268.40 or in the alternative treatment standards in 268.45; or

(5) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable Universal Treatment Standard levels of 268.48, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this part are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

268.36. Waste specific prohibitions - inorganic chemical wastes.

(a) Effective May 20, 2002, the wastes specified in part 261 as EPA Hazardous Wastes Numbers K176, K177, and K178, and soil and debris contaminated with these wastes, radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes, and soil and debris contaminated with radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.

(b) The requirements of (a) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44;

(4) Hazardous debris has met the treatment standards in 268.40 or the alternative treatment standards in 268.45; or

(5) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains regulated constituents in excess of the applicable Subpart D levels, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of part 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

268.37. Waste specific prohibitions – ignitable and corrosive characteristic wastes whose treatment standards were vacated.

(a) Effective August 9, 1993, the wastes specified in 261.21 as D001 (and is not in the High TOC Ignitable Liquids Subcategory), and specified in Section 261.22 as D002, that are managed in systems other than those whose discharge is regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA), or that inject in Class I deep wells regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), or that are zero dischargers that engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before ultimate land disposal, are prohibited from land disposal. CWA-equivalent treatment means biological treatment for organics, alkaline chlorination or ferrous sulfate precipitation for cyanide, precipitation/sedimentation for metals, reduction of hexavalent chromium, or other treatment technology that can be demonstrated to perform equally or greater than these technologies.

(b) Effective February 10, 1994, the wastes specified in 261.21 as D001 (and is not in the High TOC Ignitable Liquids Subcategory), and specified in Section 261.22 as D002, that are managed in systems defined in 40 CFR 144.6(e) and 146.6(e) as Class V injection wells, that do not engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before injection, are prohibited from land disposal.

268.38. Waste specific prohibitions – newly identified organic toxicity characteristic wastes and newly listed coke by-product and chlorotoluene production wastes.

(a) Effective December 19, 1994, the wastes specified in 261.32 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers K141, K142, K143, K144, K145, K147, K148, K149, K150, and K151 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, debris contaminated with EPA Hazardous Waste numbers F037, F038, K107-K112, K117, K118, K123-K126, K131, K132, K136, U328, U353, U359, and soil and debris contaminated with D012-D043, K141-K145, and K147-K151 are prohibited from land disposal. The following wastes that are specified in 261.24, Table 1 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers: D012, D013, D014, D015, D016, D017, D018, D019, D020, D021, D022, D023, D024, D025, D026, D027, D028, D029, D030, D031, D032, D033, D034, D035, D036, D037, D038, D039, D040, D041, D042, D043 that are not radioactive, or that are managed in systems other than those whose discharge is regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA), or

that are zero dischargers that do not engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before ultimate land disposal, or that are injected in Class I deep wells regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), are prohibited from land disposal. CWA-equivalent treatment means biological treatment for organics, alkaline chlorination or ferrous sulfate precipitation for cyanide, precipitation/ sedimentation for metals, reduction of hexavalent chromium, or other treatment technology that can be demonstrated to perform equally or better than these technologies.

(b) On September 19, 1996, radioactive wastes that are mixed with D018-D043 that are managed in systems other than those whose discharge is regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA), or that inject in Class I deep wells regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), or that are zero dischargers that engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before ultimate land disposal, are prohibited from land disposal. CWA-equivalent treatment means biological treatment for organics, alkaline chlorination or ferrous sulfate precipitation for cyanide, precipitation/ sedimentation for metals, reduction of hexavalent chromium, or other treatment technology that can be demonstrated to perform equally or greater than these technologies. Radioactive wastes mixed with K141-K145, and K147-K151 are also prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these radioactive mixed wastes are prohibited from land disposal.

(c) Between December 19, 1994 and September 19, 1996, the wastes included in paragraphs (b) of this section may be disposed in a landfill or surface impoundment, only if such unit is in compliance with the requirements specified in 268.5(h)(2) of this Part.

(d) The requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable alternate treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44;

(4) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(e) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable Subpart D levels, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of part 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

268.39. Waste specific prohibitions – spent aluminum potliners; reactive; and carbamate wastes.

(a) On July 8, 1996, the wastes specified in 261.32 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers K156-K159, and K161; and in 261.33 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers P127, P128, P185, P188-P192, P194, P196-P199, P201-P205, U271, U278-U280, U364, U367, U372, U373, U387, U389, U394, U395, U404, and U409-U411 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.

(b) On July 8, 1996, the wastes identified in 261.23 as D003 that are managed in systems other than those whose discharge is regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA), or that are zero dischargers that engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before ultimate land disposal, are prohibited from land disposal. This prohibition does not apply to unexploded ordnance and other explosive devices which have been the subject of an emergency response. (Such D003 wastes are prohibited unless they meet the treatment standard of DEACT before land disposal (see 268.40)).

(c) On September 21, 1998, the wastes specified in 261.32 as EPA Hazardous Waste number K088 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.

(d) On April 8, 1998, radioactive wastes mixed with K088, K156-K159, K161, P127, P128, P185, P188-P192, P194, P196-P199, P201-P205, U271, U278-U280, U364, U367, U372, U373, U387, U389, U394, U395, U404, and U409-U411 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these radioactive mixed wastes are prohibited from land disposal.

(e) Between July 8, 1996, and April 8, 1998, the wastes included in paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of this section may be disposed in a landfill or surface impoundment, only if such unit is in compliance with the requirements specified in 268.5(h)(2).

(f) The requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section do not apply if:

(1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this part;

(2) Persons have been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under 268.6, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

(3) The wastes meet the applicable alternate treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under 268.44;

(4) Persons have been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.

(g) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in 268.40, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable Subpart D levels, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this part 268 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

SUBPART D Treatment Standards

268.40. Applicability of treatment standards.

(a) A prohibited waste identified in the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" may be land disposed only if it meets the requirements found in the table. For each waste, the table identifies one of three types of treatment standard requirements:

(1) All hazardous constituents in the waste or in the treatment residue must be at or below the values found in the table for that waste ("total waste standards"); or

(2) The hazardous constituents in the extract of the waste or in the extract of the treatment residue must be at or below the values found in the table ("waste extract standards"); or

(3) The waste must be treated using the technology specified in the table ("technology standard"), which are described in detail in 268.42, Table 1 -Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards.

(b) For wastewaters, compliance with concentration level standards is based on maximums for any one day, except for D004 through D011 wastes for which the previously promulgated treatment standards based on grab samples remain in effect. For all nonwastewaters, compliance with concentration level standards is based on grab sampling. For wastes covered by the waste extract standards, the test Method 1311, the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure found in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in 260.11, must be used to measure compliance. An exception is made for D004 and D008, for which either of two test methods may be used: Method 1311, or Method 1310, the Extraction Procedure Toxicity Test. For wastes covered by a technology standard, the wastes may be land disposed after being treated using that specified technology or an equivalent treatment technology approved by the Administrator under the procedures set forth in 268.42(b).

(c) When wastes with differing treatment standards for a constituent of concern are combined for purposes of treatment, the treatment residue must meet the lowest treatment standard for the constituent of concern.

(d) Notwithstanding the prohibitions specified in paragraph (a) of this section, treatment and disposal facilities may demonstrate (and certify pursuant to 268.7(b)(5)) compliance with the treatment standards for organic constituents specified by a footnote in the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" in this section, provided the following conditions are satisfied:

(1) The treatment standards for the organic constituents were established based on incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of part 264, subpart O, or based on combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements;

(2) The treatment or disposal facility has used the methods referenced in paragraph (d)(1) of this section to treat the organic constituents; and

(3) The treatment or disposal facility may demonstrate compliance with organic constituents if goodfaith analytical efforts achieve detection limits for the regulated organic constituents that do not exceed the treatment standards specified in this section by an order of magnitude.

(e) For characteristic wastes (D001 - D043) that are subject to treatment standards in the following table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes," and are not managed in a wastewater treatment system that is regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA), all underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 268.2(i)) must meet Universal Treatment Standards, found in 268.48, Table, Universal Treatment Standards, prior to land disposal, as defined in 268.2(c) of this part. (5/96, 9/98)

(f) The treatment standards for F001-F005 nonwastewater constituents carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and/or methanol apply to wastes which contain only one, two, or three of these constituents. Compliance is

measured for these constituents in the waste extract from test Method 1311, the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure found in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in 260.11. If the waste contains any of these three constituents along with any of the other 25 constituents found in F001-F005, then compliance with treatment standards for carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and/or methanol is not required.

(g) Between August 26, 1996 and March 4, 1999 the treatment standards for the wastes specified in 261.32 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers K156-K161; and in 261.33 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers P127, P128, P185, P188-P192, P194, P196-P199, P201-P205, U271, U277-U280, U364-U367, U372, U373, U375-U379, U381-U387, U389-U396, U400-U404, U407, and U409-U411; and soil contaminated with these wastes; may be satisfied by either meeting the constituent concentrations presented in the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" in this section, or by treating the waste by the following technologies: combustion, as defined by the technology code CMBST at 268.42 Table 1, for nonwastewaters; and, biodegradation as defined by the technology code CHOXD, or combustion as defined as technology code CMBST at 268.42 Table 1, for wastewaters.

(h) Prohibited D004-D011 mixed radioactive wastes and mixed radioactive listed wastes containing metal constituents, that were previously treated by stabilization to the treatment standards in effect at that time and then put into storage, do not have to be re-treated to meet treatment standards in this section prior to land disposal.

(i) [Reserved]

(j) Effective September 4, 1998, the treatment standards for the wastes specified in 40 CFR 261.33 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers P185, P191, P192, P197, U364, U394, and U395 may be satisfied by either meeting the constituent concentrations presented in the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" in this section, or by treating the waste by the following technologies: combustion, as defined by the technology code CMBST at 268.42 Table 1 of this Part, for nonwastewaters; and, biodegradation as defined by the technology code BIODG, carbon adsorption as defined by the technology code CARBN, chemical oxidation as defined by the technology code CMBST at 268.42 Table 1 of this Part, for wastewaters.

Table 268.40 – Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes

Note: The treatment standards that heretofore appeared in tables in 268.41, 268.42, and 268.43 of this part have been consolidated into the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" in this section.

268.40 1	268.40 Table – Treatment Standards for Hazardous Waste							
WASTE CODE	Wester David stars And	Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters			
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ Continue in mg/l; or in n Technology note Code ⁴ TCI Tec Code	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴			
D001 ⁹	Ingitable Characteristic Wastes, except for the 261.21(a)(1) High TOC Subcategory.	NA	NA	DEACT and meet 268.48 standards ⁸ ; or RORGS; or CMBST	DEACT and meet 268.48 standards ⁸ ; or RORGS; or CMBST			
	High TOC Ignitable Characteristic Liquids	NA	NA	NA	RORGS;			

	<u> Table – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>			1	
WASTE CODE	Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable				Non waste waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Waste watersConcentration5in mg/l; or Technology Code4DEACT and meet 268.48 standards8NANANANANANANANADEACT and meet 268.48 standards8DEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTDEACTNANANANANANAAAAAAAABAAAAAABBAABBABBAAAAAAAAAAAAABBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB <th>Concentration⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code⁴</th>	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	Subcategory based on 261.21(a)(1) – Greater than or equal to 10% total organic carbon. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)				CMBST; or POLYM
D002 ⁹	Corrosive Characteristic Wastes.	NA	NA	meet 268.48	DEACT and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D002,	Radioactive high level wastes generated	Corrosivity (pH)	NA	NA	HLVIT
D004,	during the reprocessing of fuel rods. (Note:	Arsenic	7440-38-2	NA	HLVIT
D005,	This subcategory consists of	Barium	7440-39-3		HLVIT
D006,	nonwastewaters only.)	Cadmium	7440-43-9		HLVIT
D007,		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	NA	HLVIT
D008, D009,		Lead	7439-92-1	NA	HLVIT
D009, D010,		Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	HLVIT
D010, D011		Selenium	7782-49-2	NA	HLVIT
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	HLVIT
D003 ⁹	Reactive Sulfides Subcategory based on 261.23(a)(5)	NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
	Explosives Subcategory based on 261.23(a)(6), (7), and (8)	NA	NA	meet 268.48	DEACT and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	Unexploded ordnance and other explosive devices which have been the subject of an emergency response.	NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
	Other Reactives Subcategory based on 261.23(a)(1).	NA	NA	meet 268.48	DEACT and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	Water Reactive Subcategory based on 261.23(a)(2), (3), and (4). (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)	NA	NA		DEACT and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	Reactive Cyanides Subcategory based on	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	Reserved	590
-	261.23(a)(5).	Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5		30
D004 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for arsenic based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Arsenic	7440-38-2	268.48	5.0 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D005 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for barium based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Barium	7440-39-3	1.2 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	21 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D006 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for cadmium based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.11 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸

268.40 1	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste				
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous consti NOTE: NA means not appl		Waste waters	Non waste waters	
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴	
	Cadmium Containing Batteries Subcategory. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	RTHRM	
	Radioactively contaminated cadmium containing batteries. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only) (6/04)	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	Macroencapsul ation in accordance with 268.45	
D007 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for chromium based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.60 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	
D008 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for lead based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.75 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	
	Lead Acid Batteries Subcategory (Note: This standard only applies to lead acid batteries that are identified as RCRA hazardous wastes and that are not excluded elsewhere from regulation under the land disposal restrictions of 268 or exempted under other EPA regulations (see 266.80). This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)	Lead	7439-92-1	NA	RLEAD	
	Radioactive Lead Solids Subcategory (Note: these lead solids include, but are not limited to, all forms of lead shielding and other elemental forms of lead. These lead solids do not include treatment residuals such as hydroxide sludges, other wastewater treatment residuals, or incinerator ashes that can undergo conventional pozzolanic stabilization, nor do they include organo- lead materials that can be incinerated and stabilized as ash. This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)	Lead	7439-92-1	NA	MACRO	
D009 ⁹	Nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846; and contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury that also contain organics and are not incinerator residues. (High Mercury-Organic Subcategory)	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC; OR RMERC	
	Nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846; and contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury that are inorganic,	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	RMERC	

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268.40 1	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applic Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	including incinerator residues and residues from RMERC. (High Mercury-Inorganic Subcategory)				
	Nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846; and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury and that are residues from RMERC only. (Low Mercury Subcategory)	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	All other nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846, and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury and that are not residues from RMERC. (Low Mercury Subcategory)	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	All D009 wastewaters.	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	NA
	Elemental mercury contaminated with radioactive materials. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	AMLGM
	Hydraulic oil contaminated with Mercury Radioactive Materials Subcategory. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC
	Radioactively contaminated mercury containing batteries. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only) (6/04)	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	Macroencapsul ation in accordance with 268.45
D010 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for selenium based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	5.7 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	Radioactively contaminated silver containing batteries. (Note: This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only) (6/04)	Silver	7440-22-4	NA	Macroencapsul ation in accordance with 268.45
D011 ⁹	Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for silver based on the toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) in SW846.	Silver	7440-22-4	0.43 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.14 mg/l TCLP and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D012 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Endrin based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Endrin	72-20-8	BIODG; or CMBST	0.13 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
		Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	BIODG; or CMBST	0.13 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D013 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Lindane based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	alpha-BHC	319-84-6	CARBN; or CMBST	0.066 and meet 268.48

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WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent V			
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		beta-BHC	319-85-7	CARBN; or CMBST	standards ⁸ 0.066 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
		delta-BHC	319-86-8	CARBN; or CMBST	0.066 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
		gamma-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	CARBN; or CMBST	0.066 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D014 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Methoxychlor based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Methoxychlor	72-43-5	WETOX or CMBST	0.18 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D015 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Toxaphene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Toxaphene	8001-35-2	BIODG or CMBST	2.6 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D016 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	2,4-D (2,4- Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	94-75-7	CHOXD, BIODG, or CMBST	10 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D017 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	93-72-1	CHOXD or CMBST	7.9 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D018 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Benzene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	10 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D019 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Carbon tetrachloride based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D020 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Chlordane based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.26 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D021 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Chlorobenzene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D022 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Chloroform based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D023 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for o-Cresol based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	5.6 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D024 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for m-Cresol based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	5.6 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D025 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for p-Cresol based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	5.6 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D026 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Cresols (Total) based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Cresol-mixed isomers (Cresylic acid) (sum o-, m-, and p-cresol concentrations)	1319-77-3	0.88 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	11.2 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
	<u> [able – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>				
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WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology
D027 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for p-Dichlorobenzene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4- Dichlorobenzene)	106-46-7	0.090 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	Code ⁴ 6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D028 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 1,2-Dichloroethane based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D029 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 1,1-Dichloroethylene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D030 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 2,4-Dinitrotoluene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	140 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D031 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Heptachlor based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.066 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
		Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	0.066 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D032 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Hexachlorobenzene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	10 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D033 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Hexachlorobutadiene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	5.6 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D034 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Hexachloroethane based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	30 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D035 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Methyl ethyl ketone based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	36 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D036 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Nitrobenzene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	14 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D037 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Pentachlorophenol based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	7.4 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D038 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Pyridine based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	16 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D039 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Tetrachloroethylene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D040 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Trichloroethylene based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D041 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 2,4,5- Trichlorophenol based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	7.4 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
D042 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for 2,4,6- Trichlorophenol based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	7.4 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸

268.40 1	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu	ent	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Weste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applica		waters	waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
D043 ⁹	Wastes that are TC for Vinyl chloride based on the TCLP in SW846 Method 1311.	Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸	6.0 and meet 268.48 standards ⁸
F001,	F001, F002, F003, F004 and/or F005	Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
F002,	solvent wastes that contain any combination	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
F003,	of one or more of the following spent	n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
F004, &	solvents: acetone, benzene, n-butyl alcohol,	Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	NA
F005	carbon disulfide, carbon tetrachloride,	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
	chlorinated fluorocarbons, chlorobenzene,	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
	o-cresol, m-cresol, p-cresol, cyclohexanone,	o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
	o-dichlorobenzene, 2-ethoxyethanol, ethyl acetate, ethyl benzene, ethyl ether, isobutyl	m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
	alcohol, methanol, methylene chloride, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone, nitrobenzene, 2-nitropropane, pyridine,	p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
	tetrachloroethylene, toluene, 1,1,1- trichloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane,	Cresol-mixed isomers (Cresylic acid)(sum of o-, m-, and p-cresol concentrations)	1319-77-3	0.88	11.2
	trichloroethylene,	Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
	trichloromonofluoromethane, and/or	o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
	xylenes [except as specifically noted in	Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
	other subcategories]. See further details of	Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
	these listings in 261.31.	Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
		Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
		Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	NA
		Methylene chloride	75-9-2	0.089	30
		Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
		Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
		Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
		Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
		Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6 79-00-5	0.054 0.054	6.0 6.0
		1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-	76-13-1	0.057	30
		trifluoroethane	/0-13-1	0.057	50
		Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
		Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
	F003 and/or F005 solvent wastes that contain any combination of one or more of the following three solvents as the only listed F001-5 solvents: carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and/or methanol. (formerly 268.41(c))	Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.8 mg/l TCLP
		Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	0.75 mg/l TCLP
		Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/l TCLP
	F005 solvent waste containing 2- Nitropropane as the only listed F001-5 solvent.	2-Nitropropane	79-46-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not app		waters	waters
	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	F005 solvent waste containing 2- Ethoxyethanol as the only listed F001-5 solvent.	2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	BIODG; or CMBST	CMBST
F006	Wastewater treatment sludges from	Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLF
	electroplating operations except from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLI
	following processes: (1) Sulfuric acid	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
	anodizing of aluminum; (2) tin plating on	Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
	carbon steel; (3) zinc plating (segregated	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLI
	basis) on carbon steel; (4) aluminum or zinc-	Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
	aluminum plating on carbon steel; (5) cleaning/stripping associated with tin, zinc and aluminum plating on carbon steel; and (6) chemical etching and milling of aluminum.	Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/l TCLF
F007	Spent cyanide plating bath solutions from	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/l TCLF
	electroplating operations.	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLI
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/l TCL
F008	Plating bath residues from the bottom of plating baths from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/l TCL
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/l TCL
F009	Spent stripping and cleaning bath solutions	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/l TCL
	from electroplating operations where	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	cyanides are used in the process.	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/l TCLI
F010	Quenching bath residues from oil baths from metal heat treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.	Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5 57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 NA
F011	Spent cyanide solutions from salt bath pot	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/l TCLI
	cleaning from metal heat treating	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLI
	operations.	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.11 mg/l TCL
F012	Quenching wastewater treatment sludges	Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/l TCL
	from metal heat treating operations where	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	cyanides are used the process.	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLI
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP

268.40 1	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitue	ent	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applica		waters	waters
	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/l TCLP
F019	Wastewater treatment sludges from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
	chemical conversion coating of aluminum	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
	except from zirconium phosphating in aluminum can washing when such phosphating is an exclusive conversion coating process.	Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
F020, F021,	Wastes (except wastewater and spent carbon from hydrogen chloride purification) from	HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
F022, F023,	the production or manufacturing use (as a reactant, chemical intermediate, or	HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
F026	component in a formulating process) of: (1) tri- or tetrachlorophenol, or of intermediates used to produce their pesticide derivatives,	PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
	excluding wastes from the production of Hexachlorophene from highly purified	PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000035	0.001
	$2,4,5-\text{trichlorophenol} (F020); \qquad (2)$	Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
	pentachlorophenol, or of intermediates used to produce its derivatives (i.e., F021); (3)	TCDDs (All Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
	tetra-, penta-, or hexachlorobenzenes under alkaline conditions (i.e., F022); and from the	TCDFs (All Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
	production of materials on equipment previously used for the production or	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
	manufacturing use (as a reactant, chemical	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
	intermediate, or component in a formulating process) of: (1) tri-, or tetrachlorophenols, excluding wastes from equipment used only for the production of Hexachlorophene from highly purified 2,4,5-trichlorophenol (F023); (2) tetra-, penta-, or hexachlorobenzenes under alkaline conditions (i.e., F026).	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
F024	Process wastes, including but not limited to,	All F024 wastes	NA	CMBST ¹¹	CMBST ¹¹
	distillation residues, heavy ends, tars, and	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	0.28
	reactor clean-out wastes, from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic	3-Chloropropylene 1,1-Dichloroethane	107-05-1	0.036	30
	hydrocarbons by free radical catalyzed	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3 107-06-2	0.059 0.21	6.0 6.0
	processes. These chlorinated aliphatic	1,2-Dichloroethane	78-87-5	0.21	18
	hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5	0.036	18
	lengths ranging from one to and including	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02-6	0.036	18
	five, with varying amounts and positions of	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
	chlorine substitution. (This listing does not	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
	include wastewaters, wastewater treatment sludges, spent catalysts, and wastes listed in	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
E025	261.31 or 261.32.).	Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
F025	Condensed light ends from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons,	Carbon tetrachloride Chloroform	56-23-5 67-66-3	0.057 0.046	6.0 6.0
	by free radical catalyzed processes. These	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.046	6.0
	chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those	1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
	having carbon chain lengths ranging from	Methylene chloride	75-9-2	0.089	30
	one to and including five, with varying	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
		Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0

MUL OTTE	Table – Treatment Standards for Ha			***	NT 4
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applica		waters	waters
	Treatment/Regulatory	Common Name	CAS ²	Concentration ⁵	Concentration ⁵
	Subcategory ¹		Number	in mg/l; or	in mg/kg unless
	(11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07)			Technology	noted as mg/l
	NOTE: fb means followed by			Code ⁴	TCLP or
					Technology
					Code ⁴
	amounts and positions of chlorine	Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
	substitution. F025-Light Ends Subcategory				
	Spent filters and filter aids, and spent	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
	desiccant wastes from the production of	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons,	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
	by free radical catalyzed processes. These	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
	chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
	having carbon chain lengths ranging from	Methylene chloride	75-9-2	0.089	30
	one to and including five, with varying	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
	amounts and positions of chlorine	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
	substitution. F025-Spent Filters/Aids and	Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
	Desiccants Subcategory	v myr emoriae	75 01 1		0.0
F027	Discarded unused formulations containing	HxCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
	tri-, tetra-, or pentachlorophenol or	Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)			
	discarded unused formulations containing	HxCDFs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
	compounds derived from these	Hexachlorodibenzofurans)			
	chlorophenols. (This listing does not include	PeCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
	formulations containing hexachlorophene	Pentachlorodibenzo-p-			
	synthesized from prepurified 2,4,5-	dioxins)			
	trichlorophenol as the sole component.).	PeCDFs (All	NA	0.000035	0.001
		Pentachlorodibenzofurans)			
		Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		TCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
		Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)			
		TCDFs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
		Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)			
		2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
		2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
		2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
F028	Residues resulting from the incineration or	HxCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
1020	thermal treatment of soil contaminated with	Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	1424	0.000005	0.001
	EPA Hazardous Wastes Nos. F020, F021,	HxCDFs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
	F023, F026, and F027.	Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	INA .	0.000005	0.001
	1 020, 1 020, and 1 027.	PeCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
		Pentachlorodibenzo-p-		0.000005	0.001
		dioxins)			
		PeCDFs (All	NA	0.000035	0.001
		Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	INA	0.000033	0.001
		Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		TCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
			INA	0.000003	0.001
		Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000072	0.001
		TCDFs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
		Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	05.05.4	0.10	7.4
		2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
		2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
		2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
F032	Wastewaters (except those that have not	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
	come into contact with process	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
	contaminants), process residuals,	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4

268.40 1	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica		Waste waters	Non waste waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes generated at plants that currently	Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
	use or have previously used chlorophenolic formulations (except potentially cross- contaminated wastes that have had the F032	Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
	waste code deleted in accordance with	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	261.35 of this chapter or sediment sludge	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
	from the treatment of wastewater from wood	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
	preserving processes that use potentially	2-4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
	cross-contaminated wastes that are	Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
	otherwise currently regulated as hazardous wastes (i.e., F034 or F035), and where the	Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	NA	0.000063, or CMBST ¹¹	0.001, or CMBST ¹¹
	generator does not resume or initiate use of chlorophenolic formulations). This listing does not include K001 bottom creosote	Hexachlorodibenzofurans	NA	0.000063, or CMBST ¹¹	0.001, or CMBST ¹¹
	and/or penta-chlorophenol.	Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
	and/or penta-emotophenoi.	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	NA	0.000063, or CMBST ¹¹	0.001, or CMBST ¹¹
		Pentachlorodibenzofurans	NA	0.000035, or CMBST ¹¹	0.001, or CMBST ¹¹
		Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	NA	0.000063, or CMBST ¹¹	0.001, or CMBST ¹¹
		Tetrachlorodibenzofurans	NA	0.000063, or CMBST ¹¹	0.001, or CMBST ¹¹
		2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
		2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
		Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
E02 (Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
F034	Wastewaters (except those that have not	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
	come into contact with process	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
	contaminants), process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving	Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from	56-55-3 205-99-2	0.059 0.11	3.4 6.8
	processes generated at plants that use creosote formulations. This listing does not	benzo(k)fluoranthene) Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
	include K001 bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewater from wood	(difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)			
	preserving processes that use creosote	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	and/or pentrachlorophenol.	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
		Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		1 nonantin ene		0.007	
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu	ent	Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
F035	Wastewaters (except those that have not	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
	come into contact with process contaminants), process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes processes generated at plants that use inorganic preservatives containing arsenic or chromium. This listing does not include K001 bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewater from wood preserving processes that use creosote	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
1	and/or pentachlorophenol.				
F037	Petroleum refinery primary oil/water/solids	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	NA
	separation sludge-Any sludge generated	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
	from the gravitational separation of	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	oil/water/solids during the storage or	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	treatment of process wastewaters and oily	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	cooling wastewaters from petroleum	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
	refineries. Such sludges include, but are not	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
	limited to, those generated in:	Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
	oil/water/solids separators; tanks and	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
	impoundments; ditches and other	Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
	conveyances; sumps; and stormwater units	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
	receiving dry weather flow. Sludge	Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
	generated in stormwater units that do not	Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
	receive dry weather flow, sludges generated	Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
	from non-contact once-through cooling	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
	waters segregated for treatment from other process or oily cooling waters, sludges generated in aggressive biological treatment units as define in 261.31(b)(2) (including	Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
	sludges generated in one or more additional	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
	units after wastewaters have been treated in	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
	aggressive biological treatment units) and	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
	K051 wastes are not included in this listing.	Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/l TCLP
F038	Petroleum refinery secondary (emulsified)	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	oil/water/solids separation sludge and/or	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	float generated from the physical and/or	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
	chemical separation of oil/water/solids in	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
	process wastewaters and oily cooling	Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
	wastewaters from petroleum refineries.	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
	Such wastes include, but are not limited to,	Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
	all sludges and floats generated in: induced	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
	air flotation (IAF) units, tanks and	Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
	impoundments, and all sludges generated in	Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
	DAF units. Sludges generated in stormwater	Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
	units that do not receive dry weather flow,	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
	sludges generated from non-contact once- through cooling waters segregated for treatment from other process or oily cooling	Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
	waters, sludges and floats generated in	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
	$P_{\text{equistion 61, 70, 268}}$			<u> </u>	

	<u> Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>			-	
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	aggressive biological treatment units as	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
	defined in 261.31(b)(2) (including sludges	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
	and floats generated in one or more additional units after wastewaters have been treated in aggressive biological units) and F037, K048, and K051 are not included in this listing.	Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/l TCLP
F039	Leachate (liquids that have percolated	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4
	through land disposed wastes) resulting	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
	from the disposal of more than one restricted	Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
	waste classified as hazardous under subpart	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	NA
	D of this part. (Leachate resulting from the	Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
	disposal of one or more of the following	2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	0.059	140
	EPA Hazardous Wastes and no other	Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	NA
	Hazardous Wastes retains its EPA	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): F020, F021, F022, F026, F027, and/or F028). (6/02,	Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066
	(0/02, -0.020, -0.027, -0.020, -0.020). $(0/02, -0.020)$	4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	0.13	NA
	2/07)	Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
		o-Anisidine (2-	90-04-0	0.010	0.66
		methoxyaniline)			
		Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
		Aramite	140-57-8	0.36	NA
		alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066
		beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066
		delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.023	0.066
		gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066
		Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
		Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
		Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	0.35	15
		Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
		4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
		n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
		Butyl benzyl phthalate 2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	85-68-7	0.017	28 2.5
		(Dinoseb)	88-85-7	0.066	
		Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	NA
		Carbon tetrachloride Chlordane (alpha and gamma	56-23-5 57-74-9	0.057 0.0033	6.0 0.26
		isomers)	106 47 9	0.46	16
		p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
		Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
		Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	NA

208.40 1	'able – Treatment Standards for H	lazardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica		Waste waters	Non waste waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	NA
		Chlorodibromomethane	124-48-1	0.057	15
		Chloroethane	75-00-3	0.27	6.0
		bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	0.036	7.2
		bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
		Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
		bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	69638-32-9	0.055	7.2
		p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	74-87-3	0.19	30
		2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	0.055	5.6
		2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
		3-Chloropropylene	107-05-1	0.036	30
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
		p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66
		m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
		p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
		Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.11	15
		Ethylene dibromide (1,2- Dibromomethane)	106-93-4	0.028	15
		Dibromomethane	74-95-3	0.11	15
		2,4-D (2,4- Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	94-75-7	0.72	10
		o,p'-DDD	53-19-0	0.023	0.087
		p,p'-DDD	72-54-8	0.023	0.087
		o, p'-DDE	3424-82-6	0.031	0.087
		p,p'-DDE	72-55-9	0.031	0.087
		o,p'-DDT	789-02-6	0.0039	0.087
		p,p'-DDT	50-29-3	0.0039	0.087
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Dibenz(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	0.061	NA
		m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036 0.088	6.0
		o-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1 106-46-7	0.088	6.0 6.0
		Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.090	7.2
		1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
		1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.039	6.0
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
		2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
		2,6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14
		1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5	0.036	18
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02-6	0.036	18
		Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.017	0.13
		Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28

268.40 T	268.40 Table – Treatment Standards for Hazardous Waste								
WASTE	WASTE CODE Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste				
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴				
		2,4-Dimethylaniline (2,4- xylidine)	95-68-1	0.010	0.66				
		2,4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14				
		Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28				
		Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28				
		1,4-Dinitrobenzene	100-25-4	0.32	2.3				
		4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	534-52-1	0.28	160				
		2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160				
		2,4-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28				
		Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28				
		Di-n-propylnitrosamine	621-64-7	0.40	14				
		1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	12.0	170				
		Diphenylamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylnitrosamine)	122-39-4	0.92	NA				
		Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylamine)	86-30-6	0.92	NA				
		1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.087	NA				
		Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2				
		Endosulfan I	939-98-8	0.023	0.066				
		Endosulfan II	33213-6-5	0.029	0.13				
		Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.029	0.13				
		Endrin	72-20-8	0.0028	0.13				
		Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.025	0.13				
		Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33				
		Ethyl cyanide (Propanenitrile)	107-12-0	0.24	360				
		Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10				
		Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160				
		bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28				
		Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160				
		Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.12	NA				
		Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15				
		Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4				
		Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4				
		Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066				
		1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8- Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 HpCDD) (6/02)	65822-46-9	0.000035	0.0025				
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF) (6/02)	67562-39-4	0.000035	0.0025				
		1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF) (6/02)	55673-89-7	0.000035	0.0025				
		Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066				
		Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10				
		Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6				
		Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4				

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07)	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unles noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
		Hexachloropropylene	1888-71-7	0.035	30
		Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
		Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
		Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
		Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
		Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
		Kepone	143-50-8	0.0011	0.13
		Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
l l		Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	NA
l l		Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5
		Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
		3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.0055	15
		4,4-Methylene bis(2- chloroaniline)	101-14-4	0.50	30
		Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
		Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
		Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
		Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160
		Methyl methansulfonate	66-27-3	0.018	NA
		5	298-00-0	0.018	4.6
		Methyl parathion			
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	NA
		p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	0.028	28
		Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
		5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28
		p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29
		N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.40	28
		N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	0.40	NA
		N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17
		N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	10595-95-6	0.40	2.3
		N-Nitrosomorpholine	59-89-2	0.40	2.3
		N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	0.013	35
		N-Nitrolsopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.013	35
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD) (6/02)	3268-87-9	0.000063	0.0025
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF) (6/02)	39001-02-0	0.000063	0.005
		Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
		Total PCBs (sum of all PCB isomers, or all Aroclors)	1336-36-3	0.10	10
		Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
Treatment/Reg Subcategoi (11/99, 8/00, 6/0	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	ceatment/Regulatory Common Name Subcategory ¹ 1/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07)	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxins)	NA	0.00063	0.001
		PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000035	0.001
		Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8
		Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		1,3-Phenylenediamine	108-45-2	0.010	0.66
		Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
		Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	0.055	NA
		Pronamide	23950-58-5	0.093	1.5
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
		Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22
		Silvex (2,4,5-TP)	93-72-1	0.72	7.9
		2,4,5-T	93-76-5	0.72	7.9
		1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
		TCDDs (All Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		TCDFs (All Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
		Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
		2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
		Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	75-25-2	0.63	15
		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
		Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
		Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
		2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
		2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.85	30
		1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2- trifluoroethane	76-13-1	0.057	30
		tris(2,3-Dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	0.11	NA
		Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)			
		Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/l TCL
		Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLF

	<u> Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>			r	r
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Barium	7440-39-3	1.2	21 mg/l TCLP
		Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.82	NA
		Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLI
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLI
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	NA
		Fluoride	16964-48-8	35	NA
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/l TCLP
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCL
		Sulfide	8496-25-8	14	NA
		Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	NA
		Vanadium	7440-62-2	4.3	NA
K001	Bottom sediment sludge from the treatment	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
	of wastewaters from wood preserving processes that use creosote and/or	Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
	pentachlorophenol.	Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
K002	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of chrome yellow and orange pigments.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
K003	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of molybdate orange pigments.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
K004	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of zinc yellow pigments.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
K005	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of chrome green pigments.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K006	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of chrome oxide green pigments (anhydrous).	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of chrome oxide green pigments (hydrated).	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
K007	Wastewater treatment sludge from the	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	production of iron blue pigments.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K008	Oven residue from the production of chrome	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
	oxide green pigments.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
K009	Distillation bottoms from the production of acetaldehyde from ethylene.	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
K010	Distillation side cuts from the production of acetaldehyde from ethylene.	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0

WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology
K011	Bottom stream from the wastewater stripper in the production of acrylonitrile.	Acetonitrile Acrylonitrile	75-05-8	5.6 0.24	Code ⁴ 38 84
		Acrylamide Benzene	79-06-1 71-43-2	19 0.14	23 10
K013	Bottom stream from the acetonitrile column in the production of acrylonitrile.	Cyanide (Total) Acetonitrile Acrylonitrile	57-12-5 75-05-8 107-13-1	1.2 5.6 0.24	590 38 84
		Acrylamide Benzene Cyanide (Total)	79-06-1 71-43-2 57-12-5	19 0.14 1.2	23 10 590
K014	Bottoms from the acetonitrile purification column in the production of acrylonitrile.	Acetonitrile Acrylonitrile Acrylamide	75-05-8 107-13-1 79-06-1	5.6 0.24 19	38 84 23
K015	Still bottoms from the distillation of benzyl	Benzene Cyanide (Total) Anthracene	71-43-2 57-12-5 120-12-7	0.14 1.2 0.059	10 590 3.4
	chloride.	Benzal chloride Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	98-87-3 205-99-2	0.055 0.11	6.0 6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Phenanthrene Toluene Chromium (Total)	85-01-8 108-88-3 7440-47-3	0.059 0.080 2.77	5.6 10 0.60 mg/l TCLI
K016	Heavy ends or distillation residues from the production of carbon tetrachloride.	Nickel Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	7440-02-0 118-74-1 87-68-3 77-47-4 67-72-1 127-18-4	3.98 0.055 0.055 0.057 0.057 0.055 0.056	11 mg/l TCLP 10 5.6 2.4 30 6.0
K017	Heavy ends (still bottoms) from the purification column in the production of epichlorohydrin.	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,2,3-Trichloropropane	127-18-4 111-44-4 78-87-5 96-18-4	0.030 0.033 0.85 0.85	6.0 18 30
K018	Heavy ends from the fractionation column in ethyl chloride production.	Chloroethane Chloromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane Hexachlorobenzene	75-00-3 74-87-3 75-34-3 107-06-2 118-74-1	0.27 0.19 0.059 0.21 0.055	6.0 NA 6.0 6.0 10
		Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachloroethane Pentachloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	87-68-3 67-72-1 76-01-7 71-55-6	0.055 0.055 0.055 NA 0.054	5.6 30 6.0 6.0
K019	Heavy ends from the distillation of ethylene dichloride in ethylene dichloride production.	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether Chlorobenzene Chloroform p-Dichlorobenzene	111-44-4 108-90-7 67-66-3 106-46-7	0.033 0.057 0.046 0.090	6.0 6.0 6.0 NA
		1,2-Dichloroethane Fluorene	107-06-2 86-73-7	0.21 0.059	6.0 NA

	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha				
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	NA
		Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
K020	Heavy ends from the distillation of vinyl	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
	chloride in vinyl chloride monomer	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
	production.	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
K021	Aqueous spent antimony catalyst waste	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
	from fluoromethanes production.	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
		Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/l TCLP
K022	Distillation bottom tars from the production	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
	of phenol/acetone from cumene.	Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
		Diphenylamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylnitrosamine)	122-39-4	0.92	13
		Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult to distinguish from	86-30-6	0.92	13
		diphenylamine) Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.2 0.60 mg/l TCLP
		Nickel	7440-47-3	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
K023	Distillation light ends from the production of phthalic anhydride from naphthalene.	Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	100-21-0	0.055	28
		Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	85-44-9	0.055	28
K024	Distillation bottoms from the production of phthalic anhydride from naphthalene.	Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	100-21-0	0.055	28
		Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	85-44-9	0.055	28
K025	Distillation bottoms from the production of nitrobenzene by the nitration of benzene.	NA	NA	LLEXT fb SSTRP fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
K026	Stripping still tails from the production of methyl ethyl pyridines.	NA	NA	CMBST	CMBST
K027	Centrifuge and distillation residues from toluene diisocyanate production.	NA	NA	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
K028	Spent catalyst from the hydrochlorinator	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
	reactor in the production of 1,1,1-	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
	trichloroethane.	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
		Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
		Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	NA	6.0
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0

K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Common Name	WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste
K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane 71-55-6 0.054 (1,1,2-Trichloroethane 79-00-5 0.054 (0.054 (1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5 0.054 (0.054 (0.052 (0.068 1 0.046 (0.046 (0.025 (0.046 (0.025 (0.046 (0.025 (0.055 (0.051 (0.025 (0.051 (0.025 (0.035	CODE	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07)		CAS ²	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of 1,1,1-trichloroethalene Charomium (7tal) 7440-43-9 0.69 1 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene 1.1-Dichloroethylene 71-53-4 0.025 6 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene 71-53-4 0.025 6 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene 75-01-4 0.027 6 Hexachloroethylene 75-50-1 0.088 1 p-Dichloroethylene 75-50-1 0.088 1 p-Dichloroethylene 67-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachloroethylene 67-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachloroethylene 67-8-3 0.055 1 1,2,4,5-Tettrachlorobenzene 90-94-3 0.055 1 K031 By-product salts generated in the production of chlordane. Arsenic 7440-38-2 1.4 2 K032 Wastewater treatment sludge from the chlorination of chlordane. Hexachloroeyclopentadiene 77-47-4 0.057			Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
						6.0
K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Chromium (Total) Lead $7440-47-3$ ($140-02-0$) 2.77 C K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Chloroform $67-66-3$ 0.046 6 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene. $12-Dichloroethane$ $71-55-6$ 0.055 6 Hexachloroethane $77-21-6$ 0.055 5 6 0.055 5 Hexachloroethane $67-72-1$ 0.055 5 $12-45-7$ $146-7-7$ 0.055 2 Hexachloroethane $76-01-7$ NA 2 $12-45-7$ $148-7-7-2$ 0.055 $12-45-7$ K031 By-product salts generated in the production Arsenic $7440-38-2$ 1.4 $14-7-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-1$						6.0
K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Lead 7430-92-1 0.69 (K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Chloroform 67-66-3 0.046 6 (12-Dichloroethane 107-06-2 0.21 (6 (1.2-Dichloroethylen 75-35-6 0.025 (((1.1-Dichloroethylen 75-35-6 0.054 (((1.1-Dichloroethylen 75-35-6 0.055 1 ((1.1-Dichloroethylen 75-35-6 0.055 2 ((1.0-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 0.090 1 (1.2-A-51-14 0.255 1 (0.055 1 (1.2-2-51-14 0.255 1 (0.055 1 (1.2-2-51-14-10-02-17 NA 1 1 (0.4-3-7-72-1 0.055 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						NA
K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Nickel 7440-02-0 3.98 1 K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Nickel 7440-02-0 3.98 1 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene 12-Dichloroethane 71-55-6 0.054 (1,1)-Trichloroethane 71-55-6 0.055 2 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene. -Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 0.088 P P-Dichloroethane 67-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachloropropylene 1887-17 NA 2 Hexachloropropylene 1888-71-7 NA 1 Pentachloroethane 670-17 NA 2 K031 By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid. Arsenic 7440-38-2 NA 1 K032 Wastewater transmit sludge from the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 0.057 2 K033 Wastewater transmet sludges generated in the production of chlordane.						0.60 mg/l TCL
K029 Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. Chloroform 67-66-3 0.046 ¢ K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene and perchloroethylene. 1,1-Dichloroethylene 75-35-4 0.027 ¢ K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene and perchloroethylene. 0.051 0.058 1 Hexachlorobenzene 106-46-7 0.090 1 1 1 0.055 2 Hexachloroethane 67-72-1 0.055 2 1						0.75 mg/l TCL
production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. 1,2-Dichloroethane 107-06-2 0,21 (e) K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene 75-01-4 0,027 (e) A030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the and perchloroethylene. 0-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 0,088 (e) PDichlorobenzene 95-50-1 0,055 2 (e) (e) (e) Hexachloroptustaiene 87-68-3 0,055 2 (e)						11 mg/l TCLP
K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene. 1,1-Dichloroethylene 75-35-4 0.025 0.054 0.11 K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene. 0-Dichloroethane 71-55-6 0.054 0.07 0.07 0.088 10 And perchloroethylene. 0-Dichloroethane 95-50-1 0.0088 10 106-46-7 0.090 11 Hexachloroethane 67-72-1 0.055 5 11 11-Dichloroebnzene 106-49-7 0.005 21 Hexachloropthane 67-72-1 0.055 11 11 12-18-4 0.055 11 Pentachloroethane 76-01-7 NA 12 12-18-4 0.055 11 Tetrachloroethylene 127-18-4 0.055 12 12-18-4 0.055 12 K031 By-product salts generated in the production Arseic 7440-38-2 1.4 5 K032 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 0.057 2 K033 Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorane. Hexa	K029					6.0
K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 71-55-6 0.054 ℓ and perchloroethylene. o-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 0.088 1 and perchloroethylene. o-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 0.088 1 Hexachlorophradiene 87-68-3 0.055 2 Hexachlorophradiene 87-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachlorophrazene 608-93-5 NA 1 Pentachlorobenzene 95-94-3 0.055 1 NA 1 Pentachlorobenzene 95-94-3 0.055 1 Rotal acacodylic acid. Arsenic 77-47-4 0.055 1 K031 By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid. Arsenic 74-44-38-2 1.4 5 K032 Wastewater treatment sludge from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. Na 1 1 K034 Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. 1 2 1 2 <t< td=""><td></td><td>production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane.</td><td>/</td><td></td><td></td><td>6.0 6.0</td></t<>		production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane.	/			6.0 6.0
K030Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene and perchloroethylene.Vinyl chloride of trichloroethylene p-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene95-50-1 106-46-7 0.090 0.090 100-84-57 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-87 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-87-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-86-77 100-87-77 100-97-77 10						6.0
K030 Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichlorobentylene. o-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 0.088 N nd perchloroethylene. -Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 0.090 N Hexachloroptadiene 87-68-3 0.055 5 Hexachloroptadiene 87-768-3 0.055 5 Hexachloroptadiene 67-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachloroptadiene 67-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachloroptadiene 67-72-1 0.055 2 Hexachloroptadiene 67-72-1 0.055 2 Pentachlorobenzene 69-3-5 NA 1 Pentachloroethane 76-01-7 NA 6 12,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene 120-82-1 0.055 1 K031 By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid. Arsenic 7440-38-2 1.4 2 K032 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. 1024-57-3 0.016 0 K033 Wastewater and scrub water from the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlo						6.0
	K030	Column bodies or heavy ends from the				NA
	1050					NA
Hexachloroethane $67.72-1$ 0.055 3 Hexachloropropylene 1888-71-7 NA 3 Pentachlorobenzene $608-93-5$ NA 1 Pentachloroethane $76-01-7$ NA 6 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene $95-94-3$ 0.055 1 Tetrachloroethylene $120-82-1$ 0.055 1 K031 By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid. Arsenic $7440-38-2$ 1.4 5 K032 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.0033 0 K033 Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.0057 2 K034 Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.057 2 K035 Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.057 2 Chlor						5.6
Hexachloropropylene $1888-71-7$ NA3Pentachloropenzene $608-93-5$ NA1Pentachloropenzene $76-01-7$ NA1Pentachloropenzene $95-94-3$ 0.055 1I.2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene $120-82-1$ 0.055 1Tetrachloropenzene $120-82-1$ 0.055 1K031By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid.Arsenic $7440-38-2$ 1.4 5K032Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.057 2K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.057 2K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77-47-4$ 0.057 2K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphtene $83-32-9$ NA2K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphtene $83-32-9$ NA2Genza(a)pyrene $50-32-8$ 0.061 2Genza(a)pyrene $50-32-8$ 0.061 2		1 5				30
Pentachlorobenzene $608-93-5$ NA I Pentachlorothane $76-01-7$ NA 6 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene $95-94.3$ 0.055 1 Tetrachlorothylene $127.18.4$ 0.056 6 K031 By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid. Arsenic $744.038-2$ 1.4 5 K032 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77.47.4$ 0.0057 2 K033 Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77.47.4$ 0.0012 0 K034 Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77.47.4$ 0.057 2 K035 Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of chlordane. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene $76.44.8$ 0.0012 0 K034 Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene $77.47.4$ 0.057 2 K035 Wastewater treatment sludges generated in						30
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5		10
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	NA	6.0
K031By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid.Arsenic120-82-10.0551K032Wastewater treatment sludge from production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.00120K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of chlordane.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3K035Mastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3K036Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadieneChrysene56-55-30.0593Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.05933Benz(a)anthracene50-32-80.0613Octresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol(difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a)h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683			1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3		14
K031By-product salts generated in the production of MSMA and cacodylic acid.Arsenic7440-38-21.45K032Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentaliene Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)77-47-40.0572K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Heptachlor epoxide76-44-80.00120K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene Benz(a)anthracene83-32-9NA3Genzo(a)pyrene50-32-80.0613Chrysene218-01-90.0593Go-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683			Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
of MSMA and cacodylic acid.K032Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)57-74-90.00330Heptachlor76-44-80.00120Heptachlor epoxide1024-57-30.0160K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3Benz(a)anthracene50-32-80.0613Benz(a)anthracene51-53-30.0593Benz(a)aphyrene50-32-80.0613Orysene218-01-90.0593O-Cresol95-48-70.115P-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)106-44-50.775P-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Fluoranthene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683			1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
production of chlordane.Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)57-74-90.00330Heptachlor76-44-80.00120Heptachlor epoxide1024-57-30.0160K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadieneHexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphtene83-32-9NA3Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.0613Benz(a)pyrene50-32-80.0613Chrysene218-01-90.0593o-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683	K031	of MSMA and cacodylic acid.	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
k033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.isomers)76-44-80.00120K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadieneHexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3Mathracene120-12-7NA3Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.0593Benz(a)anthracene50-32-80.0613Chrysene218-01-90.0593o-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683	K032					2.4
K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3Anthracene120-12-7NA3Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.0593Benz(a)anthracene50-32-80.0613O-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)108-39-40.775p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683		production of chlordane.	isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
K033Wastewater and scrub water from the chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.0593Benz(a)anthracene50-32-80.0613Chrysene218-01-90.0593o-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683						0.066
chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.Hexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3Benz(a)anthracene120-12-7NA3Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.0593Benz(a)anthracene50-32-80.0613Chrysene218-01-90.0593o-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)106-44-50.775p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683					0.016	0.066
K034Filter solids from the filtration of hexachlorocyclopentadieneHexachlorocyclopentadiene77-47-40.0572K035Wastewater treatment sludges generated in the production of creosote.Acenaphthene83-32-9NA3Benz(a)anthracene120-12-7NA3Benz(a)anthracene56-55-30.0593Benzo(a)pyrene50-32-80.0613Chrysene218-01-90.0593o-Cresol95-48-70.115m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)106-44-50.775p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683	K033	chlorination of cyclopentadiene in the	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
the production of creosote. Anthracene 120-12-7 NA 3 Benz(a)anthracene 56-55-3 0.059 3 Benzo(a)pyrene 50-32-8 0.061 3 Chrysene 218-01-9 0.059 3 o-Cresol 95-48-7 0.11 5 m-Cresol (difficult to 108-39-4 0.77 5 distinguish from p-cresol) - - - p-Cresol (difficult to 106-44-5 0.77 5 distinguish from m-cresol) - - 5 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 53-70-3 NA 8 Fluoranthene 206-44-0 0.068 3		hexachlorocyclopentadiene in the production of chlordane.	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			2.4
Benz(a)anthracene 56-55-3 0.059 3 Benzo(a)pyrene 50-32-8 0.061 3 Chrysene 218-01-9 0.059 3 o-Cresol 95-48-7 0.11 5 m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol) 108-39-4 0.77 5 p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol) 106-44-5 0.77 5 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 53-70-3 NA 8 Fluoranthene 206-44-0 0.068 3	K035					3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene 50-32-8 0.061 3 Chrysene 218-01-9 0.059 3 o-Cresol 95-48-7 0.11 5 m-Cresol (difficult to 108-39-4 0.77 5 distinguish from p-cresol)		the production of creosote.				3.4
Chrysene 218-01-9 0.059 3 o-Cresol 95-48-7 0.11 5 m-Cresol (difficult to 108-39-4 0.77 5 distinguish from p-cresol) p-Cresol (difficult to 106-44-5 0.77 5 distinguish from m-cresol) Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 53-70-3 NA 8 Fluoranthene 206-44-0 0.068 3						3.4
o-Cresol 95-48-7 0.11 5 m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol) 108-39-4 0.77 5 p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol) 106-44-5 0.77 5 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 53-70-3 NA 8 Fluoranthene 206-44-0 0.068 3						3.4
m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)108-39-4 0.770.775 5 5 5p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-5 0.770.775 5 5Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3 206-44-0NA8 6 3						3.4
distinguish from p-cresol)106-44-50.775p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)106-44-50.775Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683						5.6
distinguish from m-cresol)Dibenz(a,h)anthracene53-70-3NA8Fluoranthene206-44-00.0683			distinguish from p-cresol)			5.6
Fluoranthene 206-44-0 0.068 3			distinguish from m-cresol)			5.6
						8.2
Fluorene 86-73-7 NA 3						3.4
						3.4
						3.4 5.6

WASTE	<u> Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>	Regulated hazardous constitu	ent	Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Treatment/RegulatoryCommon NameSubcategory1(11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07)	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
K036	Still bottoms from toluene reclamation distillation in the production of disulfoton.	Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
K037	Wastewater treatment sludges from the	Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
	production of disulfoton.	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
K038	Wastewater from the washing and stripping of phorate production.	Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
K039	Filter cake from the filtration of diethylphosphorodithioic acid in the production of phorate.	NA	NA	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
K040	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of phorate.	Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
K041	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of toxaphene.	Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
K042	Heavy ends or distillation residues from the distillation of tetrachlorobenzene in the production of 2,4,5-T.	o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
		p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
		Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
		1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
K043	2,6-Dichlorophenol waste from the production of 2,4-D.	2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
		2,6-Dichlorophenol	187-65-0	0.044	14
		2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
		2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
		2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
		Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
		HxCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
		Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)		0.0000(2	0.001
		HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000035	0.001
		TCDDs (All Tetrachlorodibenzop-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		TCDFs (All Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
K044	Wastewater treatment sludges from the manufacturing and processing of explosives.	NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
K045	Spent carbon from the treatment of wastewater containing explosives.	NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
K046	Wastewater treatment sludges from the manufacturing, formulation and loading of lead-based initiating compounds.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLI
K047	Pink/red water from TNT operations	NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
K048	· ·	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float from the	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	petroleum refining industry.	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
		Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.509	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene	108-88-33	0.080	10
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
		Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/l TCLP
K049	Slop oil emulsion solids from the petroleum	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
	refining industry.	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
		Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	NA
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	0.036	NA
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
		Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11mg/1 TCLP
K050	Heat exchanger bundle cleaning sludge	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	from the petroleum refining industry.	Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
		Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/l TCLP
K051	API separator sludge from the petroleum	Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	NA
	refining industry.	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
		Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
		Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28

WASTE	Table – Treatment Standards for Ha	Regulated hazardous constitu	ant	Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable			
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Di-n-butyl phthalate	105-67-9	0.057	28
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
		Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.08	10
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLI
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
		Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/l TCLP
K052	Tank bottoms (leaded) from the petroleum	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	refining industry.	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
		m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
		p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
		2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	0.036	NA
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.08	10
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
		Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/l TCLP
K060	Ammonia still lime sludge from coking	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	operations.	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K061	Emission control dust/sludge from the	Antimony	7440-36-0	NA	1.15 mg/l TCLI
	primary production of steel in electric	Arsenic	7440-38-2	NA	5.0 mg/l TCLP
	furnaces.	Barium	7440-39-3	NA	21 mg/l TCLP
		Beryllium	7440-41-7	NA	1.22 mg/l TCL
		Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCL
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCL
		Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitue NOTE: NA means not applica		Waste waters	Non waste waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Selenium	7782-49-2	NA	5.7 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/l TCLP
		Thallium	7440-28-0	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP
		Zinc	7440-66-6	NA	4.3 mg/l TCLP
K062	Spent pickle liquor generated by steel	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
	finishing operations of facilities within the	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
	iron and steel industry (SIC Codes 331 and 332).	Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	NA
K069	Emission control dust/sludge from	Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLP
	secondary lead smelting. – Calcium Sulfate (Low Lead) Subcategory	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ 1 TCLP
	Emission control dust/sludge from secondary lead smelting. – Non-Calcium Sulfate (High Lead) Subcategory	NA	NA	NA	RLEAD
K071	K071 (Brine purification muds from the mercury cell process in chlorine production, where separately prepurified brine is not used) nonwastewaters that are residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP
	K071 (Brine purification muds from the mercury cell process in chlorine production, where separately prepurified brine is not used.) nonwastewaters that are not residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
	All K071 wastewaters.	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
K073	Chlorinated hydrocarbon waste from the	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
	purification step of the diaphragm cell	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	process using graphite anodes in chlorine	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
	production.	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
12002		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
K083	Distillation bottoms from aniline production.	Aniline	62-53-3 71-43-2	0.81 0.14	14 10
	production.	Benzene Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
		Diphenylamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylnitrosamine)	122-39-4	0.92	13
		Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylamine)	86-30-6	0.92	13
		Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
V004		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
K084	Wastewater treatment sludges generated during the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or organo- arsenic compounds.	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
K085	Distillation or fractionation column bottoms	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	from the production of chlorobenzenes.	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
		m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
	l	o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
		Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
		Total PCBs (sum of all PCB isomers, or all Aroclors)	1336-36-3	0.10	10
		Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
		1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
K086	Solvent wastes and sludges, caustic washes	Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
	and sludges, or water washes and sludges	Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
	from cleaning tubs and equipment used in	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
	the formulation of ink from pigments, driers,	n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
	soaps, and stabilizers containing chromium	Butylbenzyl phthalate	85-68-7	0.017	28
	and lead.	Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
		o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
		Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
		Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
		Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
		Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
		Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
		Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	NA
		Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
		Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
		Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
		Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		concentrations)			
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
	-	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
K087	Decanter tank tar sludge from coking	Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4
	operations.	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Toluene Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum	108-88-3 1330-20-7	0.080 0.32	10 30
		of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	7420.02.1	0.00	0.75 /1 TOLD
IZ 000		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 m/l TCLP
K088	Spent potliners from primary aluminum	Acenaphthalene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
	reduction.	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
		Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applica	ble CAS ²	waters Concentration ⁵	waters Concentration ⁵
	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	Number	in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Pyrene Antimony	129-00-0 7440-36-0	0.067	8.2 1.15 mg/l TCLP
		Artimony	7440-36-0	1.9	26.1 mg/l TCLP
		Barium	7440-38-2	1.4	20.1 mg/1 TCLP
		Beryllium	7440-37-3	0.82	1.22 mg/l TCLP
		Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLP
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
		Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/l TCLP
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
		Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
		Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCLP
		Cyanide (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanide (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
14000		Fluoride	16984-48-8	35	NA
K093	Distillation light ends from the production of phthalic anhydride from ortho-xylene.	Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	100-21-0	0.055	28
		Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	85-44-9	0.055	28
K094	Distillation bottoms from the production of phthalic anhydride from ortho-xylene.	Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	100-21-0	0.055	28
		Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	85-44-9	0.055	28
K095	Distillation bottoms from the production of	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
	1,1,1-trichloroethane.	Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
		Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
12007		Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
K096	Heavy ends from the heavy ends column	m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
	from the production of 1,1,1- trichloroethane.	Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6 79-34-6	0.057 0.057	6.0
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.057	6.0 6.0
		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	127-18-4	0.055	19

WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitue		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
		Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
K097	Vacuum stripper discharge from the chlordane chlorinator in the production of	Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
	chlordane.	Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
		Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
		Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
K098	Untreated process wastewater from the production of toxaphene.	Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
K099	Untreated wastewater from the production of 2,4-D.	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	94-75-7	0.72	10
		HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		TCDDs (All Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
		TCDFs (All Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
K100	Waste leaching solution from acid leaching of emission control dust/sludge from	Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLI
		Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLI
	secondary lead smelting.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLI
K101	Distillation tar residues from the distillation	o-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	0.27	14
	of aniline-based compounds in the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals	Arsenic Cadmium	7440-38-2	1.4 0.69	5.0 mg/l TCLP
	from arsenic or organo-arsenic compounds.	Lead	7440-43-9 7439-92-1	0.69	NA NA
	nom alseme of organo alseme compounds.	Mercury	7439-92-1	0.15	NA
K102	Residue from the use of activated carbon for	o-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	0.028	13
	decolorization in the production of	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
	veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or	Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	NA
	organo-arsenic compounds.	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
		Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
K103	Process residues from aniline extraction	Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
	from the production of aniline.	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
		Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
V104	Combined westswater streams corrected	Phenol Aniline	108-95-2 62-53-3	0.039	6.2
K104	Combined wastewater streams generated from nitrobenzene/aniline production.	Benzene	62-53-5 71-43-2	0.81 0.14	14 10
	nom introbenzene/ammie production.	2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.14	160
		Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K105		Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constit		Waste waters	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applie Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	Separated aqueous stream from the reactor product washing step in the production of chlorobenzenes.	2-Chlorophenol o-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene	95-57-8 95-50-1 106-46-7	0.044 0.088 0.090	5.7 6.0 6.0
		Phenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	108-95-2 95-95-4 88-06-2	0.039 0.18 0.035	6.2 7.4 7.4
K106	K106 (wastewater treatment sludge from the mercury cell process in chlorine production) nonwastewaters that contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	RMERC
	K106 (wastewater treatment sludge from the mercury cell process in chlorine production) nonwastewaters that contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury that are residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP
	Other K106 nonwastewaters that contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury and are not residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
	All K106 wastewaters.	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
K107	Column bottoms from product separation from the production of 1,1- dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
K108	Condensed column overheads from product separation and condensed reactor vent gases from the production of 1,1- dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
K109	Spent filter cartridges from product purification from the production of 1,1- dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
K110	Condensed column overheads from intermediate separation from the production of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
K111	Product washwaters from the production of dinitrotoluene via nitration of toluene	2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2 606-20-2	0.32 0.55	140 28
K112	Reaction by-product water from the drying column in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
K113	Condensed liquid light ends from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.	NA	NA	CARBN; OR CMBST	CMBST

WASTE		Regulated hazardous consti	ituent	Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
K114	Vicinals from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.	NA	NA	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
K115	Heavy ends from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.	Nickel NA	7440-02-0 NA	3.98 CARBN; or CMBST	11 mg/l TCLP CMBST
K116	Organic condensate from the solvent recovery column in the production of toluene diisocyanate via phosgenation of toluenediamine.	NA	NA	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
K117	Wastewater from the reactor vent gas scrubber in the production of ethylene	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
	dibromide via bromination of ethene.	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
		Ethylene dibromide (1,2- Dibromoethane)	106-93-4	0.028	15
K118	Spent absorbent solids from purification of ethylene dibromide in the production of	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
	ethylene dibromide via bromination of	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	ethene.	Ethylene dibromide (1,2- Dibromoethane)	106-93-4	0.028	15
K123	Process wastewater (including supernates, filtrates, and washwaters) from the production of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN)	CMBST
K124	Reactor vent scrubber water from the production of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN)	CMBST
K125	Filtration, evaporation, and centrifugation solids from the production of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN)	CMBST
K126	Baghouse dust and floor sweepings in milling and packaging operations from the production or formulation of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.	NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN)	CMBST
K131	Wastewater from the reactor and spent sulfuric acid from the acid dryer from the production of methyl bromide.	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
K132	Spent absorbent and wastewater separator solids from the production of methyl bromide.	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
K136	Still bottoms from the purification of ethylene dibromide in the production of	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
	ethylene dibromide via bromination of	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	ethene.	Ethylene dibromide (1,2- Dibromoethane)	106-93-4	0.028	15
K141	Process residues from the recovery of coal	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	tar, including, but not limited to, collecting	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applic	able	waters	waters
	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	sump residues from the production of coke	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-2-8	0.061	3.4
	or the recovery of coke by-products produced from coal. This listing does not include K087 (decanter tank tar sludge from	Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
	coking operations).	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
K142	Tar storage tank residues from the	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	production of coke from coal or from the	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	recovery of coke by-products produced	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	from coal.	Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k))	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
K143	Process residues from the recovery of light oil, including, but not limited to, those generated in stills, decanters, and wash oil	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
		Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	recovery units from the recovery of coke by- products produced from coal.	Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)flouranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
K144	Wastewater sump residues from light oil	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	refining, including, but not limited to,	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	intercepting or contamination sump sludges	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
	from the recovery of coke by-products produced from coal.	Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
K145	Residues from naphthalene collection and	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	recovery operations from the recovery of	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	coke by-products produced from coal.	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
K147	Tar storage tank residues from coal tar	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	refining.	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
		Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not application		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
K148	Residues from coal tar distillation,	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	including, but not limited to, still bottoms.	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
		Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
		Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
K149	Distillation bottoms from the production of	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
	alpha- (or methyl-) chlorinated toluenes,	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	ring-chlorinated toluenes, benzoyl chlorides, and compounds with mixtures of	Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	30
	these functional groups. (This waste does	p-Dichlorobenzene Hexachlorobenzene	106-46-7 118-74-1	0.090 0.055	6.0 10
	not include still bottoms from the	Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
	distillations of benzyl chloride.)	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
	• ,	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
K150	Organic residuals, excluding spent carbon	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
11100	adsorbent, from the spent chlorine gas and	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	hydrochloric acid recovery processes	Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	30
	associated with the production of alpha- (or	p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
	methyl-) chlorinated toluenes, ring-	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
	chlorinated toluenes, benzoyl chlorides, and	Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
	compounds with mixtures of these functional groups.	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
	Tunctional groups.	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.057	6.0
		Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
17151		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
K151	Wastewater treatment sludges, excluding neutralization and biological sludges,	Benzene Carbon tetrachloride	71-43-2 56-23-5	0.14 0.057	10 6.0
	generated during the treatment of	Carbon tetrachloride	67-66-3	0.037	6.0
	wastewaters from the production of alpha-	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
	(or methyl-) chlorinated toluenes, ring-	Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
	chlorinated toluenes, benzoyl chlorides, and	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	10
	compounds with mixtures of these	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
	functional groups.	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
K156	Organic waste (including heavy ends, still	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	1.8
	bottoms, light ends, spent solvents, filtrates,	Acetophenone	98-86-2	0.010	9.7
	and decantates) from the production of	Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
	carbamates and carbamoyl oximes.	Benomyl ¹⁰	17804-35-2	0.056; or	1.4; or

268.40 7	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous cons		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not app		waters	waters
	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	CMBST
		Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
		Carbaryl ¹⁰	63-25-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
		Carbenzadim ¹⁰	10605-21-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		Carbofuran ¹⁰	1563-66-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
		Carbosulfan ¹⁰	55285-14-8	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.507	6.0
		Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
		o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
		Methomyl ¹⁰	16752-77-5	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
		Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
		Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
		Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		Triethylamine	121-44-8	0.081; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.5; or CMBST
K157	Wastewaters (including scrubber waters,	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
	condenser waters, washwaters, and	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
	separation waters) from the production of	Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	30
carbamates and carbamoyl oximes.	carbamates and carbamoyl oximes.	Methomyl ¹⁰	16752-77-5	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or	0.14; or CMBST

	<u> [able – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>				
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN	
		Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
		Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
		Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
		Triethylamine	121-44-8	0.081; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.5; or CMBST
K158	Bag house dusts and filter/separation solids from the production of carbamates and	Duran	71-43-2	0.14	10
	carbamoyl oximes.	Benzene Carbenzadim ¹⁰	10605-21-7	0.14 0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	10 1.4; or CMBST
		Carbofuran ¹⁰	1563-66-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
		Carbosulfan ¹⁰	55285-14-8	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
		Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
		Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
K159	Organics from the treatment of	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
	thiocarbamate wastes.	Butylate ¹⁰	2008-41-5	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		EPTC (Eptam) ¹⁰	759-94-4	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		Molinate ¹⁰	2212-67-1	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		Pebulate ¹⁰	1114-71-2	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
		Vernolate 10	1929-77-7	0.042; or	1.4; or

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constit	uent	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	CMBST
K161	Purification solids (including filtration,	Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/l TCLP
	evaporation, and centrifugation solids),	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
	baghouse dust and floor sweepings from the	Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.8 m/l TCLP
	production of dithiocarbamate acids and their salts.	Dithiocarbamates (total) ¹⁰	NA	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	28; or CMBST
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLF
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11.0 mg/l TCLI
		Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
K169	Crude oil tank sediment from petroleum refining operations. (8/00)	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
		Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10.
		Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10.
		Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	81-05-8	0.059	5.6
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10.
		Xylene(s) (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30.
K170	Clarified slurry oil sediment from petroleum	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	refining operations. (8/00)	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10.
		Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
		Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
		Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10.
		Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
		Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	81-05-8	0.059	5.6
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10.
		Xylene(s) (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30.
K171	Spent hydrotreating catalyst from petroleum	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
	refining operations, including guard beds	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10.
	used to desulfurize feeds to other catalytic	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
	reactors (this listing does not include inert	Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10.
	support media.) (8/00)	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Phenanthrene	81-05-8	0.059	5.6
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10.
		Xylene(s) (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30.
		Arsenic	7740-38-2	1.4	5. mg/L TCLP

WASTE CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99 8/00 6/04 2/07)	Regulated hazardous constitue NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	ble	Waste waters	Non waste
CODE	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹				Non waste waters
	Treatment/Regulatory		CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11.0 mg/L TCLP
		Vanadium	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/L TCLP
		Reactive sulfides	NA	DEACT	DEACT
K172	Spent hydrorefining catalyst from	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10.
	petroleum refiing operations, including	Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10.
	guard beds used to desulfurize feeds to other	Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10.
	catalytic reactors (this listing does not	Xylene(s) (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30.
	include inert support media.)	Antimony	7740-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/L TCLP
		Arsenic	7740-38-2	1.4	5. mg/L TCLP
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11.0 mg/L TCLP
		Vanadium	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/L TCLP
		Reactive Sulfides	NA	DEACT	DEACT
K174	Wastewater treatment sludges from the production of ethylene dichloride or vinyl	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8- Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 HpCDD	35822-46-9	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
	chloride monomer (6/02)	(1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF)	67562-39-4	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
		1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF)	55673-89-7	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
		HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	34465-46-8	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	55684-94-1	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD)	3268-87-9	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	39001-02-0	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
		PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	36088-22-9	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	30402-15-4	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		TCDDs (All tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	41903-57-5	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		TCDFs (All tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	7440-36-0	1.4	5.0 mg/L TCLP
K175	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of vinyl chloride monomer using	Mercury ¹²	7438-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/L TCLP
	mercuric chloride catalyst in an acetylene- based process.(6/02)	pH ¹²	R 100 05 1	NA pH<6.0	
K176	All K175 wastewaters Baghouse filters from the production of antimenu aride, including filters from the	Mercury Antimony	7438-97-6 7440-36-0	0.15 1.9	NA 1.15 mg/L
ſ	antimony oxide, including filters from the	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	TCLP 5.0 mg/L TCLP

268.40 1	Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha	zardous Waste			
WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitue		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	production of intermediates (e.g., antimony metal or crude antimony oxide). (6/03)	Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/L TCLP
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/L TCLP
		Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/L TCLP
K177	Slag from the production of antimony oxide that is speculatively accumulated or	Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/L TCLP
	disposed, including slag from the	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/L TCLP
	production of intermediates (e.g., antimony metal or crude antimony oxide). (6/03)	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/L TCLP
K178	Residues from manufacturing and manufacturing-site storage of ferric chloride from acids formed during the production of	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> -dioxin (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD)	35822-39-4	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
	titanium dioxide using the chloride-ilmenite process. (6/03)	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF)	67562-39-4	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
		1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF)	55673-89-7	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
		HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> -dioxins)	34465-46-8	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	55684-94-1	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> -dioxin (OCDD)	3268-87-9	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
		1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	39001-02-0	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
		PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> - dioxins)	36088-22-9	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	30402-15-4	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		TCDDs (All tetrachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> -dioxins)	41903-57-5	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		TCDFs (All tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	55722-27-5	0.000063 or CMBST ¹¹	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
<u>W101</u>		Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	0.20 mg/L TCLP
K181	Nonwastewaters from the production of	Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
	dyes and/or pigments (including nonwastewaters commingled at the point of	o-Anisidine (2- methoxyaniline)	90-04-0	0.010	0.66
	generation with nonwastewaters from other	4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
	processes) that, at the point of generation,	p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66
	contain mass loadings of any of the constituents identified in paragraph (c) of	2,4-Dimethylaniline (2,4- xylidine)	95-68-1	0.010	0.66
	section 261.32 that are equal to or greater	1,2-Phenylenediamine	95-54-5	CMBST; or CHOXD fb	CMBST; or CHOXD fb

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
	Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Treatment/Regulatory Common Name Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by Logonal	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	than the corresponding paragraph (c) levels, as determined on a calendar year basis.			(BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	(BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN
		1,3-Phenylenediamine	108-45-2	0.10	0.66
P001	Warfarin, & salts, when present at concentrations greater than 0.3%	Warfarin	81-81-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P002	1-Acetyl-2-thiourea	1-Acetyl-2-thiourea	591-08-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P003	Acrolein	Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	CMBST
P004	Aldrin	Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066
P005	Allyl alcohol	Allyl alcohol	107-18-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P006	Aluminum phosphide	Aluminum phosphide	20859-73-8	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P007	5-Aminomethyl 3-isoxazolol	5-Aminomethyl 3-isoxazolol	2763-96-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P008	4-Aminopyridine	4-Aminopyridine	504-24-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P009	Ammonium picrate	Ammonium picrate	131-74-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD: CHRED; or CMBST
P010	Arsenic acid	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
P011	Arsenic pentoxide	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
P012	Arsenic trioxide	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
P013	Barium cyanide	Barium	7440-39-3	NA	21 mg/l TCLP
		Cyanides $(Total)^7$	57-12-5	1.2	590
P014	Thiophenol (Benzene thiol)	Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷ Thiophenol (Benzene thiol)	57-12-5 108-98-5	0.86 (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	30 CMBST
P015	Beryllium dust	Beryllium	7440-41-7	RMETI; or RTHRM	RMETL; or RTHRM
P016	Dichloromethyl ether (Bis(chloromethyl)ether)	Dichloromethyl ether	542-88-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu	ent	Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applica		waters	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	
P017	Bromoacetone	Bromoacetone	598-31-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P018	Brucine	Brucine	357-57-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P020	2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (Dinoseb)	2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (Dinoseb)	88-85-7	0.066	2.5
P021	Calcium cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
	-	Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P022	Carbon disulfide	Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	CMBST
		Carbon disulfide; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	75-15-0	NA	4.8 mg/l TCLP
P023	Chloroacetaldehyde	Chloroacetaldehyde	107-20-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P024	p-Chloroaniline	p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
P026	1-(o-Chlorophenyl)thiourea	1-(o-Chlorophenyl)thiourea	5344-82-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P027	3-Chloropropionitrile	3-Chloropropionitrile	542-76-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P028	Benzyl chloride	Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P029	Copper cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P030	Cyanides (soluble salts and complexes)	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P031	Cyanogen	Cyanogen	460-19-5	CHOXD; WETOX; or CMBST	CHOXD; WETOX; or CMBST
P033	Cyanogen chloride	Cyanogen chloride	506-77-4	CHOXD; WETOX; or CMBST	CHOXD; WETOX; or CMBST
P034	2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	2-Cyclohexyl-4,6- dinitrophenol	131-89-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P036	Dichlorophenylarsine	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
P037	Dieldrin	Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.017	0.13
P038	Diethylarsine	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
P039	Disulfoton	Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu	ent	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
P040	0,0-Diethyl O-pyrazinyl phosphorothioate	0,0-Diethyl O-pyrazinyl phosphorothioate	297-97-2	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P041	Diethyl-p-nitrophenyl phosphate	Diethyl-p-nitrophenyl phosphate	311-45-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P042	Epinephrine	Epinephrine	51-43-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P043	Diisopropylfluorophosphate (DFP)	Diisopropylfluorophosphate (DFP)	55-91-4	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P044	Dimethoate	Dimethoate	60-51-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P045	Thiofanox	Thiofanox	39196-18-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P046	alpha, alpha-Dimethylphenethylamine	alpha, alpha- Dimethylphenethylamine	122-09-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P047	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	543-52-1	0.28	160
	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol salts	NA	NA	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P048	2,4-Dinitrophenol	2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
P049	Dithiobiuret	Dithiobiuret	541-53-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P050	Endosulfan	Endosulfan I	939-98-8	0.023	0.066
		Endosulfan II	33213-6-5	0.029	0.13
		Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.029	0.13
P051	Endrin	Endrin	72-20-8	0.0028	0.13
P054	Aziridine	Endrin aldehyde Aziridine	7421-93-4 151-56-4	0.025 (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	0.13 CMBST
P056	Fluorine	Fluoride (measured in wastewaters only)	16964-48-8	35	ADGAS fb NEUTR
P057	Fluoroacetamide	Fluoroacetamide	640-19-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P058	Fluoroacetic acid, sodium salt	Fluoroacetic acid, sodium salt	62-74-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P059	Heptachlor	Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
		Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066

WASTE	Table – Treatment Standards for Ha		tuant	Weste	Non waste
CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
P060	Isodrin	Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
P062	Hexaethyl tetraphosphate	Hexaethyl tetraphosphate	757-58-4	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P063	Hydrogen cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 30
P064	Isocyanic acid, ethyl ester	Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷ Isocyanic acid, ethyl ester	<u>57-12-5</u> 624-83-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P065	Mercury fulminate nonwastewaters, regardless of their total mercury content, that are not incinerator residues or are not residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC
	Mercury fulminate nonwastewaters that are either incinerator residues or are residues from RMERC; and contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	RMERC
	Mercury fulminate nonwastewaters that are residues from RMERC and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLI
	Mercury fulminate nonwastewaters that are incinerator residues and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
	All mercury fulminate wastewaters.	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
P066	Methomyl	Methomyl	16752-77-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P067	2-Methyl-aziridine	2-Methyl-aziridine	75-55-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P068	Methyl hydrazine	Methyl hydrazine	60-34-4	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P069	2-Methyllactonitrile	2-Methyllactonitrile	75-86-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P070	Aldicarb	Aldicarb	116-06-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P071	Methyl parathion	Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.014	4.6
P072	1-Naphthyl-2-thiourea	1-Naphthyl-2-thiourea	86-88-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P073	Nickel carbonyl	Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
	<u> Fable – Treatment Standards for Ha</u>				
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WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
P074	Nickel cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
1071		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
P075	Nicotine and salts	Nicotine and salts	54-11-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P076	Nitric oxide	Nitric oxide	10102-43-9	ADGAS	ADGAS
P077	p-Nitroaniline	p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	0.028	28
P078	Nitrogen dioxide	Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0	ADGAS	ADGAS
P081	Nitroglycerin	Nitroglycerin	55-63-0	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD: CHRED; or CMBST
P082	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	0.40	2.3
P084	N-Nitrosomethylvinylamine	N-Nitrosomethylvinylamine	4549-40-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P085	Octamethylpyrophosphoramide	Octamethylpyrophosphoramid e	152-16-9	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P087	Osmium tetroxide	Osmium tetroxide	20816-12-0	RMETL; or RTHRM	RMETL; or RTHRM
P088	Endothall	Endothall	145-73-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P089	Parathion	Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
P092	Phenyl mercuric acetate nonwastewaters, regardless of their total mercury content, that are not incinerator residues or are not residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC; or RMERC
	Phenyl mercuric acetate nonwastewaters that are either incinerator residues or are residues from RMERC; and still contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	RMERC
	Phenyl mercuric acetate nonwastewaters that are residues from RMERC and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP
	Phenyl mercuric acetate nonwastewaters that are incinerator residues and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
	All phenyl mercuric acetate wastewaters.	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
P093	Phenylthiourea	Phenylthiourea	103-85-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P094	Phorate	Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6

WASTE	Table – Treatment Standards for I	Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
CODE		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
P095	Phosgene	Phosgene	75-44-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P096	Phosphine	Phosphine	7803-51-2	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P097	Famphur	Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15
P098	Potassium cyanide.	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P099	Potassium silver cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCL
P101	Ethyl cyanide (Propanenitrile)	Ethyl cyanide (Propanenitrile)	107-12-0	0.24	360
P102	Propargyl alcohol	Propargyl alcohol	107-19-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P103	Selenourea	Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
P104	Silver cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
		Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCL
P105	Sodium azide	Sodium azide	26628-22-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P106	Sodium cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
		Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P108	Strychnine and salts	Strychnine and salts	57-24-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P109	Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate	Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate	3689-24-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P110	Tetraethyl lead	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLI
P112	Tetranitromethane	Tetranitromethane	509-14-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P113	Thallic oxide	Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
P114	Thallium selenite	Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
P115	Thallium (I) sulfate	Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
P116	Thiosemicarbazide	Thiosemicarbazide	79-19-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for E	Iazardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous const NOTE: NA means not app		Waste	Non waste waters
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
P118	Trichloromethanethiol	Trichloromethanethiol	75-70-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P119	Ammonium vanadate	Vanadium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-62-2	4.3	STABL
P120	Vanadium pentoxide	Vanadium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-62-2	4.3	STABL
P121	Zinc cyanide	Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5 57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 30
P122	Zinc phosphide Zn ₃ P ₂ , when present at concentrations greater than 10%	Zinc Phosphide	1314-84-7	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P123	Toxaphene	Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
P127	Carbofuran ¹⁰	Carbofuran	1563-66-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
P128	Mexacarbate ¹⁰	Mexacarbate	315-18-4	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P185	Tirpate ¹⁰	Tirpate	26419-73-8	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.28; or CMBST
P188	Physostigmine salicylate ¹⁰	Physostigmine salicylate	57-64-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P189	Carbosulfan ¹⁰	Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P190	Metolcarb ¹⁰	Metolcarb	1129-41-5	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P191	Dimetilan ¹⁰	Dimetilan	644-64-4	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P192	Isolan ¹⁰	Isolan	119-38-0	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD,	1.4; or CMBST

WASTE	Гable – Treatment Standards for H 	Regulated hazardous constitu		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ²	waters Concentration ⁵	waters Concentration ⁵
	Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	(11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07)	Number	in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				BIODG or CARBN	
P194	Oxamyl	Oxamyl	23135-22-0	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.28; or CMBST
P196	Manganese dimethyldithiocarbamate ¹⁰	Dithiocarbamates (total)	NA	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	28; or CMBST
P197	Formparanate ¹⁰	Formparanate	17702-57-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P198	Formetanate hydrochloride ¹⁰	Formetanate hydrochloride	23422-53-9	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P199	Methiocarb ¹⁰	Methiocarb	2032-65-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P201	Promecarb ¹⁰	Promecarb	2631-37-0	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P202	m-Cumenyl methylcarbamate ¹⁰	m-Cumenyl methylcarbamate	64-00-6	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P203	Aldicarb sulfone ¹⁰	Aldicarb sulfone	1646-88-4	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.28; or CMBST
P204	Physostigmine ¹⁰	Physostigmine	57-47-6	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P205	Ziram ¹⁰	Dithiocarbamates (total)	NA	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	28; or CMBST

268.40 T WASTE		Regulated hazardous constitu	ient	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
CODE		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
U001	Acetaldehyde	Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U002	Acetone	Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
U003	Acetonitrile	Acetonitrile Acetonitrile; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	75-05-8 75-05-8	5.6 NA	CMBST 38
U004	Acetophenone	Acetophenone	98-86-2	0.010	9.7
U005	2-Acetylaminofluorene	2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	0.059	140
U006	Acetyl chloride	Acetyl Chloride	75-36-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U007	Acrylamide	Acrylamide	79-06-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U008	Acrylic acid	Acrylic acid	79-10-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U009	Acrylonitrile	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
U010	Mitomycin C	Mitomycin C	50-07-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U011	Amitrole	Amitrole	61-82-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U012	Aniline	Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
U014	Auramine	Auramine	492-80-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U015	Azaserine	Azaserine	115-02-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U016	Benz(c)acridine	Benz(c)acridine	225-51-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U017	Benzal chloride	Benzal chloride	98-87-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U018	Benz(a)anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
U019	Benzene	Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE		NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
U020	Benzenesulfonyl chloride	Benzenesulfonyl chloride	98-09-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U021	Benzidine	Benzidine	92-87-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U022	Benzo(a)pyrene	Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
U023	Benzotrichloride	Benzotrichloride	98-07-7	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED or CMBST
U024	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	0.036	7.2
U025	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
U026	Chlornaphazine	Chlornaphazine	494-03-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U027	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	39638-32-9	0.055	7.2
U028	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
U029	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
U030	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
U031	n-Butyl alcohol	n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
U032	Calcium chromate	Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCL
U033	Carbon oxyfluoride	Carbon oxyfluoride	353-50-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U034	Trichloroacetaldehyde (Chloral)	Trichloroacetaldehyde (Chloral)	75-87-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U035	Chlorambucil	Chlorambucil	305-03-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U036	Chlordane	Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
U037	Chlorobenzene	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
U038	Chlorobenzilate	Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	CMBST
U039	p-Chloro-m-cresol	p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
U041	Epichlorohydrin (1-Chloro-2,3- epoxypropane)	Epichlorohydrin (1-Chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane)	106-89-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U042	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	0.062	CMBST
U043	Vinyl chloride	Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
U044	Chloroform	Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0

WASTE	Fable – Treatment Standards for 1	Regulated hazardous constitu	ont	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
CODE		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
U045	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	74-87-3	0.19	30
U046	Chloromethyl methyl ether	Chloromethyl methyl ether	107-30-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U047	2-Chloronaphthalene	2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	0.055	5.6
U048	2-Chlorophenol	2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
U049	4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydrochloride	4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydrochloride	3165-93-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U050	Chrysene	Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
U051	Creosote	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
		Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
		Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
		Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
		Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
		Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
		Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLF
U052	Cresols (Cresylic acid)	o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
		m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
		p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
		Cresol-mixed isomers (Cresylic acid)(sum of o-, m-, and p-cresol concentrations)	1319-77-3	0.88	11.2
U053	Crotonaldehyde	Crotonaldehyde	4170-30-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U055	Cumene	Cumene	98-82-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U056	Cyclohexane	Cyclohexane	110-82-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U057	Cyclohexanone	Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	CMBST
		Cyclohexanone; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	108-94-1	NA	0.75 mg/l TCLF
U058	Cyclophosphamide	Cyclophosphamide	50-18-0	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U059	Daunomycin	Daunomycin	20830-81-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST

WASTE CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Waste waters	Non waste waters
		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN; or CMBST	
U060	DDD	o,p'-DDD p,p'-DDD	53-19-0 72-54-8	0.023 0.023	0.087 0.087
U061	DDT	o-p'-DDT	789-02-6	0.0039	0.087
0001		p,p'-DDT	50-29-3	0.0039	0.087
		o,p'-DDD	53-19-0	0.023	0.087
		p,p'-DDD	72-54-8	0.023	0.087
		o,p'-DDE	3424-82-6	0.031	0.087
		p,p'-DDE	72-55-9	0.031	0.087
U062	Diallate	Diallate	2303-16-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U063	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
U064	Dibenz(a,i)pyrene	Dibenz(a,i)pyrene	189-55-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U066	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.11	15
U067	Ethylene dibromide (1,2-Dibromoethane)	Ethylene dibromide (1,2- Dibromoethane)	106-93-4	0.028	15
U068	Dibromomethane	Dibromomethane	74-95-3	0.11	15
U069	Di-n-butyl phthalate	Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
U070	o-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
U071	m-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
U072	p-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
U073	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U074	1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	cis-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	1476-11-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	764-41-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U075	Dichlorodifluoromethane	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.23	7.2
U076	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
U077	1,2-Dichloroethane	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
U078	1,1-Dichloroethylene	1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
U079	1,2-Dichloroethylene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30 30
U080 U081	Methylene chloride 2,4-Dichlorophenol	Methylene chloride 2,4-Dichlorophenol	75-09-2 120-83-2	0.089 0.044	30 14
U081 U082	2,4-Dichlorophenol	2,4-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14
U082 U083	1,2-Dichloropropane	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	14
U084	1,3-Dichloropropylene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5	0.036	18
2001	i, 2 ionioropropjiene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02-6	0.036	18

WASTE	Fable – Treatment Standards for H	Regulated hazardous constitu	ont	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applicable		waters	waters
		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology
U085	1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane	1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane	1464-53-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	Code ⁴ CMBST
U086	N,N'-Diethylhydrazine	N,N'-Diethylhydrazine	1615-80-1	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U087	O,O-Diethyl S-methyldithiophosphate	O,O-Diethyl S- methyldithiophosphate	3288-58-2	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U088	Diethyl phthalate	Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
U089	Diethyl stilbestrol	Diethyl stilbestrol	56-53-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U090	Dihydrosafrole	Dihydrosafrole	94-58-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U091	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U092	Dimethylamine	Dimethylamine	124-40-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U093	p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	60-11-7	0.13	CMBST
U094	7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	7,12- Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	57-97-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U095	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U096	alpha, alpha-Dimethyl benzyl hydroperoxide	alpha, alpha-Dimethyl benzyl hydroperoxide	119-93-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U097	Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride	Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride	79-44-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U098	1,1-Dimethylhydrazine	1,1-Dimethylhydrazine	57-14-7	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST

WASTE		Regulated hazardous constituent		Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applica Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology
U099	1,2-Dimethylhydrazine	1,2-Dimethylhydrazine	540-73-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	Code ⁴ CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U101	2,4-Dimethylphenol	2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
U102	Dimethyl phthalate	Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
U103	Dimethyl sulfate	Dimethyl sulfate	77-78-1	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U105	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140
U106	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28
U107	Di-n-octyl phthalate	Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
U108	1,4-Dioxane	1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
		1,4-Dioxane; alternate ⁶	123-91-1	12.0	170
U109	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
		1,2-Diphenylhydrazine; alternate ⁶ standard for wastewaters only	122-66-7	0.087	NA
U110	Dipropylamine	Dipropylamine	142-84-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U111	Di-n-propylnitrosamine	Di-n-propylnitrosamine	621-64-7	0.40	14
U112	Ethyl acetate	Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
U113	Ethyl acrylate	Ethyl acrylate	140-88-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U114	Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid salts and esters	Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid	111-54-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U115	Ethylene oxide	Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CHOXD; or CMBST
		Ethylene oxide; alternate ⁶ standard for wastewaters only	75-21-8	0.12	NA
U116	Ethylene thiourea	Ethylene thiourea	96-45-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST

WASTE	Table – Treatment Standards for 1	Regulated hazardous constitu	ont	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not applicable		wasters	waters
		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unles noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN; or	
				CMBST	
U117	Ethyl ether	Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
U118	Ethyl methacrylate	Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160
U119	Ethyl methane sulfonate	Ethyl methane sulfonate	62-50-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U120	Fluoranthene	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
U121	Trichloromonofluoromethane	Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
U122	Formaldehyde	Formaldehyde	50-00-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U123	Formic acid	Formic acid	64-18-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U124	Furan	Furan	110-00-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U125	Furfural	Furfural	98-01-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U126	Glycidylaldehyde	Glycidylaldehyde	765-34-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U127	Hexachlorobenzene	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
U128	Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
U129	Lindane	alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066
-		beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066
		delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.023	0.066
		gamma-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066
U130	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
U130	Hexachloroethane	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
U132	Hexachlorophene	Hexachlorophene	70-30-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U133	Hydrazine	Hydrazine	302-01-2	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U134	Hydrogen fluoride	Fluoride (measured in wastewaters only)	7664-39-3	35	ADGAS fb NEUTR; or NEUTR

WASTE		Regulated hazardous const	tituent	Waste	Non waste
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not app	licable	waters	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
		Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	
U135	Hydrogen Sulfide	Hydrogen Sulfide	7783-06-4	CHOXD; CHRED, or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED: or CMBST.
U136	Cacodylic acid	Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
U137	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
U138	Iodomethane	Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
U140	Isobutyl alcohol	Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
U141	Isosafrole	Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
U142	Kepone	Kepone	143-50-8	0.0011	0.13
U143	Lasiocarpine	Lasiocarpine	303-34-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U144	Lead acetate	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
U145	Lead phosphate	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
U146	Lead subacetate	Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
U147	Maleic anhydride	Maleic anhydride	108-31-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U148	Maleic hydrazide	Maleic hydrazide	123-33-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U149	Malononitrile	Malononitrile	109-77-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U150	Melphalan	Melphalan	148-82-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U151	U151 (mercury) nonwastewaters that contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	RMERC
	U151 (mercury) nonwastewaters that contain less than 260 mg/kg total mecury and that are residues from RMERC only.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP
	U151 (mercury) nonwastewaters that contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury and that are not residues from RMERC.	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
	All U151 (mercury) wastewaters.	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
	Elemental Mercury Contaminated with Radioactive Materials	Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	AMLGM
U152	Methacrylonitrile	Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
U153	Methanethiol	Methanethiol	74-93-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for H	Iazardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica		Waste waters	Non waste
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN; or CMBST	
U154	Methanol	Methanol	67-56-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
		Methanol; alternate ⁶ set of standards for both wastewaters and nonwastewaters	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/l TCLP
U155	Methapyrilene	Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5
U156	Methyl chlorocarbonate	Methyl chlorocarbonate	79-22-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U157	3-Methylcholanthrene	3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.0055	15
U158	4,4'-Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline)	4,4'-Methylene bis(2- chloroaniline)	101-14-4	0.50	30
U159	Methyl ethyl ketone	Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
U160	Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	1338-23-4	CHOXD: CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U161	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
U162	Methyl methacrylate	Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160
U163	N-Methyl N'-nitro N-nitrosoguanidine	N-Methyl N'-nitro N- nitrosoguanidine	70-25-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U164	Methylthiouracil	Methylthiouracil	56-04-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U165	Naphthalene	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
U166	1,4-Naphthoquinone	1,4-Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U167	1-Naphthylamine	1-Naphthylamine	134-32-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U168	2-Naphthylamine	2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	CMBST
U169	Nitrobenzene	Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
U170	p-Nitrophenol	p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29
U171	2-Nitropropane	2-Nitropropane	79-46-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U172	N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17

WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica	Waste waters	Non waste waters	
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unles noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
U173	N-Nitrosodiethanolamine	N-Nitrosodiethanolamine	1116-54-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U174	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.40	28
U176	N-Nitroso-N-ethylurea	N-Nitroso-N-ethylurea	759-73-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U177	N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	684-93-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U178	N-Nitroso-N-methylurethane N-Nitroso-N-methylurethane 615		615-53-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U179	N-Nitrosopiperidine	N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	0.013	35
U180	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.013	35
U181	5-Nitro-o-toluidine	5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28
U182	Paraldehyde	Paraldehyde	123-63-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U183	Pentachlorobenzene	Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
U184	Pentachloroethane	Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
		Pentachloroethane; alternate ⁶ standards for both wastewaters and nonwastewaters	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
U185	Pentachloronitrobenzene	Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8
U186	1,3-Pentadiene	1,3-Pentadiene	504-60-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U187	Phenacetin	Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
U188	Phenol	Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
U189	Phosphorus sulfide	Phosphorus sulfide	1314-80-3	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U190	Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid	Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	100-21-0	0.055	28
		Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	85-44-9	0.055	28
U191	2-Picoline	2-Picoline	109-06-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST

WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constit NOTE: NA means not applie	Waste waters	Non waste	
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN; or CMBST	
U192	Pronamide	Pronamide	23950-58-5	0.093	1.5
U193	1,3-Propane sultone	1,3-Propane sultone	1120-71-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U194	n-Propylamine	n-Propylamine	107-10-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U196	Pyridine	Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
U197	p-Benzoquinone	p-Benzoquinone	106-51-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U200	Reserpine	Reserpine	50-55-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U201	Resorcinol	Resorcinol	108-46-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U203	Safrole	Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22
U204	Selenium dioxide	Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
U205	Selenium sulfide	Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
U206	Streptozotocin	Streptozotocin	18883-66-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U207	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
U208	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
U209	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.057	6.0
U210	Tetrachloroethylene	Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
U211 U213	Carbon tetrachloride Tetrahydrofuran	Carbon tetrachloride Tetrahydrofuran	56-23-5 109-99-9	0.057 (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	6.0 CMBST
U214	Thallium (I) acetate	Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U215	Thallium (I) carbonate	Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U216	Thallium (I) chloride	Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U217	Thallium (I) nitrate	Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U218	Thioacetamide	Thioacetamide	62-55-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST

WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous constitu NOTE: NA means not applica	Waste waters	Non waste waters	
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN; or CMBST	
U219	Thiourea	Thiourea	62-56-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U220	Toluene	Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
U221	Toluenediamine	Toluenediamine	25376-45-8	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U222	o-Toluidine hydrochloride	o-Toluidine hydrochloride	636-21-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U223	Toluene diisocyanate	Toluene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U225	Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	75-25-2	0.63	15
U226	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
U227	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
U228	Trichloroethylene	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
U234	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	99-35-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U235	tris-(2,3-Dibromopropyl)-phosphate	tris-(2,3-Dibromopropyl)- phosphate	126-72-7	0.11	0.10
U236	Trypan Blue	Trypan Blue	72-57-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U237	Uracil mustard	Uracil mustard	66-75-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U238	Urethane (Ethyl carbamate)	Urethane (Ethyl carbamate)	51-79-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U239	Xylenes	Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
U240	2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	2,4-D (2,4- Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	94-75-7	0.72	10
	2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) salts and esters		NA	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U243	Hexachloropropylene	Hexachloropropylene	1888-71-7	0.035	30
U244	Thiram	Thiram	137-26-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST

	<u> Fable – Treatment Standards for H</u>			1	1
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous co	Waste	Non waste	
CODE	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not a Common Name	CAS ² Number	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CARBN; or CMBST	
U246	Cyanogen bromide	Cyanogen bromide	506-68-3	CHOXD: WETOX; or CMBST	CHOXD: WETOX; or CMBST
U247	Methoxychlor	Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
U248	Warfarin, & salts, when present at concentrations of 0.3% or less	Warfarin	81-81-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U249	Zinc phosphide, Zn ₃ P ₂ , when present at concentrations of 10% or less	Zinc Phosphide	1314-84-7	CHOXD: WETOX; or CMBST	CHOXD: WETOX; or CMBST
U271	Benomyl ¹⁰	Benomyl	17804-35-2	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U278	Bendiocarb ¹⁰	Bendiocarb	22781-23-3	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U279	Carbaryl ¹⁰	Carbaryl	63-25-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
U280	Barban ¹⁰	Barban	101-27-9	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U328	o-Toluidine	o-Toluidine	95-53-4	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN.	CMBST
U353	p-Toluidine	p-Toluidine	106-49-0	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
U359	2-Ethoxyethanol	2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for 1	Hazardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		Regulated hazardous cor		Waste waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Non waste
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	NOTE: NA means not ap Common Name	CAS ² Number		waters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
U364	Bendiocarb phenol ¹⁰	Bendiocarb phenol	22961-82-6	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U367	Carbofuran phenol ¹⁰	Carbofuran phenol	1563-38-8	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U372	Carbendazim ¹⁰	Carbendazim	10605-21-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U373	Propham ¹⁰	Propham	122-42-9	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U387	Prosulfocarb ¹⁰	Prosulfocarb	52888-80-9	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U389	Triallate ¹⁰	Triallate	2303-17-5	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U394	A2213 ¹⁰	A2213	30558-43-1	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U395	Diethylene glycol, dicarbamate ¹⁰	Diethylene glycol, dicarbamate	5952-26-1	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U404	Triethylamine ¹⁰	Triethylamine	101-44-8	0.081; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.5; or CMBST
U409	Thiophanate-methyl ¹⁰	Thiophanate-methyl	23564-05-8	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U410	Thiodicarb ¹⁰	Thiodicarb	59669-26-0	0.019; or CMBST,	1.4; or CMBST

268.40	Fable – Treatment Standards for 1	Hazardous Waste			
WASTE CODE		8	Regulated hazardous constituent NOTE: NA means not applicable		Non waste waters
	Waste Description And Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory ¹ (11/99, 8/00, 6/04, 2/07) NOTE: fb means followed by	Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ⁵ in mg/l; or Technology Code ⁴	Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted as mg/l TCLP or Technology Code ⁴
				CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	
U411	Propoxur ¹⁰	Propoxur	114-26-1	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

Footnotes to Treatment Standard Table 268.40

1 The waste descriptions provided in this table do not replace waste descriptions in 261. Descriptions of Treatment /Regulatory Subcategories are provided, as needed, to distinguish between applicability of different standards.

2 CAS means Chemical Abstract Services. When the waste code and/or regulated constituents are described as a combination of a chemical with its salts and/or esters, the CAS number is given for the parent compound only.

3 Concentration standards for wastewaters are expressed in mg/1 and are based on analysis of composite samples.

4 All treatment standards expressed as a Technology Code or combination of Technology Codes are explained in detail in 268.42 Table 1 – Technology Codes and Descriptions of Technology-Based Standards.

5 Except for Metals (EP or TCLP) and Cyanides (Total and Amenable) the nonwastewater treatment standards expressed as a concentration were established, in part, based upon incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of Part 264 Subpart O or Part 265 Subpart O, or based upon combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements. A facility may comply with these treatment standards according to provisions in 268.40(d). All concentration standards for nonwastewaters are based on analysis of grab samples.

6 Where an alternate treatment standard or set of alternate standards has been indicated, a facility may comply with this alternate standard, but only for the Treatment/Regulatory Subcategory or physical form (i.e., wastewater and/or nonwastewater) specified for that alternate standard.

7 Both Cyanides (Total) and Cyanides (Amenable) for nonwastewaters are to be analyzed using Method 9010C or 9012B, found in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in 260.11, with a sample size of 10 grams and a distillation time of one hour and 15 minutes. (2/07)

8 These wastes, when rendered nonhazardous and then subsequently managed in CWA, or CWAequivalent systems, are not subject to treatment standards. (See 268.1(c)(3) and (4)), (See R.61-87.11.D.2). 9 [Reserved 8/00]

10 The treatment standard for this waste may be satisfied by either meeting the constituent concentrations in this table or by treating the waste by the specified technologies: combustion, as defined by the technology code CMBST at 268.42 Table 1 of this Part, for nonwastewaters; and, biodegradation as defined by the technology code BIODG, carbon adsorption as defined by the technology code CARBN, chemical oxidation as defined by the technology code CHOXD, or combustion as defined as technology code CMBST at 268.42 Table 1 of this Part, for wastewaters. (8/00)

11 For these wastes, the definition of CMBST is limited to: (1) combustion units operating under 266, (2) combustion units permitted under Part 264, Subpart O, or (3) combustion units operating under 265, Subpart O, which have obtained a determination of equivalent treatment under 268.42(b).[Note: NA means not applicable]

12 Disposal of K175 wastes that have complied with all applicable 268.40 treatment standards must also be microencapsulated in accordance with 268.45 Table 1 unless the waste is placed in:

(1) A Subtitle C monofill containing only K175 wastes that meet all applicable 268.40 treatment standards; or

(2) A dedicated Subtitle C landfill cell in which all other wastes being co-disposed are at pH 6.0.

Note: The treatment standards that heretofore appeared in tables in 268.41, 268.42, and 268.43 of this part have been consolidated into the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes."

268.41. Treatment standards expressed as concentrations in waste extract.

For the requirements previously found in this section and for treatment standards in Table CCWE-Constituent Concentrations in Waste Extracts, refer to 268.40. (major revision 5/96)

268.42. Treatment standards expressed as specified technologies.

Note: For the requirements previously found in this section in Table 2 - Technology-Based Standards By RCRA Waste Code, and Table 3 - Technology-Based Standards for Specific Radioactive Hazardous Mixed Waste, refer to 268.40

(a) The following wastes in the table in 268.40 "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes." for which standards are expressed as a treatment method rather than a concentration level, must be treated using the technology or technologies specified in the table entitled "Technology Codes and Descriptions of Technology-Based Standards" in this section. (revised 12/92; 5/96)

268.42(a) T	able 1—Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards
Technology code	Description of technology-based standards (9/98)
ADGAS:	Venting of compressed gases into an absorbing or reacting media (i.e., solid or liquid)- venting can be accomplished through physical release utilizing valves/piping; physical penetration of the container; and/or penetration through detonation.
AMLGM:	Amalgamation of liquid, elemental mercury contaminated with radioactive materials utilizing inorganic reagents such as copper, zinc, nickel, gold, and sulfur that result in a nonliquid, semi-solid amalgam and thereby reducing potential emissions of elemental mercury vapors to the air.
BIODG:	Biodegradation of organics or non-metallic inorganics (i.e., degradable inorganics that contain the elements of phosphorus, nitrogen, and sulfur) in units operated under either aerobic or anaerobic conditions such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., Total Organic Carbon can often be used as an indicator parameter for the biodegradation of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues).
CARBN:	Carbon adsorption (granulated or powdered) of non-metallic inorganics, organo-metallics, and/or organic constituents, operated such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has not undergone breakthrough (e.g., Total Organic Carbon can often be used as an indicator parameter for the adsorption of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues). Breakthrough occurs when the carbon has

268.42(a) Ta	able 1—Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards
Technology code	Description of technology-based standards (9/98)
	become saturated with the constituent (or indicator parameter) and substantial change in adsorption rate associated with that constituent occurs.
CHOXD:	Chemical or electrolytic oxidation utilizing the following oxidation reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents: (1) Hypochlorite (e.g. bleach); (2) chlorine; (3) chlorine dioxide; (4) ozone or UV (ultraviolet light) assisted ozone; (5) peroxides; (6) persulfates; (7) perchlorates; (8) permangantes; and/or (9) other oxidizing reagents of equivalent efficiency, performed in units operated such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., Total Organic Carbon can often be used as an indicator parameter for the oxidation of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues). Chemical oxidation specifically includes what is commonly referred to as alkaline chlorination.
CHRED:	Chemical reduction utilizing the following reducing reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents: (1) Sulfur dioxide; (2) sodium, potassium, or alkali salts or sulfites, bisulfites, metabisulfites, and polyethylene glycols (e.g., NaPEG and KPEG); (3) sodium hydrosulfide; (4) ferrous salts; and/or (5) other reducing reagents of equivalent efficiency, performed in units operated such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., Total Organic Halogens can often be used as an indicator parameter for the reduction of many halogenated organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues). Chemical reduction is commonly used for the reduction of hexavalent chromium to the trivalent state.
CMBST:	High temperature organic destruction technologies, such as combustion in incinerators, boilers, or industrial furnaces operated in accordance with the applicable requirements of part 264, Subpart O, or part 265, subpart O, or 266, Subpart H, and in other units operated in accordance with applicable technical operating requirements; and certain non-combustive technologies, such as the Catalytic Extraction Process. (5/96, 9/98)
DEACT:	Deactivation to remove the hazardous characteristics of a waste due to its ignitability, corrosivity, and/or reactivity.
FSUBS:	Fuel substitution in units operated in accordance with applicable technical operating requirements.
HLVIT:	Vitrification of high level mixed radioactive wastes in units in compliance with all applicable radioactive protection requirements under control of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
IMERC:	Incineration of wastes containing organics and mercury in units operated in accordance with the technical operating requirements of 264 subpart 0 and part 265 subpart 0. All wastewater and nonwastewater residues derived from this process must then comply with the corresponding treatment standards per waste code with consideration of any applicable subcategories (e.g., High or Low Mercury Subcategories).
INCIN:	Incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical operating requirements of 264 subpart 0 and part 265 subpart 0.
LLEXT:	Liquid-liquid extraction (often referred to as solvent extraction) of organics from liquid wastes into an immiscible solvent for which the hazardous constituents have a greater solvent affinity, resulting in an extract high in organics that must undergo either incineration, reuse as a fuel, or other recovery/reuse and a raffinate (extracted liquid waste) proportionately low in organics that must undergo further treatment as specified in the standard.

	able 1—Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards
Technology code	Description of technology-based standards (9/98)
MACRO:	Macroencapsulation with surface coating materials such as polymeric organics (e.g. resins and plastics) or with a jacket of inert inorganic materials to substantially reduce surface exposure to potential leaching media. Macroencapsulation specifically does not include any material that would be classified as a tank or container according to 260.10.
NEUTR:	Neutralization with the following reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents: (1) Acids; (2) bases; or (3) water (including wastewaters) resulting in a pH greater than 2 but less than 12.5 as measured in the aqueous residuals.
NLDBR:	No land disposal based on recycling.
POLYM:	Formation of complex high-molecular weight solids through polymerization of monomers in high-TOC D001 non-wastewaters which are chemical components in the manufacture of plastics. (9/98)
PRECP:	Chemical precipitation of metals and other inorganics as insoluble precipitates of oxides, hydroxides, carbonates, sulfides, sulfates, chlorides, fluorides, or phosphates. The following reagents (or waste reagents) are typically used alone or in combination: (1) Lime (i.e., containing oxides and/or hydroxides of calcium and/or magnesium; (2) caustic (i.e., sodium and/or potassium hydroxides; (3) soda ash (i.e., sodium carbonate); (4) sodium sulfide; (5) ferric sulfate or ferric chloride; (6) alum; or (7) sodium sulfate. Additional flocculating, coagulation or similar reagents/processes that enhance sludge dewatering characteristics are not precluded from use.
RBERY:	Thermal recovery of Beryllium.
RCGAS:	Recovery/reuse of compressed gases including techniques such as reprocessing of the gases for reuse/resale; filtering/adsorption of impurities; remixing for direct reuse or resale; and use of the gas as a fuel source.
RCORR:	Recovery of acids or bases utilizing one or more of the following recovery technologies: (1) Distillation (i.e., thermal concentration); (2) ion exchange; (3) resin or solid adsorption; (4) reverse osmosis; and/or (5) incineration for the recovery of acid- Note: this does not preclude the use of other physical phase separation or concentration techniques such as decantation, filtration (including ultrafiltration), and centrifugation, when used in conjunction with the above listed recovery technologies.
RLEAD:	Thermal recovery of lead in secondary lead smelters.
RMERC:	Retorting or roasting in a thermal processing unit capable of volatilizing mercury and subsequently condensing the volatilized mercury for recovery. The retorting or roasting unit (or facility) must be subject to one or more of the following: (a) a National Emissions Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for mercury; (b) a Best Available Control Technology (BACT) or a Lowest Achievable Emission Rate (LAER) standard for mercury imposed pursuant to a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit; or (c) a state permit that establishes emission limitations (within meaning of section 302 of the Clean Air Act) for mercury. All wastewater and nonwastewater residues derived from this process must then comply with the corresponding treatment standards per waste code with consideration of any applicable subcategories (e.g., High or Low Mercury Subcategories).
RMETL:	Recovery of metals or inorganics utilizing one or more of the following direct physical/removal technologies: (1) Ion exchange; (2) resin or solid (i.e., zeolites) adsorption; (3) reverse osmosis; (4) chelation/solvent extraction; (5) freeze crystallization; (6) ultrafiltration and/or (7) simple precipitation (i.e., crystallization) - Note: This does not preclude the use of other physical phase separation or concentration techniques such as

268.42(a) Ta	able 1—Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards
Technology code	Description of technology-based standards (9/98)
	decantation, filtration (including ultrafiltration), and centrifugation, when used in conjunction with the above listed recovery technologies.
RORGS:	Recovery of organics utilizing one or more of the following technologies: (1) Distillation; (2) thin film evaporation; (3) steam stripping; (4) carbon adsorption; (5) critical fluid extraction; (6) liquid-liquid extraction; (7) precipitation/crystallization (including freeze crystallization); or (8) chemical phase separation techniques (i.e., addition of acids, bases, demulsifiers, or similar chemicals); - Note: this does not preclude the use of other physical phase separation techniques such as a decantation, filtration (including ultrafiltration), and centrifugation, when used in conjunction with the above listed recovery technologies.
RTHRM:	Thermal recovery of metals or inorganics from nonwastewaters in units identified as industrial furnaces according to 260.10 (1), (6), (7), (11), and (12) under the definition of "industrial furnaces".
RZINC:	Resmelting in high temperature metal recovery units for the purpose of recovery of zinc.
STABL:	Stabilization with the following reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents: (1) Portland cement; or (2) lime/pozzolans (e.g., fly ash and cement kiln dust) - this does not preclude the addition of reagents (e.g., iron salts, silicates, and clays) designed to enhance the set/cure time and/or compressive strength, or to overall reduce the leachability of the metal or inorganic.
SSTRP:	Steam stripping of organics from liquid wastes utilizing direct application of steam to the wastes operated such that liquid and vapor flow rates, as well as temperature and pressure ranges, have been optimized, monitored, and maintained. These operating parameters are dependent upon the design parameters of the unit, such as the number of separation stages and the internal column design, thus resulting in a condensed extract high in organics that must undergo either incineration, reuse as a fuel, or other recovery/reuse and an extracted wastewater that must undergo further treatment as specified in the standard.
WETOX:	Wet air oxidation performed in units operated such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., Total Organic Carbon can often be used as an indicator parameter for the oxidation of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues).
WTRRX:	Controlled reaction with water for highly reactive inorganic or organic chemicals with precautionary controls for protection of workers from potential violent reactions as well as precautionary controls for potential emissions of toxic/ignitable levels of gases released during the reaction.

Note 1: When a combination of these technologies (i.e., a treatment train) is specified as a single treatment standard, the order of application is specified in 268.42, Table 2 by indicating the five letter technology code that must be applied first, then the designation "fb." (an abbreviation for "followed by"), then the five letter technology code for the technology that must be applied next, and so on.

[Note: For the requirements previously found in this section in Table 2 - Technology-Based Standards By RCRA Waste Code, and Table 3 - Technology-Based Standards for Specific Radioactive Hazardous Mixed Waste, refer to 268.40 effective 5/96). 268.42 Table 3. Technology-Based Standards for Specific Radioactive Hazardous Mixed Waste removed 5/96]

(b) Any person may submit an application to the Department and the Regional Administrator demonstrating that an alternative treatment method can achieve a measure of performance equivalent to that achieved by methods specified in paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of this section for wastes or specified in Table 1 of Section 268.45 for hazardous debris. The applicant must submit information demonstrating that his treatment method is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements and is protective of human

health and the environment. On the basis of such information and any other available information, the Department and the Regional Administrator may approve the use of the alternative treatment method if it finds that the alternative treatment method provides a measure of performance equivalent to that achieved by methods specified in paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of this section for wastes or in Table 1 of 268.45 for hazardous debris. Any approval must be stated in writing and may contain such provisions and conditions as the Department and the Regional Administrator deems appropriate. The person to whom such approval is issued must comply with all limitations contained in such a determination.

(c) As an alternative to the otherwise applicable Subpart D treatment standards, lab packs are eligible for land disposal provided the following requirements are met:

(1) The lab packs comply with the applicable provisions of 264.316 and 265.316;

(2) The lab packs do not contain any of the wastes listed in Appendix IV to part 268. (revised 5/96)

(3) The lab packs are incinerated in accordance with the requirements of part 264, subpart O or part 265, subpart O; and

(4) Any incinerator residues from lab packs containing D004, D005, D006, D007, D008, D010, and D011 are treated in compliance with the applicable treatment standards specified for such wastes in subpart D of this part.

(d) Radioactive hazardous mixed wastes are subject to the treatment standards in 268.40. Where treatment standards are specified for radioactive mixed wastes in the Table of Treatment Standards, those treatment standards will govern. Where there is no specific treatment standard for radioactive mixed waste, the treatment standard for the hazardous waste (as designated by EPA waste code) applies. Hazardous debris containing radioactive waste is subject to the treatment standards specified in 268.45. (revised 12/93; 5/96)

268.43. Treatment standards expressed as waste concentrations.

For the requirements previously found in this section and for treatment standards in Table CCW-Constituent Concentrations in Wastes, refer to 268.40.

268.44. Variance from a treatment standard.

(a) Based on a petition filed by a generator or treater of hazardous waste, the Administrator may approve a variance from an applicable treatment standard if:

(1) It is not physically possible to treat the waste to the level specified in the treatment standard, or by the method specified as the treatment standard. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must demonstrate that because the physical or chemical properties of the waste differ significantly from waste analyzed in developing the treatment standard, the waste cannot be treated to the specified level or by the specified method; or

(2) It is inappropriate to require the waste to be treated to the level specified in the treatment standard or by the method specified as the treatment standard, even though such treatment is technically possible. To show th this is the case, the petitioner must either demonstrate that:

(i) Treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is technically inappropriate (for example, resulting in combustion of large amounts of mildly contaminated environmental media where the treatment standard is not based on combustion of such media); or

(ii) For remediation waste only, treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is environmentally inappropriate because it would likely discourage aggressive remediation.

(b) Each petition must be submitted in accordance with the procedures in R.61-79.260.20.

(c) Each petition must include the following statement signed by the petitioner or an authorized representative: (amended 11/90)

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this petition and all attached documents, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. (amended 11/90)

(d) After receiving a petition for variance from a treatment standard, the Administrator may request any additional information or samples which he may require to evaluate the petition. Additional copies of the complete petition may be requested as needed to send to affected states and Regional Offices. (amended 11 90)

(e) The Regional Administrator will give public notice in the Federal Register of the intent to approve or deny a petition and provide an opportunity for public comment. The final decision on a variance from a treatment standard will be published in the Federal Register.

(f) A generator, treatment facility, or disposal facility that is managing a waste covered by a variance from the treatment standards must comply with the waste analysis requirements for restricted wastes found under section 268.7.

(g) During the petition review process, the applicant is required to comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this part once the effective date for the waste has been reached.

(h) Based on a petition filed by a generator or treater of hazardous waste, the Department may approve a site-specific variance from an applicable treatment standard if:

(1) It is not physically possible to treat the waste to the level specified in the treatment standard, or by the method specified as the treatment standard. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must demonstrate that because the physical or chemical properties of the waste differ significantly from waste analyzed in developing the treatment standard, the waste cannot be treated to the specified level or by the specified method; or

(2) It is inappropriate to require the waste to be treated to the level specified in the treatment standard or by the method specified as the treatment standard, even though such treatment is technically possible. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must either demonstrate that:

(i) Treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is technically inappropriate (for example, resulting in combustion of large amounts of mildly contaminated environmental media where the treatment standards is not based on combustion of such media); or

(ii) For remediation waste only, treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is environmentally inappropriate because it would likely discourage aggressive remediation.

(3) For contaminated soil only, treatment to the level or by the method specified in the soil treatment standards would result in concentrations of hazardous constituents that are below (i.e., lower than) the concentrations necessary to minimize short- and long-term threats to human health and the environment. Treatment variances approved under this paragraph must:

(i) At a minimum, impose alternative land disposal restriction treatment standards that, using a reasonable maximum exposure scenario:

(A) For carcinogens, achieve constituent concentrations that result in the total excess risk an individual exposed over a lifetime generally falling within a range from 10-4 to 10 -6; and

(B) For constituents with non-carcinogenic effects, achieve constituent concentrations that an individual could be exposed to an daily basis without appreciable risk of deleterious effect during a lifetime

(ii) Not consider post-land-disposal controls.

(4) For contaminated soil only, treatment to the level or by the method specified in the soil treatment standards would result in concentrations of hazardous constituents that are below (i.e., lower than) natural background concentrations at the site where the contaminated soil will land disposed.

(5) Public notice and a reasonable opportunity for public comment must be provided before granting or denying a petition.

(i) Each application for a site-specific variance from a treatment standard must include the information in 260.20(b)(1)(4). (amended 11/90)

(j) After receiving an application for a site-specific variance from a treatment standard, the EPA and the Department may request any additional information or samples which may be required to evaluate the application. (amended 11/90)

(k) A generator, treatment facility, or disposal facility that is managing a waste covered by a site-specific variance from a treatment standard must comply with the waste analysis requirements for restricted wastes found under 268.7.

(1) During the application review process, the applicant for a site-specific variance must comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this part once the effective date for the waste has been reached. (amended 11/90)

(m) For all variances, the petitioner must also demonstrate that compliance with any given treatment variance is sufficient to minimize threats to human health and the environment posed by land disposal of the waste. In evaluating this demonstration, the Department and EPA may take into account whether a treatment variance should be approved if the subject waste is to be used in a manner constituting disposal pursuant to 266.20 through 266.23.

(n) [Reserved]

(o) The following facilities are excluded from the treatment standards under 268.40, and are subject to the following constituent concentrations: (revised 12/92).

Facility name ¹	Waste	See also	Regulated	Wastewaters		Nonwastewate	rs
and address	code		hazardous	Concentration	Notes	Concentration	Notes
			constituent	(mg/l)		(mg/kg)	
Craftsman Plating	F006	Table	Cyanides (Total)	1.2	(2)	1800	(4)
& Tinning, Corp.,		CCWE	Cyanides	.86	(2&3)	30	(4)
Chicago, IL.		in 268.40	(Amenable)	1.6		NA	
-			Cadmium	.32		NA	
			Chromium	.040		NA	
			Lead	.44		NA	
			Nickel				
Northwestern	F006	Table	Cyanides (Total)	1.2	(2&3)	970	(4)
Plating Works,		CCWE	Cyanides	.86	(2)	30	(4)
Inc., Chicago, IL		in 268.40	(Amenable)	1.6		NA	
-			Cadmium	.32		NA	
			Chromium	.040		NA	
			Lead	.44		NA	
			Nickel				

TABLE—WASTES EXCLUDED FROM THE TREATMENT STANDARDS UNDER 268.40

FOOTNOTE: ⁽¹⁾-A facility may certify compliance with these treatment standards according to provisions in 268.7.

FOOTNOTE: ⁽²⁾-Cyanide Wastewater Standards for F006 are based on analysis of composite samples. FOOTNOTE: ⁽³⁾-These facilities must comply with 0.86 mg/l for amenable cyanides in the wastewater exiting the alkaline chlorination system. These facilities must also comply with 268.7.a.4 for appropriate monitoring frequency consistent with the facilities' waste analysis plan.

FOOTNOTE: ⁽⁴⁾-Cyanide nonwastewaters are analyzed using SW-846 Method 9010 or 9012, sample size 10 grams, distillation time, 1 hour and 15 minutes.

Note: NA means Not Applicable.

(p) [Removed]

268.45. Treatment standards for hazardous debris.

(a) Treatment standards. Hazardous debris must be treated prior to land disposal as follows unless the Department determines under 261.3(f)(2) of this chapter that the debris is no longer contaminated with hazardous waste or the debris is treated to the waste-specific treatment standard provided in this subpart for the waste contaminating the debris: (revised 5/96)

(1) General. Hazardous debris must be treated for each "contaminant subject to treatment" defined by paragraph (b) of this section using the technology or technologies identified in Table 1 of this section.

(2) Characteristic debris. Hazardous debris that exhibits the characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity identified under Section Section 261.21, 261.22, and 261.23 of this chapter, respectively, must be deactivated by treatment using one of the technologies identified in Table 1 of this section.

(3) Mixtures of debris types. The treatment standards of Table 1 in this section must be achieved for each type of debris contained in a mixture of debris types. If an immobilization technology is used in a treatment train, it must be the last treatment technology used.

(4) Mixtures of contaminant types. Debris that is contaminated with two or more contaminants subject to treatment identified under paragraph (b) of this section must be treated for each contaminant using one or more treatment technologies identified in Table 1 of this section. If an immobilization technology is used in a treatment train, it must be the last treatment technology used.

(5) Waste PCB's. Hazardous debris that is also a waste PCB under 40 CFR part 761 is subject to the requirements of either 40 CFR part 761 or the requirements of this section, whichever are more stringent.

(b) Contaminants subject to treatment. Hazardous debris must be treated for each "contaminant subject to treatment." The contaminants subject to treatment must be determined as follows:

(1) Toxicity characteristic debris. The contaminants subject to treatment for debris that exhibits the Toxicity Characteristic (TC) by Section 261.24 of this chapter are those EP constituents for which the debris exhibits the TC toxicity characteristic.

(2) Debris contaminated with listed waste. The contaminants subject to treatment for debris that is contaminated with a prohibited listed hazardous waste are those constituents or wastes for which treatment standards are established for the waste under 268.40. (revised 5/96)

(3) Cyanide reactive debris. Hazardous debris that is reactive because of cyanide must be treated for cyanide.

(c) Conditioned exclusion of treated debris. Hazardous debris that has been treated using one of the specified extraction or destruction technologies in Table 1 of this section and that does not exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste identified under subpart C, part 261, of this chapter after treatment is not a hazardous waste and need not be managed in a subtitle C facility. Hazardous debris contaminated with a listed waste that is treated by an immobilization technology specified in Table 1 is a hazardous waste and must be managed in a subtitle C facility.

(d) Treatment residuals-

(1) General requirements. Except as provided by paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(4) of this section:

(i) Residue from the treatment of hazardous debris must be separated from the treated debris using simple physical or mechanical means; and

(ii) Residue from the treatment of hazardous debris is subject to the waste-specific treatment standards provided by subpart D of this part for the waste contaminating the debris.

(2) Nontoxic debris. Residue from the deactivation of ignitable, corrosive, or reactive characteristic hazardous debris (other than cyanide-reactive) that is not contaminated with a contaminant subject to treatment defined by paragraph (b) of this section, must be deactivated prior to land disposal and is not subject to the waste-specific treatment standards of subpart D of this part.

(3) Cyanide-reactive debris. Residue from the treatment of debris that is reactive because of cyanide must meet the treatment standards for D003 in "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" at 268.40.

(4) Ignitable nonwastewater residue. Ignitable nonwastewater residue containing equal to or greater than 10% total organic carbon is subject to the technology specified in the treatment standard for D001: Ignitable Liquids.

(5) Residue from spalling. Layers of debris removed by spalling are hazardous debris that remain subject to the treatment standards of this section.

Appendix A-10: 268.45(d)(5)—Table 1.—Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris¹

Table 1.—Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris ¹				
Technology description	Performance and/or design and operating standard	Contaminant restrictions ²		
A. Extraction Technologies:				
1. Physical Extraction				
a. Abrasive Blasting: Removal of contaminated debris surface layers using water and/or air pressure to propel a	Glass, Metal, Plastic, Rubber: Treatment to a clean debris	All Debris: None.		
solid media (e.g., steel shot, aluminum oxide grit, plastic beads).	Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Removal of at least 0.6 cm of the surface layer; treatment to a clean debris surface. ³			
b. Scarification, Grinding, and Planing: Process utilizing striking piston heads, saws, or rotating grinding wheels such that contaminated debris surface layers are removed.	Same as above	Same as above		
c. Spalling: Drilling or chipping holes at appropriate locations and depth in the contaminated debris surface and applying a tool which exerts a force on the sides of those holes such that the surface layer is removed. The surface layer removed remains hazardous debris subject to the debris treatment standards.	Same as above	Same as above		
d. Vibratory Finishing: Process utilizing scrubbing media, flushing fluid, and oscillating energy such that hazardous contaminants or contaminated debris surface layers are removed.4	Same as above	Same as above		

Table 1.—Alternative Technology description	e Treatment Standards For Hazar Performance and/or design	dous Debris ¹ Contaminant restrictions ²
rechnology description	and operating standard	Contaminant restrictions
e. High Pressure Steam and Water Sprays: Application of water or steam sprays of sufficient temperature, pressure, residence time, agitation, surfactants, and detergents to remove hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces or to remove contaminated debris surface layers	Same as above	Same as above
2. Chemical Extraction		
a. Water Washing and Spraying: Application of water sprays or water baths of sufficient temperature, pressure, residence time, agitation, surfactants, acids, bases, and detergents to remove hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces and surface pores or to remove contaminated debris surface layers.	Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than 1.2 cm (1/2 inch) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit, ⁵ except that this thickness limit may be waived under an "Equivalent	to at least 5% by weight in water solution or 5% by weight in emulsion; if debris is contaminated with a dioxin- listed waste, ⁶ an "Equivalent Technology" approval under
b. Liquid Phase Solvent Extraction: Removal of hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces and surface pores by applying a nonaqueous liquid or liquid solution which causes the hazardous contaminants to enter the liquid phase and be flushed away from the debris along with the liquid or liquid solution while using appropriate agitation, temperature, and residence time. ⁴	Same as above	Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Same as above, except that contaminant must be soluble to at least 5% by weight in the solvent.
c. Vapor Phase Solvent Extraction: Application of an organic vapor using sufficient agitation, residence time, and temperature to cause hazardous	Same as above, except that brick, cloth, concrete, paper,	

Application of an organic vapor using Same as above, except that sufficient agitation, residence time, and brick, cloth, concrete, paper, temperature to cause hazardous pavement, rock and wood contaminants on contaminated debris surfaces must be in contact with surfaces and surface pores to enter the the organic vapor for at least 60 vapor phase and be flushed away with minutes. the organic vapor.⁴

Table 1.—Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris			
Technology description	Performance and/or design	Contaminant restrictions ²	
	and operating standard		

3. Thermal Extraction

For refining furnaces, treated debris must be separated from

a. High Temperature Metals Recovery: treatment residuals using heat, simple physical or mechanical Debris contaminated with a sufficient Application of residence time, mixing, fluxing agents, means,⁹ and, prior to further dioxin-listed waste:⁶ Obtain and/or carbon in a smelting, melting, or treatment, such residuals must an "Equivalent Technology" waste-specific approval under 268.42(b).8 refining furnace to separate metals meet the from debris. treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. All Debris: Obtain an b. Thermal Desorption: Heating in an "Equivalent Technology" enclosed chamber under either approval under 268.42(b);8 oxidizing or nonoxidizing atmospheres treated debris must be separated at sufficient temperature and residence from treatment residuals using hazardous simple physical or mechanical All Debris: Metals other than time to vaporize contaminated means,⁹ and, prior to further mercury. contaminants from surfaces and surface pores and to treatment, such residue must remove the contaminants from the meet the waste-specific heating chamber in a gaseous exhaust treatment standards for organic gas.⁷ compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than 10 cm (4)inches) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit),⁵ except that this thickness limit may be waived under the "Equivalent Technology" approval. B. Destruction Technologies:

1. Biological Destruction All Debris: Obtain an (Biodegradation): of "Equivalent Removal Technology" hazardous contaminants from debris approval under 268.42(b);8 All Debris: Metal surfaces and surface pores in an treated debris must be separated contaminants. aqueous solution and biodegradation of from treatment residuals using organic or nonmetallic inorganic simple physical or mechanical compounds (i.e., inorganics that means,⁹ and, prior to further

Technology description	e Treatment Standards For Hazar Performance and/or design	Contaminant restrictions ²
	and operating standard	
contain phosphorus, nitrogen, or sulfur) in units operated under either aerobic or anaerobic conditions.		
	Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than 1.2 cm (1/2 inch) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit),5 except that this thickness limit may be waived under the "Equivalent Technology" approval.	
2. Chemical Destruction		
1	from treatment residuals using simple physical or mechanical means, ³ and, prior to further treatment, such residue must meet the waste-specific treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than 1.2 cm	All Debris: Meta contaminants.
b. Chemical Reduction: Chemical reaction utilizing the following reducing reagents (or waste reagents) or combination of reagents: (1) sulfur dioxide; (2) sodium, potassium, or alkali salts of sulfites, bisulfites, and metabisulfites, and polyethylene	Same as above	Same as above.
420 Regulation 61-79.268		

Table 1.—Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris ¹			
Technology description	Performance and/or design	Contaminant restrictions ²	
	and operating standard		
glycols (e.g., NaPEG and KPEG); (3)			
sodium hydrosulfide; (4) ferrous salts;	;		
and/or (5) other reducing reagents of	Î		
equivalent efficiency. ⁴			
-			
3 Thermal Destruction: Treatment in			

3. Thermal Destruction: Treatment in

an incinerator operating in accordance with Subpart O of Parts 264 or 265 of this chapter; a boiler or industrial furnace operating in accordance with Subpart H of Part 266 of this chapter, or other thermal treatment unit operated in accordance with Subpart X, Part 264 of this chapter, or Subpart P, Part 265 of this chapter, but excluding for purposes of these debris treatment standards Thermal Desorption units.

Treated debris must separated from residuals using simple physical except that there are no metal or mechanical means,9 and, restrictions for vitrification. prior to further treatment, such Debris contaminated with a residue must meet the waste- dioxin-listed waste.⁶ Obtain specific treatment standards for an "Equivalent Technology" organic compounds in the waste approval under 268.42(b),8 contaminating the debris.

Brick, Concrete, Glass, Metal, be Pavement, Rock. Metal: treatment Metals other than mercury, except that this requirement does not apply to vitrification.

None.

C. Immobilization Technologies:

Encapsulating material must 1. Macroencapsulation: Application of completely encapsulate debris surface coating materials such as and be resistant to degradation polymeric organics (e.g., resins and by the debris and its plastics) or use of a jacket of inert contaminants and materials into inorganic materials to substantially which it may come into contact reduce surface exposure to potential after placement (leachate, other leaching media. waste, microbes).

2. Microencapsulation: Stabilization of the debris with the following reagents (or waste reagents) such that the leachability of the hazardous contaminants is reduced: (1) Portland cement; or (2) lime/pozzolans (e.g., fly Leachability of the hazardous None. ash and cement kiln dust). Reagents contaminants must be reduced. (e.g., iron salts, silicates, and clays) may be added to enhance the set/cure time and/or compressive strength, or to reduce the leachability of the hazardous constituents.5

3. Sealing: Application of an Sealing must avoid exposure of appropriate material which adheres the debris surface to potential None. tightly to the debris surface to avoid leaching media and sealant

Table 1.—Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris ¹			
Technology description	Performance and/or design	Contaminant restrictions ²	
	and operating standard		
exposure of the surface to potential	must be resistent to degradation		
leaching media. When necessary to	by the debris and its		
effectively seal the surface, sealing	contaminants and materials into		
entails pretreatment of the debris	which it may come into contact		
surface to remove foreign matter and to	after placement (leachate, other		
clean and roughen the surface. Sealing	, waste, microbes).		
materials include epoxy, silicone, and			
urethane compounds, but paint may not	t		
be used as a sealant			

FOOTNOTE: ¹Hazardous debris must be treated by either these standards or the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the debris. The treatment standards must be met for each type of debris contained in a mixture of debris types, unless the debris is converted into treatment residue as a result of the treatment process. Debris treatment residuals are subject to the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the debris.

FOOTNOTE: ²Contaminant restriction means that the technology is not BDAT for that contaminant. If debris containing a restricted contaminant is treated by the technology, the contaminant must be subsequently treated by a technology for which it is not restricted in order to be land disposed (and excluded from Subtitle C regulation).

FOOTNOTE: ³"Clean debris surface" means the surface, when viewed without magnification, shall be free of all visible contaminated soil and hazardous waste except that residual staining from soil and waste consisting of light shadows, slight streaks, or minor discolorations, and soil and waste in cracks, crevices, and pits may be present provided that such staining and waste and soil in cracks, crevices, and pits shall be limited to no more than 5% of each square inch of surface area.

FOOTNOTE: ⁴Acids, solvents, and chemical reagents may react with some debris and contaminants to form hazardous compounds. For example, acid washing of cyanide-contaminated debris could result in the formation of hydrogen cvanide. Some acids may also react violently with some debris and contaminants, depending on the concentration of the acid and the type of debris and contaminants. Debris treaters should refer to the safety precautions specified in Material Safety Data Sheets for various acids to avoid applying an incompatible acid to a particular debris/contaminant combination. For example, concentrated sulfuric acid may react violently with certain organic compounds, such as acrvlonitrile.

FOOTNOTE: ⁵If reducing the particle size of debris to meet the treatment standards results in material that no longer meets the 60 mm minimum particle size limit for debris, such material is subject to the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the material, unless the debris has been cleaned and separated from contaminated soil and waste prior to size reduction. At a minimum, simple physical or mechanical means must be used to provide such cleaning and separation of nondebris materials to ensure that the debris surface is free of caked soil, waste, or other nondebris material.

FOOTNOTE: ⁶Dioxin-listed wastes are EPA Hazardous Waste numbers FO20, FO21, FO22, FO23, FO26, and FO27.

FOOTNOTE: ⁷Thermal desorption is distinguished from Thermal Destruction in that the primary purpose of Thermal Desorption is to volatilize contaminants and to remove them from the treatment chamber for subsequent destruction or other treatment.

FOOTNOTE: ⁸The demonstration "Equivalent Technology" under 268.42(b) must document that the technology treats contaminants subject to treatment to a level equivalent to that required by the performance and design and operating standards for other technologies in this table such that residual

Table 1.—Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris ¹			
Technology description	Performance and/or design	Contaminant restrictions ²	
	and operating standard		

levels of hazardous contaminants will not pose a hazard to human health and the environment absent management controls.

FOOTNOTE: ⁹Any soil, waste, and other nondebris material that remains on the debris surface (or remains mixed with the debris) after treatment is considered a treatment residual that must be separated from the debris using, at a minimum, simple physical or mechanical means. Examples of simple physical or mechanical means are vibratory or trommel screening or water washing. The debris surface need not be cleaned to a "clean debris surface" as defined in note 3 when separating treated debris from residue; rather, the surface must be free of caked soil, waste, or other nondebris material. Treatment residuals are subject to the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the debris."

268.46. Alternative treatment standards based on HTMR.

For the treatment standards previously found in this section, refer to 268.40.

268.48. Universal Treatment Standards (added 5/96).

(a) Table UTS identifies the hazardous constituents, along with the nonwastewater and wastewater treatment standard levels, that are used to regulate most prohibited hazardous wastes with numerical limits. For determining compliance with treatment standards for underlying hazardous constituents as defined in 268.2(i), these treatment standards may not be exceeded. Compliance with these treatment standards is measured by an analysis of grab samples, unless otherwise noted in the following Table UTS.

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STA	NDARDS NO	TE: NA means not a	pplicable (8/00, 2/07)
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS ¹	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
			noted as "mg/l
			TCLP"
Organic Constituents			
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	38
Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	0.059	140
Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	NA
Acrylamide	79-06-1	19	23
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	0.13	NA
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
o-Anisidine (2-methoxyaniline)	90-04-0	0.010	0.66
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Aramite	140-57-8	0.36	NA

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAND		ΓE: NA means not ap	plicable (8/00, 2/07)
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS^1	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
			noted as "mg/l
			TCLP"
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.023	0.066
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzal chloride	98-87-3	0.055	6.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
from benzo(k)fluoranthene)	203-99-2	0.11	0.8
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
from benzo(b)fluoranthene)	207-08-9	0.11	0.8
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	0.35	15
Bromomethane/Methyl bromide	74-83-9	0.11	15
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	0.017	28
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol/Dinoseb	88-85-7	0.066	2.5
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.8 mg/l TCLP
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	NA
2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	0.28
Chlorodibromomethane	124-48-1	0.057	15
Chloroethane	75-00-3	0.27	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	0.036	7.2
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	39638-32- 9	0.055	7.2
p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	0.062	NA
Chloromethane/Methyl chloride	74-87-3	0.19	30
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	0.055	5.6
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
3-Chloropropylene	107-05-1	0.036	30
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
	20107		
268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAND			
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REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS ¹	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
			noted as "mg/l
			TCLP"
m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	0.75 mg/l TCLP
o,p'-DDD	53-19-0	0.023	0.087
p,p'-DDD	72-54-8	0.023	0.087
o,p'-DDE	3424-82-6	0.031	0.087
p,p'-DDE	72-55-9	0.031	0.087
o,p'-DDT	789-02-6	0.0039	0.087
p,p'-DDT	50-29-3	0.0039	0.087
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Dibenz(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	0.061	NA
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.11	15
1,2-Dibromoethane/Ethylene dibromide	106-93-4	0.028	15
Dibromomethane	74-95-3	0.11	15
m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.23	7.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
2,6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid/2,4-D	94-75-7	0.72	10
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-	0.036	18
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02- 6	0.036	18
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.017	0.13
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	60-11-7	0.13	NA
2,4-Dimethylaniline (2,4-xylidine)	95-68-1	0.010	0.66
2-4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
Dimetilan	644-64-4	0.056	1.4
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
1,4-Dinitrobenzene	100-25-4	0.32	2.3
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	534-52-1	0.28	160
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140
_, mm. ovor won v	1-11-4		110

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAND		TE: NA means not ap	plicable (8/00, 2/07)
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS^1	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
			noted as "mg/l
			TCLP"
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
Di-n-propylnitrosamine	621-64-7	0.40	14
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	12.0	170
Diphenylamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylnitrosamine)	122-39-4	0.92	13
Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylamine)	86-30-6	0.92	13
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.087	NA
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.023	0.066
Endosulfan II	33213-65- 9	0.029	0.13
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.029	0.13
Endrin	72-20-8	0.0028	0.13
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.025	0.13
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Ethyl cyanide/Propanenitrile	107-12-0	0.24	360
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.12	NA
Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin(1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD) (6/02)	35822-46- 9	0.000035	0.0025
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF) (6/02)	67562-39- 4	0.000035	0.0025
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF) (6/02)	55673-89- 7	0.000035	0.0025
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Hexachloropropylene	1888-71-7	0.035	30
Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
	-		

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAND			
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS^1	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
			noted as "mg/l
	=		TCLP"
Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
Kepone	143-50-0	0.0011	0.13
Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/l TCLP
Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.0055	15
4,4-Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline)	101-14-4	0.50	30
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160
Methyl methansulfonate	66-27-3	0.018	NA
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.014	4.6
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	NA
o-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	0.27	14
p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	0.028	28
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28
o-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	0.028	13
p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.40	28
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	0.40	2.3
N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	10595-95-	0.40	2.3
	6	0.40	2.5
N-Nitrosomorpholine	59-89-2	0.40	2.3
N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	0.013	35
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.013	35
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3268-87-9	0.000063	0.005
(OCDD) (6/02)		0.000003	0.005
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	39001-02-	0.000063	0.005
(6/02)	0	0.000003	0.005
Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
Total PCBs (sum of all PCB isomers, or all	1336-36-3	0.10	10
Aroclors)8			
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAND		TE: NA means not ap	plicable (8/00, 2/07)
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS^1	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
			noted as "mg/l
			TCLP"
PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000035	0.001
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
1,3-Phenylenediamine	108-45-2	0.010	0.66
o-Phenylenediamine	95-54-5	0.056	5.6
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
Phthalic acid	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	0.055	28
Pronamide	23950-58-	0.093	1.5
	5		
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22
Silvex/2,4,5-TP	93-72-1	0.72	7.9
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
TCDDs (All Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
TCDFs (All Tetrachlorodibenzofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Toxaphene	8001-35-2		2.6
Tribromomethane/Bromoform	75-25-2	0.63	15
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid/2,4,5-T	93-76-5	0.72	7.9
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.85	30
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76-13-1	0.057	30
tris-(2,3-Dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	0.11	0.10
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p- xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
1428 Regulation 61-79 268			

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAND	ARDS NOT	ГЕ: NA means not ap	plicable (8/00, 2/07)		
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS^1	Wastewater	Nonwastewater		
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard		
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in		
		mg/l	mg/kg unless		
			noted as "mg/l		
			TCLP"		
Inorganic Constituents					
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/l TCLP		
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP		
Barium	7440-39-3	1.2	21 mg/l TCLP		
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.82	1.22 mg/l TCLP		
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLP		
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP		
Cyanides (Total) ⁴	57-12-5	1.2	590		
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁴	57-12-5	0.86	30		
Fluoride ⁵	16984-48-	35	NA		
	8	55	INA		
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP		
Mercury - Nonwastewater from Retort	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP		
Mercury - All Others	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/lTCLP		
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11. mg/l TCLP		
Selenium ⁷	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP		
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCLP		
Sulfide ⁵	18496-25-	14	NA		
	8	14	INA		
Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	0.20 mg/l TCLP		
Vanadium ⁵	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/l TCLP		
Zinc ⁵	7440-66-6	2.61	4.3 mg/l TCLP		

FOOTNOTES TO TABLE UTS - * Note: N/A means "not applicable."

1. CAS means Chemical Abstract Services. When the waste code and/or regulated constituents are described as a combination of a chemical with it's salts and/or esters, the CAS number is given for the parent compound only.

2. Concentration standards for wastewaters are expressed in mg/l and are based on analysis of composite samples.

3. Except for Metals (EP or TCLP) and Cyanides (Total and Amenable) the nonwastewater treatment standards expressed as a concentration were established, in part, based upon incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of part 264, subpart O or part 265, subpart O, or based upon combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements. A facility may comply with these treatment standards according to provisions in 268.40(d). All concentration standards for nonwastewaters are based on analysis of grab samples.

4. Both Cyanides (Total) and Cyanides (Amenable) for nonwastewaters are to be analyzed using Method 9010 or 9012, found in Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in 260.11, with a sample size of 10 grams and a distillation time of one hour and 15 minutes.

268.48 - UNIVERSAL TREATMENT STAN	NDARDS NO	TE: NA means not a	pplicable (8/00, 2/07)
REGULATED CONSTITUENT	CAS^1	Wastewater	Nonwastewater
Common Name	Number	Standard	Standard
		Concentration ² in	Concentration ³ in
		mg/l	mg/kg unless
		-	noted as "mg/l
			TCLP"

5. These constituents are not "underlying hazardous constituents" in characteristic wastes, according to the definition at 268.2(i).

6. [Reserved 8/00]

7. This constituent is not an underlying hazardous constituent as defined at 268.2(i) of this part because its UTS level is greater than its TC level, thus a treated selenium waste would always be characteristically hazardous, unless it is treated to below its characteristic level.

8. This standard is temporarily deferred for soil exhibiting a hazardous characteristic due to D004-D011 only.

268.49. Alternative LDR treatment standards for contaminated soil.

(a) Applicability You must comply with LDRs prior to placing soil that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste, or exhibited a characteristic of hazardous waste at the time it was generated, into a land disposal unit. The following chart describes whether you must comply with LDRs prior to placing soil contaminated by listed hazardous waste into a land disposal unit:

If LDRs	And If LDRs	And If	Then Y	You
Applied to the listed waste when it contaminated the soil *			must with L	comply DRs
Didn't apply to the listed waste when it contaminated the soil *	apply to the listed	the soil is determined to contain the listed waste when the soil is first generated	must	comply
didn't apply to the listed waste when it contaminated the soil *		the soil is determined not to contain the listed waste when the soil is first generated		
didn't apply to the listed waste when it contaminated the soil *			needn' comply LDRs	

* For dates of LDR applicability, see Part 268 Appendix VII. To determine the date any given listed hazardous waste contaminated any given volume of soil, use the last date any given listed hazardous waste placed into any given land disposal unit or, in the case of an accidental spill, the date of the spill.

(b) Prior to land disposal, contaminated soil identified by paragraph (a) of this section as needing to comply with LDRs must be treated according to the applicable treatment standards specified in paragraph (c) of this section or according to the Universal Treatment Standards specified in 268.48 applicable to the contaminating listed hazardous waste and/or the applicable characteristic of hazardous waste if the soil is characteristic. The treatment standards specified in paragraph (c) of this section and the Universal Treatment Standards may be modified through a treatment variance approved in accordance with 268.44.

(c) Treatment standards for contaminated soils. Prior to land disposal, contaminated soil identified by paragraph (a) of this section as needing to comply with LDRs must be treated according to all the standards specified in this paragraph or according to the Universal Treatment Standards specified in 268.48.

(1) All soils. Prior to land disposal, all constituents subject to treatment must by treated as follows:

(A) For non-metals except carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and methanol, treatment must achieve 90 percent reduction in total constituent concentrations, except as provided by paragraph (c)(1)(C) of this section.

(B) For metals and carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and methanol treatment must achieve 90 percent reduction in constituent concentrations as measured in leachate from the treated media (tested according to the TCLP) or 90 percent reduction in total constituent concentrations (when a metal removal treatment technology is used), except as provided by paragraph (c)(1)(C) of this section.

(C) When treatment of any constituent subject to treatment to a 90 percent reduction standard would result in a concentration less than 10 times the Universal Treatment Standard for that constituent, treatment to achieve constituent concentrations less than 10 times the universal treatment standard is not required. Universal Treatment Standards are identified in 268.48 Table UTS.

(2) Soils that exhibit the characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity of reactivity. In addition to the treatment required by paragraph (c)(1) of this section, prior to land disposal, soils that exhibit the characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity must be treated to eliminate these characteristics.

(3) Soils that contain nonanalyzable constituents. In addition to the treatment requirements of paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section, prior to land disposal, the following treatment is required for soils that contain nonanalyzable constituents:

(A) For soil that contains only analyzable and nonanalyzable organic constituents, treatment of the analyzable organic constituents to the levels specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section; or,

(B) For soil that contains only nonanalyzable constituents, treatment by the methods specified in 268.42 for the waste contained in the soil.

(d) Constituents subject to treatment. When applying the soil treatment standards in paragraph (c) of this section, constituents subject to treatment are any constituents listed in 268.48 Table UTS - Universal Treatment Standards that are reasonably expected to be present in any given volume of contaminated soil, except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, zinc, and that are present at concentrations greater than ten times the universal treatment standard. PCBs are not constituent subject to treatment in any given volume of soil which exhibits the toxicity characteristic solely because of the presence of metals.

(e) Management of treatment residual. Treatment residuals from treating contaminated soil identified by paragraph (a) of this section as needing to comply with LDRs must be managed as follows:

(1) Soil residuals are subject to the treatment standards of this section:

(2) Non-soil residuals are subject to:

(A) For soils contaminated by listed hazardous waste, the RCRA Subtitle C standards applicable to the listed hazardous waste; and

(B) For soils that exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste, if the non-soil residual also exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste, the treatment standards applicable to the characteristic hazardous waste.

SUBPART E Prohibitions on Storage

268.50. Prohibitions on storage of restricted wastes.

(a) Except as provided for in this section, the storage of hazardous wastes restricted from land disposal under subpart C of this part is prohibited, unless the following conditions are met:

(1) A generator stores such wastes in tanks, containers, or containment buildings onsite solely for the purpose of the accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal and the generator complies with the requirements in R.61-79.262.16 and 262.17 and R.61-79.264 and 265.

(2) An owner/operator of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility stores such wastes in tanks, containers, or containment buildings solely for the purpose of the accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal and: (amended 11/90, 12/92)

(i) Each container is clearly marked to identify its contents and with:

(A) The words "Hazardous Waste";

(B) The applicable EPA hazardous waste number(s) (EPA hazardous waste codes) in R.61-79.261 subparts C and D; or use a nationally recognized electronic system, such as bar coding, to identify the EPA hazardous waste number(s);

(C) An indication of the hazards of the contents (examples include, but are not limited to, the applicable hazardous waste characteristics(s) (i.e., ignitable, corrosive, reactive, toxic); hazard communication consistent with the Department of Transportation requirements at 49 CFR part 172 subpart E (labeling) or subpart F (placarding); a hazard statement or pictogram consistent with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard at 29 CFR 1910.1200; or a chemical hazard label consistent with the National Fire Protection Association code 704); and

(D) The date each period of accumulation begins.

(ii) Each tank is clearly marked with a description of its contents, the quantity of each hazardous waste received, and the date each period of accumulation begins, or such information for each tank is recorded and maintained in the operating record at that facility. Regardless of whether the tank itself is marked, an owner/operator must comply with the operating record requirements specified in 264.73 or 265.73.

(3) A transporter stores manifested shipments of such wastes at a transfer facility for 10 days or less.

(4) A healthcare facility accumulates such wastes in containers on-site solely for the purpose of the accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste pharmaceuticals as necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal and the healthcare facility complies with the applicable requirements in Sections 266.502 and 266.503 of this chapter.

(5) A reverse distributor accumulates such wastes in containers on-site solely for the purpose of the accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste pharmaceuticals as necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal and the reverse distributor complies with Section 266.510 of this chapter.

(b) An owner/operator of a treatment, storage or disposal facility may store such wastes for up to one year unless the Department can demonstrate that such storage was not solely for the purpose of accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as are necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal.

(c) An owner/operator of a treatment, storage or disposal facility may store such wastes beyond one year; however, the owner/operator bears the burden of proving that such storage was solely for the purpose of accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as are necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal.

(d) If a generator's waste is exempt from a prohibition on the type of land disposal utilized for the waste (for example, because of an approved case-by-case extension under 268.5, an approved 268.6 petition, or a national capacity variance under subpart C), the prohibition in paragraph (a) does not apply during the period of such exemption.

(e) The prohibition in paragraph (a) does not apply to hazardous wastes that meet the treatment standards specified under Sections 268.41, 268.42 and 268.43 or the treatment standards specified under the variance in section 268.44 or, where treatment standards have not been specified, is in compliance with the applicable prohibitions specified in 268.32 or RCRA section 3004.

(f) Liquid hazardous wastes containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) at concentrations greater than or equal to 50 ppm must be stored at a facility that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 761.65(b) and must be removed from storage and treated or disposed as required by this part within one year of the date when such wastes are first placed into storage. The provisions of paragraph (c) of this section do not apply to such PCB wastes prohibited under 268.32 of this part. (amended 11/90)

(g) The prohibition and requirements in this section do not apply to hazardous remediation wastes stored in a staging pile approved pursuant to 264.554 of this chapter.

Appendix III. List of Halogenated Organic Compounds Regulated Under 268.32

In determining the concentration of HOCs in a hazardous waste for purposes of the 268.32 land disposal prohibition, EPA has defined the HOCs that must be included in a calculation as any compounds having a carbon-halogen bond which are listed in this Appendix (see 268.2). 268 Appendix III consists of the following compounds:

- I. Volatiles
- 1. Bromodichloromethane
- 2. Bromomethane
- 3. Carbon Tetrachloride
- 4. Chlorobenzene
- 5. 2-Chloro-1,-butadiene
- 6. Chlorodibromomethane
- 7. Chloroethane
- 8. 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether
- 9. Chloroform

10. Chloromethane

- 11. 3-Chloropropene
- 12. 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane
- 13. 1,2-Dibromomethane
- 14. Dibromomethane
- 15. Trans-1,4-Dichloro-2Cbutene
- 16. Dichlorodifluoromethane
- 17. 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 18. 1,2-Dichloroethane
- 19. 1,1-Dichloroethylene
- 20. Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
- 21. 1,2-Dichloropropane
- 22. Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
- 23. cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
- 24. Iodomethane
- 25. Methylene chloride
- 26. 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 27. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 28. Tetrachloroethene
- 29. Tribromomethane
- 30. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
- 31. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
- 32. Trichlorothene
- 33. Trichloromonofluoromethane
- 34. 1,2,3-Thrichloropropane
- 35. Vinyl Chloride
- II. Semivolatiles
- 1. Bis(2-chloroethoxy)ethane
- 2. Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether
- 3. Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether
- 4. p-Chloroaniline
- 5. Chlorobenzilate
- 6. p-Chloro-m-cresol
- 7. 2-Chloronaphthalene
- 8. 2-Chlorphenol
- 9. 3-Chloropropionitrile
- 10. m-Dichlorobenzene
- 11. o-Dichlorobenzene
- 12. p-Dichlorobenzene
- 13. 3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine
- 14. 2,4-Dichlorophenol
- 15. 2,6-Dichlorophenol
- 16. Hexachlorobenzene
- 17. Hexachlorobutadiene
- 18. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
- 19. Hexachloroethane
- 20. Hexachloroprophene
- 21. Hexachlorpropene
- 22. 4,4'-Methylenebis(2-chloroanaline)
- 23. Pentachlorobenzene

24. Pentachloroethane 25. Pentachloronitrobenzene 26. Pentachlorophenol 27. Pronamide 28. 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene 29. 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol 30. 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 31. 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 32. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 33. Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl)phosphate **III.** Organochlorine Pesticides 1. Aldrin 2. alpha-BHC 3. beta-BHC 4. delta-BHC 5. gamma-BHC 6. Chlorodane 7. DDD 8. DDE 9. DDT 10. Dieldrin 11. Endosulfan I 12. Endosulfan II 13. Endrin 14. Endrin aldehyde 15. Heptachlor 16. Heptachlor epoxide 17. Isodrin 18. Kepone 19. Methoxyclor 20. Toxaphene IV. Phenoxyacetic Acid Herbicides 1. 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid 2. Silvex 3. 2,4,5-T V. PCBs 1. Aroclor 1016 2. Aroclor 1221 3. Aroclor 1232 4. Aroclor 1242 5. Aroclor 1248 6. Aroclor 1254 7. Aroclor 1260 8. PCBs not otherwise specified VI. Dioxins and Furans 1. Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins 2. Hexachlorodibenzofuran 3. Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins 4. Pentachlorodibenzofuran 5. Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins 1435 | Regulation 61-79.268

- 6. Tetrachlorodibenzofuran
- 7. 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin

Appendix IV. Wastes Excluded From Lab Packs Under the Alternative Treatment Standards of 268.42(c): (major revision 5/96)

Hazardous waste with the following EPA Hazardous Waste Codes may not be placed in lab packs under the alternative lab pack treatment standards of 268.42(c): D009, F019, K003, K004, K005, K006, K062, K071, K100, K106, P010, P011, P012, P076, P078, U134, U151.

Appendix VI. Recommended Technologies to Achieve Deactivation of Characteristics in Section 268.42

The treatment standard for many characteristic wastes is stated in the 268.40 Table of Treatment Standards as "Deactivation and meet UTS." EPA has determined that many technologies, when used alone or in combination, can achieve the deactivation portion of the treatment standard. Characteristic wastes that are not managed in a facility regulated by the Clean Water Act (CWA) or in a CWA-equivalent facility, and that also contain underlying hazardous constituents (see 268.2(i)) must be treated not only by a "deactivating" technology to remove the characteristic, but also to achieve the universal treatment standards (UTS) for underlying hazardous constituents. The following appendix presents a partial list of technologies, utilizing the five letter technology codes established in 268.42 Table 1, that may be useful in meeting the treatment standard. Use of these specific technologies is not mandatory and does not preclude direct reuse, recovery, and/or the use of other pretreatment technologies, provided deactivation is achieved and underlying hazardous constituents are treated to achieve the UTS.

Waste code/subcategory	Nonwaste- waters	Waste- waters
D001 Ignitable Liquids based on 261.21(a)(1)—Low TOC Nonwastewater Subcategory (containing 1% to <10% TOC)	RORGS INCIN WETOX CHOXD BIODG	n.a.
D001 Ignitable Liquids based on 261.21(a)(1)—Ignitable Wastewater Subcategory (containing <1% TOC)	n.a.	RORGS INCIN WETOX CHOXD BIODG
D001 Compressed Gases based on 261.21(A)(3)	RCGAS INCIN FSUBS ADGAS fb. INCIN ADGAS fb. (CHOXD: or	n.a.
D001 Ignitable Reactives based on 261.21(a)(2)	CHRED) WTRRX CHOXD CHRED STABL	n.a.

Waste code/subcategory	Nonwaste- waters INCIN	Waste- waters
D001 Ignitable Oxidizers based on 261.21(a)(4)	CHRED INCIN	CHRED INCIN
D002 Acid Subcategory based on 261.22(a)(1) with pH less than or equal to 2	RCORR NEUTR INCIN	NEUTR INCIN
D002 Alkaline Subcategory based on 261.22(a)(1) with pH greater than or equal to 12.5	NEUTR INCIN	NEUTR INCIN
D002 Other Corrosives based on 261.22(a)(2)	CHOXD CHRED INCIN STABL	CHOXD CHRED INCIN
D003 Water Reactives based on 261.23(a)(2), (3), and (4)	INCIN WTRRX CHOXD CHRED	n.a.
D003 Reactive Sulfides based on 261.23(a)(5)	CHOXD CHRED INCIN STABL	CHOXD CHRED BIODG INCIN
D003 Explosives based on 261.23(a)(6), (7), and (8)	INCIN CHOXD CHRED	INCIN CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN
D003 Other Reactives based on 261.23(a)(1)	INCIN CHOXD CHRED	INCIN CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN
K044 Wastewater treatment sludges from the manufacturing and processing of explosives	CHOXD CHRED INCIN	CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN INCIN
K045 Spent carbon from the treatment of wastewaters containing explosives	CHOXD CHRED INCIN	CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN INCIN
K047 Pink/red water from TNT operations	CHOXD CHRED INCIN	CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN
FOOTNOTE: Note: "n.a." stands for "not applicable"; "fb." stands for "followe	d by".	INCIN

Appendix VII. [Effective dates].

D0016	All (except High TOC Ignitable	4 0 1002
D001 ^c	Liquids)	Aug. 9, 1993.
D001	High TOC Ignitable Liquids	Aug. 8, 1990.
D002 ^c	All	Aug. 9, 1993.
D003 ^e	All	July 8, 1996.
D004	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
D004	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1992.
D005	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
D006	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
D007	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
D 000	Lead materials before secondary	Mara 9, 1002
D008	smelting	May 8, 1992.
D008	All others	Aug. 8, 1990.
D009	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
D009	All others	Aug. 8, 1990.
D010	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
D011	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
D012 (that exhibit the	toxicity characteristic based on the TCLP) ^d	U ,
[×]	All	Dec. 14, 1994.
D013 (that exhibit the	toxicity characteristic based on the TCLP) ^d	
,	All	Dec. 14, 1994.
D014 (that exhibit the	toxicity characteristic based on the TCLP) ^d	
× ·	All	Dec. 14, 1994.
D015 (that exhibit the	toxicity characteristic based on the TCLP) ^d	
× ·	All	Dec. 14, 1994.
D016 (that exhibit the	toxicity characteristic based on the TCLP) ^d	
	All	Dec. 14, 1994.
D017 (that exhibit the	toxicity characteristic based on the TCLP) ^d	
	All	Dec. 14, 1994.
D018	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D018	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D019	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D019	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D020	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D020	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D021	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D021	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D022	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D022	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D023	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D023	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D024	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D024	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D025	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D025	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

D026	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D026	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D027	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D027	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D028	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D028	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D029	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D029	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D030	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19. 1996.
D030	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D031	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D031	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D032	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D032	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D033	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D033	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D034	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D034	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D035	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D035	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D036	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D036	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D037	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D037	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D038	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D038	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D039	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D039	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D040	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D040	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D041	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D041	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D042	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D042	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
D043	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sept. 19, 1996.
D043	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
2010	Small quantity generators, CERCLA response/RCRA	2000 13, 133
F001	corrective action, initial generator's solvent-water	Nov. 8, 1988.
1001	mixtures, solvent-containing sludges and solids.	1.0.1.0, 19000
F001	All others	Nov. 8, 1986.
F002 (1,1,2-trichloroeth		1.0.1.0, 19000
1002 (1,1,2 110101011	Wastewater and Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
	Small quantity generators, CERCLA response/RCRA	
F002	corrective action, initial generator's solvent-water	Nov. 8, 1988.
	mixtures, solvent-containing sludges and solids.	,
F002	All others	Nov. 8, 1986.
-		-,

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the
LDRs ^a —Comprehensive List

	Small quantity generators, CERCLA response/RCRA	
F003	corrective action, initial generator's solvent-water	
	mixtures, solvent-containing sludges and solids.	-)
F003	All others	Nov. 8, 1986.
	Small quantity generators, CERCLA response/RCRA	
F004	corrective action, initial generator's solvent-water	
1001	mixtures, solvent-containing sludges and solids.	1.0.1.0, 19000
F004	All others	Nov. 8, 1986.
	xy ethanol, 2-nitropropane)	110110, 1900.
	Wastewater and Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
	Small quantity generators, CERCLA response/RCRA	•
F005	corrective action, initial generator's solvent-water	
	mixtures, solvent-containing sludges and solids.	
F005	All others	Nov. 8, 1986.
F006	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
F006	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
F006 (cyanides)	Nonwastewater	July 8, 1989.
F007	All	July 8, 1989.
F008	All	July 8, 1989.
F009	All	July 8, 1989.
F010	All	June 8, 1989.
F011 (cyanides)	Nonwastewater	Dec. 8, 1989.
F011	All others	July 8, 1989.
F012 (cyanides)	Nonwastewater	Dec. 8, 1989.
F012	All others	July 8, 1989.
F019	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
F020	All	Nov. 8, 1988.
F021	All	Nov. 8, 1988.
F025	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
F026	All	Nov. 8, 1988.
F027	All	Nov. 8, 1988.
F028	All	Nov. 8, 1988.
F032	Mixed with radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999
F032	All others	May 12, 1997
F033	Mixed with radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999
F033	All others	May 12, 1997
F034	Mixed with radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999
F034	All others	May 12 1997
	Not generated from surface impoundment cleanouts or	1 20 1002
F037	closures	June 30, 1993.
D027	Generated from surface impoundment cleanouts or	1 20 1004
F037	closures	June 30, 1994.
F037	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
	Not generated from surface impoundment cleanouts or	
F038	closures	June 30, 1993.
E030	Generated from surface impoundment cleanouts or	Laure 20, 1004
F038	closures	June 30, 1994.

E029	Minud mith and in action marker	Lune 20, 1004
F038	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
F039	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
F039	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
K001 (organics) ^b	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K001	All others	Aug. 8, 1988.
K002	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K003	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K004	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K004	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K005	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K005	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1989.
K006	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K007	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K007	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1989.
K008	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K008	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K009	All	June 8, 1989.
K010	All	June 8, 1989.
K011	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K011	Nonwastewate	June 8, 1989.
K011 K013	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K013	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1989.
K013 K014	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1989.
K014 K014	Nonwastewater	•
K014 K015		June 8, 1989.
	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K015	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K016	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K017	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K018	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K019	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K020	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K021	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K021	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K022	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K022	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K023	All	June 8, 1989.
K024	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K025	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K025	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K026	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K027	All	June 8, 1989.
K028 (metals)	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K028	All others	June 8, 1989.
K029	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K029	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1989.
K030	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K031	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.

K031 Nonwastewater May 8, 1992. K032 All Aug 8, 1990. K033 All Aug 8, 1990. K034 All Aug 8, 1990. K035 All Aug 8, 1990. K036 Wastewater Aug 8, 1988. K037 Wastewater Aug 8, 1988. K037 Nonwastewater Aug 8, 1988. K038 All June 8, 1989. K040 All June 8, 1989. K041 All June 8, 1989. K042 All June 8, 1989. K044 All June 8, 1988. K045 All June 8, 1988. K046 All others Aug 8, 1980. K047 All Aug 8, 1980. K048 Wastewater Aug 8, 1980. K048 Nonwastewater Aug 8, 1990. K050 Nonwastewater Aug 8	K031	Nonwastewater	May 8 1002
K033 All Aug. 8, 1990. K034 All Aug. 8, 1990. K035 All Aug. 8, 1990. K036 Wastewater Aug. 8, 1988. K037 Wastewater Aug. 8, 1988. K037 Nonwastewater Aug. 8, 1988. K037 Nonwastewater Aug. 8, 1988. K038 All June 8, 1989. K040 All June 8, 1989. K041 All June 8, 1989. K042 All June 8, 1989. K043 All June 8, 1989. K044 All June 8, 1989. K044 All June 8, 1989. K045 All Aug. 8, 1986. K046 All others Aug. 8, 1988. K046 All others Aug. 8, 1988. K046 All others Aug. 8, 1980. K048 Wastewater Aug. 8, 1980. K048 Nonwastewater Aug. 8, 1980. K049 Nonwastewater Aug. 8, 1990. K050 Nonwastewater Aug. 8, 1990. K051 <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>			•
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Aug. 8, 1988.			-
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K088	Mixed with radioactive waste	Apr. 8, 1998.
K088	All others	Jan. 8, 1998.
K088 K093	All	June 8, 1997.
K093 K094	All	June 8, 1989.
K094 K095	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1989.
K095 K095	Nonwastewate	C
		June 8, 1989.
K096	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K096	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1989.
K097	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K098	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K099	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K100	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K100	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K101 (organics)	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K101 (metals)	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K101 (organics)	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K101 (metals)	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
K102 (organics)	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K102 (metals)	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K102 (organics)	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1988.
K102 (metals)	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
K103	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K104	All	Aug. 8, 1988.
K105	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K106	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
K106	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
K107	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K107	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K108	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K108	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K109	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K109	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K110	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K110	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K111	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K111	All other	Nov. 9, 1992.
K112	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K112	All other	Nov. 9, 1992.
K113	All	June 8, 1989.
K113 K114	All	June 8, 1989.
K115	All	June 8, 1989.
K115 K116	All	June 8, 1989.
K110 K117	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K117 K117	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K117 K118	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1992.
K118 K118	All others	Nov. 9, 1994.
K118 K123	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1992.
11143	which in autoactive wastes	June 30, 1794.

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K123	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K124	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K124	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K125	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K125	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K126	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K126	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K131	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K131	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K132	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K132	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K136	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
K136	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
K141	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K141	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K142	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K142	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K142 K143	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1994.
K143 K143	All others	· ·
K145 K144	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Dec. 19, 1994.
		Sep. 19, 1996.
K144	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K145	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K145	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K147	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K147	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K148	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K148	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K149	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K149	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K150	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K150	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K151	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Sep. 19, 1996.
K151	All others	Dec. 19, 1994.
K156	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
K156	All others	July 8, 1996.
K157	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
K157	All others	July 8, 1996.
K158	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
K158	All others	July 8, 1996.
K159	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
K159	All others	July 8, 1996.
K159 K160	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
K160	All others	July 8, 1996.
K160	Mixed with radioactive wastes	
	All others	Apr. 8, 1998.
K161		July 8, 1996.
P001	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P002	All	Aug. 8, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

D 002	4 11	A 0 1000
P003	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P004	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P005	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P006	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P007	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P008	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P009	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P010	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P010	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P011	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P011	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P012	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P012	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P013 (barium)	Nonwastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P013	All	June 8, 1989.
P014	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P015	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P016	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P017	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P018	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P020	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P021	All	June 8, 1989.
P022	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P023	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P024	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P026	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P020 P027	All	•
P027 P028	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P029		June 8, 1989.
P030	All	June 8, 1989.
P031	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P033	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P034	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P036	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P036	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P037	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P038	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P038	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P039	All	June 8, 1989.
P040	All	June 8, 1989.
P041	All	June 8, 1989.
P042	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P043	All	June 8, 1989.
P044	All	June 8, 1989.
P045	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P046	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P047	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		-

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the
LDRs ^a —Comprehensive List

P048	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P049	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P050	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P051	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P054	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P056	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P057	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P058	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P059	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P060	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P062	All	June 8, 1989.
P063	All	June 8, 1989.
P064	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P065	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P065	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P066	All	Aug. 8, 1992.
P067	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P068	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P069	All	-
P070	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P071		June 8, 1989.
P072	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P073	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P074	All	June 8, 1989.
P075	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P076	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P077	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P078	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P081	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P082	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P084	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P085	All	June 8, 1989.
P087	All	May 8, 1992.
P088	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P089	All	June 8, 1989.
P092	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P092	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
P093	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P094	All	June 8, 1989.
P095	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P096	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P097	All	June 8, 1989.
P098	All	June 8, 1989.
P099 (silver)	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P099	All others	June 8, 1989.
P101	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P102	All	Aug. 8, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

P103	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P104 (silver)	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
P104	All others	June 8, 1989.
P105	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P106	All	June 8, 1989.
P108	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P109	All	June 8, 1989.
P110	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P111	All	June 8, 1989.
P112	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P112 P113	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P114	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P115	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P116	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P118	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P119	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P120	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P121	All	June 8, 1989.
P122	All	Aug. 8, 1989.
P123	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
P127	Mixed with radioactive waste	Apr. 8, 1998.
P127	All others	July 8, 1996.
P128	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P128	All others	July 8, 1996.
P185	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P185	All others	July 8, 1996.
P188	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P188	All others	July 8, 1996.
P189	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P189	All others	July 8, 1996.
P190	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P190	All others	July 8, 1996.
P191	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P191	All others	July 8, 1996.
P192	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P192	All others	July 8, 1996.
P194	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P194	All others	July 8, 1996.
P196	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P196	All others	July 8, 1996.
P197	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P197	All others	July 8, 1996.
P198	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P198	All others	July 8, 1996.
P199	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P199	All others	July 8, 1996.
P201	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
* -	·	T

D2 01	A 11 - 41	L-1 9 100C
P201	All others	July 8, 1996.
P202	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P202	All others	July 8, 1996.
P203	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P203	All others	July 8, 1996.
P204	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P204	All others	July 8, 1996.
P205	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
P205	All others	July 8, 1996.
U001	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U002	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U003	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U004	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U005	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U006	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U007	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U008	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U009	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U010	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U011	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U012	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U014	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U015	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U016	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U017	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U018	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U019	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U020	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U021	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U022	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U023	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U024	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U025	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U026	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U020	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U028	All	June 8, 1989.
U028	All	
U029 U030	All	Aug. 8, 1990. Aug. 8, 1990.
	All	•
U031		Aug. 8, 1990.
U032	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U033	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U034	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U035	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U036	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U037	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U038	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U039	All	Aug. 8, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

U041	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U042	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U043	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U044	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U045	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U046	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U047	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U048	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U049	All	-
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U050	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U051	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U052	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U053	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U055	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U056	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U057	All	-
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U058	All	June 8, 1989.
U059	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U060	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U061	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U062	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U063	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U064	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U066	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U067	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U068	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U069	All	June 30, 1992.
U070	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U071	All	-
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U072	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U073	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U074	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U075	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U076	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U077	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U078	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U079	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U080	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U081	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U082	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U083	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U084	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U085	All	U ,
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U086	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U087	All	June 8, 1989.
U088	All	June 8, 1989.
U089	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		~ ·

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the
LDRs ^a —Comprehensive List

U090	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U091	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U092	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U093	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U094	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U095	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U096	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U097	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U098	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U099	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U101	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U102	All	June 8, 1989.
U103	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U105	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U106	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U107	All	June 8, 1989.
U108	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U109	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U110	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U111	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U112	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U112	All	-
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U114	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U115	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U116	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U117	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U118	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U119	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U120	All	-
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U121	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U122	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U123	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U124	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U125	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U126	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U127	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		-
U128	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U129	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U130	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U131	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U132	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U133	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U134	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		-
U135	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U136	Wastewater	Aug. 8, 1990.
U136	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
U137	All	Aug. 8, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

11120	A 11	A 0 1000
U138	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U140	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U141	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U142	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U143	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U144	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U145	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U146	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U147	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U148	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U149	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U150	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U151	Wastewater	-
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U151	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
U152	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U153	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U154	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U155	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U156	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U157	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U158	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U159	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U160	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U161	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U162	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U163	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U164	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U165	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U166	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U167	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U168	All	
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U169	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U170	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U171	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U172	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U173	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U174	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U176	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U177	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U178	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U179	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U180	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U181	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U182	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U183	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U184	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U185	All	Aug. 8, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

U186	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U187	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		÷
U188	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U189	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U190	All	June 8, 1989.
U191	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		÷
U192	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U193	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U194	All	June 8, 1989.
U196	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U197	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U200	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U201	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U202	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		÷
U203	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U204	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U205	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U206	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U207	All	C
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U208	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U209	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U210	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U211	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		÷
U213	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U214	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U215	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U216	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U217	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U218	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U219	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U220	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U221	All	June 8, 1989.
U222	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		÷
U223	All	June 8, 1989.
U225	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U226	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U227	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U228	All	÷
		Aug. 8, 1990.
U234	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U235	All	June 8, 1989.
U236	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U237	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
		•
U238	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U239	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U240	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U243	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U244	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
0211	4 •••	1145. 0, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the
LDRs ^a —Comprehensive List

	. 11	
U246	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U247	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U248	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U249	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
U271	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U271	All others	July 8, 1996.
U277	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U277	All others	July 8, 1996.
U278	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U278	All others	July 8, 1996.
U279	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U279	All others	July 8, 1996.
U280	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U280	All others	July 8, 1996.
U328	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
U328	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
U353	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1994.
U353	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
U359	Mixed with radioactive wastes	June 30, 1992.
U359	All others	Nov. 9, 1992.
U364	Mixed with radioactive wastes	
		Apr. 8, 1998.
U364	All others	July 8, 1996.
U365	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U365	All others	July 8, 1996.
U366	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U366	All others	July 8, 1996.
U367	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U367	All others	July 8, 1996.
U372	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U372	All others	July 8, 1996.
U373	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U373	All others	July 8, 1996.
U375	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U375	All others	July 8, 1996.
U376	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U376	All others	July 8, 1996.
U377	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U377	All others	July 8, 1996.
U378	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U378	All others	July 8, 1996.
U379	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U379	All others	July 8, 1996.
U381	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U381	All others	July 8, 1996.
U382	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U382	All others	July 8, 1996.
U383	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
		p-: 0, 1990.

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

U383	All others	July 8, 1996.
U384	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U384	All others	July 8, 1996.
U385	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U385	All others	July 8, 1996.
U386	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U386	All others	July 8, 1996.
U387	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U387	All others	July 8, 1996.
U389	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U389	All others	July 8, 1996.
U390	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U390	All others	July 8, 1996.
U391	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U391	All others	July 8, 1996.
U392	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U392	All others	July 8, 1996.
U393	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U393	All others	July 8, 1996.
U394	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U394	All others	July 8, 1996.
U395	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U395	All others	July 8, 1996.
U396	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U396	All others	July 8, 1996.
U400	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U400	All others	July 8, 1996.
U401	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U401	All others	July 8, 1996.
U402	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U402	All others	July 8, 1996.
U403	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U403	All others	July 8, 1996.
U404	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U404	All others	July 8, 1996.
U407	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U407	All others	July 8, 1996.
U409	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U409	All others	July 8, 1996.
U410	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U410	All others	July 8, 1996.
U411	Mixed with radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
U411	All others	July 8, 1996.
	nclude mixed radioactive wastes (from the First, Second, a	

Table 1.—Effective Dates of Surface Disposed Wastes (Non-Soil and Debris) Regulated in the LDRs^a—Comprehensive List

^aThis table does not include mixed radioactive wastes (from the First, Second, and Third Third rules) which received national capacity variance until May 8, 1992. This table also does not include contaminated soil and debris wastes.

^bThe standard was revised in the Third Third Final Rule (55 FR 22520, June 1, 1990).

^cThe standard was revised in the Third Third Emergency Rule (58 FR 29860, May 24, 1993); the original effective date was August 8, 1990.

^dThe standard was revised in the Phase II Final Rule (59 FR 47982, Sept. 19, 1994); the original effective date was August 8, 1990.

eThe standards for selected reactive wastes was revised in the Phase III Final Rule (61 FR 15566, Apr. 8, 1996); the original effective date was August 8, 1990.

Table 2. - Summary of Effective Dates of Land Disposal Restrictions for Contamination Soil and Debris (CSD)

Effective date

Restricted hazardous waste in CSD

Solvent-(F001-F005) and dioxin-(F020-5023 and F026-F028) containing soil and Nov. 8, 1990. debris from CERCLA response of RCRA corrective actions.

Soil and debris not from CERCLA response or RCRA corrective actions

- 2. contaminated with less than 1% total solvents (F001-F005) or dioxins (F020-F023 Nov. 8, 1988. and F026-F028).
- Soil and debris contaminated with California list HOC's from CERCLA response or Nov. 8, 1990. 3. RCRA corrective actions.
- Soil and debris contaminated with California list HOC's not from CERCLA response 4. July 8, 1989. or RCRA corrective actions.
- 5. All soil and debris contaminated with First Third wastes for which treatment Aug. 8, 1990. standards are based on incineration.
- All soil and debris contaminated with Second Third wastes for which treatment June 8, 1991. standards are based on incineration. All soil and debris contaminated with Third Third wastes or, First or Second Third

"soft hammer" wastes which had treatment standards promulgated in the Third Third rule, for which treatment standards are based on incineration, vitrification, or

7. mercury retorting, acid leaching followed by chemical precipitation, or thermal May 8, 1992. recovery of metals, as well as all inorganic solids debris contaminated with D004-D011 wastes, and all soil and debris contaminated with mixed RCRA/radioactive wastes.

Note: 1. Appendix VII is provided for the convenience of the reader.

2. Contaminated Soil and Debris Rule will be promulgated in the future.

Appendix VIII. National Capacity LDR Variance for UIC Wastes

National Capacity LDR Variances for UIC Wastes ^A			
Waste code	Waste category	Effective date	
F001-F005	All spent F001-F005 solvent containing less		
	than 1 percent total F001-F005 solvent	Aug. 8, 1990.	
	constituents.		
D001 (except High TOC Ignitable	All	Feb. 10, 1994.	
Liquids Subcategory).		Feb. 10, 1994.	
D001 (High TOC Ignitable	Nonwastewater	Sept. 19, 1995.	
Characteristic Liquids Subcategory).			

Waste code	al Capacity LDR Variances for UIC Wastes ^A Waste category	Effective date
D002 ^B	All	May 8, 1992.
D002 ^B	All	Feb. 10, 1994.
D002 (cyanides)	All	May 8, 1992.
D003 (sulfides)	All	May 8, 1992.
D003 (explosives, reactives)	All	May 8, 1992.
D005 (explosives, leaetives)	All	May 8, 1992.
D009	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992.
D009	All	Sept. 19, 1995.
D012 D013	All	Sept. 19, 1995.
D015	All	Sept. 19, 1995.
D015	All	Sept. 19, 1995.
D015	All	Sept. 19, 1995.
D010 D017	All	Sept. 19, 1995.
D017 D018	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes.	Apr. 8, 1998.
D018 D019	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes.	Apr. 8, 1998.
D019 D020	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes.	Apr. 8, 1998.
D020	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes.	Apr. 8, 1998.
D022	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes.	Apr. 8, 1998.
D022	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D023	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D025	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D025	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D020	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D028 D029	All, including mixed radioactive wastes All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
		Apr. 8, 1998.
D030	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D031	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D032	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D033	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D034	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D035	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D036	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D037	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D038	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D039	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D040	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D041	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D042	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
D043	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	Apr. 8, 1998.
F007	All	June 8, 1991.
F032	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999.
F034	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	May 12,1999.
F035	All, including mixed radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999.
F037	All	Nov. 8, 1992.
F038	All	Nov. 8, 1992.
F039	Wastewater	May 8, 1992.

Waste code	onal Capacity LDR Variances for UIC Wastes ^A Waste category	Effective date
K009	Wastewater	June 8, 1991.
K011	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1991.
K011	Wastewater	May 8, 1992.
K013	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1991.
K013	Wastewater	May 8, 1992.
K014	All	May 8, 1992.
K016 (dilute)	All	June 8, 1991.
K049	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K050	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K051	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K052	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K062	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K071	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K088	All	Jan. 8, 1997.
K104	All	Aug. 8, 1990.
K107	All	Nov. 8, 1992.
K108	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K109	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K110	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K111	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K112	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K117	All	June 30, 1995.
K118	All	June 30, 1995.
K123	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K124	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K125	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K126	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K120	All	June 30, 1995.
K132	All	June 30, 1995.
K136	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
K141	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K142	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K143	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K144	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K145	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K147	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K148	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K149	All	Dec. 19, 1994.
K149 K150		Dec. 19, 1994.
K150 K151	All All	Dec. 19, 1994. Dec. 19, 1994.
K151 K156	All	July 8, 1996.
K157	All All	July 8, 1996.
K158		July 8, 1996.
K159	All	July 8, 1996.
K160	All	July 8, 1996.
K161	All	July 8, 1996.

	National Capacity LDR Varia	
Waste c		Waste category Effective date
P127	All	July 8, 1996.
P128	All	July 8, 1996.
P185	All	July 8, 1996.
P188	All	July 8, 1996.
P189	All	July 8, 1996.
P190	All	July 8, 1996.
P191	All	July 8, 1996.
P192	All	July 8, 1996.
P194	All	July 8, 1996.
P196	All	July 8, 1996.
P197	All	July 8, 1996.
P198	All	July 8, 1996.
P199	All	July 8, 1996.
P201	All	July 8, 1996.
P202	All	July 8, 1996.
P203	All	July 8, 1996.
P204	All	July 8, 1996.
P205	All	July 8, 1996.
U271	All	July 8, 1996.
U277	All	July 8, 1996.
U278	All	July 8, 1996.
U279	All	July 8, 1996.
U280	All	July 8, 1996.
U328	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
U353	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
U359	All	Nov. 9, 1992.
U364	All	July 8, 1996.
U365	All	July 8, 1996.
U366	All	July 8, 1996.
U367	All	July 8, 1996.
U372	All	July 8, 1996.
U373	All	July 8, 1996.
U375	All	July 8, 1996.
U376	All	July 8, 1996.
U377	All	July 8, 1996.
U378	All	July 8, 1996.
U379	All	July 8, 1996.
U381	All	July 8, 1996.
U382	All	July 8, 1996.
U383	All	July 8, 1996.
U384	All	July 8, 1996.
U385	All	July 8, 1996.
U386	All	July 8, 1996.
U387	All	July 8, 1996.
U389	All	July 8, 1996.
U390	All	July 8, 1996.
$\frac{0.390}{1458 \mid \text{Pagulation 61}}$		July 0, 1990.

	National Capacity LD	R Variances for UIC Wastes ^A	
	Waste code	Waste category	Effective date
U391	All		July 8, 1996.
U392	All		July 8, 1996.
U395	All		July 8, 1996.
U396	All		July 8, 1996.
U400	All		July 8, 1996.
U401	All		July 8, 1996.
U402	All		July 8, 1996.
U403	All		July 8, 1996.
U404	All		July 8, 1996.
U407	All		July 8, 1996.
U409	All		July 8, 1996.
U410	All		July 8, 1996.
U411	All		July 8, 1996.

^AWastes that are deep well disposed on-site receive a six-month variance, with restrictions effective in November 1990.

^BDeepwell injected D002 liquids with a pH less than 2 must meet the Carolina List treatment standards on August 8, 1990.

Note: This table is provided for the convenience of the reader.

Appendix XI. Metal Bearing Wastes Prohibited From Dilution in a Combustion Unit According to $268.3(c)^{-1}$

Waste code	Waste description
D004	Toxicity Characteristic for Arsenic.
D005	Toxicity Characteristic for Barium.
D006	Toxicity Characteristic for Cadmium.
D007	Toxicity Characteristic for Chromium.
D008	Toxicity Characteristic for Lead.
D009	Toxicity Characteristic for Mercury.
D010	Toxicity Characteristic for Selenium.
D011	Toxicity Characteristic for Silver.
F006	Wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating operations except from the following processes: (1) sulfuric acid anodizing of aluminum; (2) tin plating carbon steel; (3) zinc plating (segregated basis) on carbon steel; (4) aluminum or zinc-plating on carbon steel; (5) cleaning/stripping associated with tin, zinc and aluminum plating on carbon steel; and
F007	(6) chemical etching and milling of aluminum.Spent cyanide plating bath solutions from electroplating operations.
F008	Plating bath residues from the bottom of plating baths from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
F009	Spent stripping and cleaning bath solutions from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
F010	Quenching bath residues from oil baths from metal treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
F011	Spent cyanide solutions from salt bath pot cleaning from metal heat treating operations.
F012	Quenching waste water treatment sludges from metal heat treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.

Waste code	Waste description
	Wastewater treatment sludges from the chemical conversion coating of aluminum except
F019	from zirconium phosphating in aluminum car washing when such phosphating is an
	exclusive conversion coating process.
K002	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome yellow and orange pigments.
K003	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of molybdate orange pigments.
K004	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of zinc yellow pigments.
K005	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome green pigments.
K006	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome oxide green pigments (anhydrous and hydrated).
K007	Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of iron blue pigments.
K008	Oven residue from the production of chrome oxide green pigments.
K061	Emission control dust/sludge from the primary production of steel in electric furnaces.
K069	Emission control dust/sludge from secondary lead smelting.
K071	Brine purification muds from the mercury cell processes in chlorine production, where
	separately prepurified brine is not used.
K100	Waste leaching solution from acid leaching of emission control dust/sludge from secondary lead smelting.
K106	Sludges from the mercury cell processes for making chlorine.
P010	Arsenic acid H ₃ AsO ₄
P011	Arsenic oxide As_2O_5
P012	Arsenic trioxide
P013	Barium cyanide
P015	Beryllium
P029	Copper cyanide Cu(CN)
P074	Nickel cyanide Ni(CN) ₂
P087	Osmium tetroxide
P099	Potassium silver cyanide
P104	Silver cyanide
P113	Thallic oxide
P114	Thallium (I) selenite
P115	Thallium (I) sulfate
P119	Ammonium vanadate
P120	Vanadium oxide V ₂ O ₅
P121	Zinc cyanide.
U032	Calcium chromate.
U145	Lead phosphate.
U151	Mercury.
U204	Selenious acid.
U205	Selenium disulfide.
U216	Thallium (I) chloride.
U217	Thallium (I) nitrate.

¹A combustion unit is defined as any thermal technology subject to part 264, subpart O; Part 265, subpart O; and/or 266, subpart H.